



## Red Hat Decision Manager 7.1

# Integrating Red Hat Decision Manager with Red Hat Single Sign-On



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## Abstract

This document describes how to integrate Red Hat Single Sign-On with Red Hat Decision Manager to provide a single secure authentication method.

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## PREFACE

As a system administrator, you can integrate Red Hat Single Sign-On with Red Hat Decision Manager to secure your Red Hat Decision Manager browser applications with a single authentication method.

### **Prerequisite**

Red Hat Decision Manager is installed on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1. For information, see [Installing and configuring Red Hat Decision Manager on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1](#).

## CHAPTER 1. INTEGRATION OPTIONS

Red Hat Single Sign-On (RH-SSO) is a single sign-on solution that you can use to secure your browser applications with your REST web services and Git access.

When you integrate Red Hat Decision Manager with RH-SSO, you create an SSO and identity management (IDM) environment for Red Hat Decision Manager. The session management feature of RH-SSO enables you to use a single authentication for different Red Hat Decision Manager environments on the internet.

The following chapters describe how you can integrate RH-SSO with Red Hat Decision Manager:

- **Chapter 4, *Authenticating Decision Central through RH-SSO***  
To authenticate Red Hat Decision Manager through an RH-SSO server, you must secure both the Red Hat Decision Manager web client (Decision Central) and remote services through RH-SSO. This integration enables you to connect to Red Hat Decision Manager through RH-SSO using either Decision Central or a remote service consumer.
- **Chapter 5, *Authenticating Decision Server through RH-SSO***  
To authenticate Decision Server through an RH-SSO server, you must secure the remote services provided by Decision Server. Doing this enables any remote Red Hat Decision Manager service consumer (user or a service) to authenticate through RH-SSO. Note that Decision Server does not have a web interface.
- **Chapter 6, *Authenticating third-party clients through RH-SSO***  
If Decision Central or Decision Server are using RH-SSO, third-party clients must authenticate themselves using RH-SSO. After authentication, they can consume the remote service endpoints provided by Decision Central and Decision Server, such as the REST API or remote file system services.

For more information about RH-SSO, see the [Red Hat Single Sign-On Getting Started Guide](#) .



## CHAPTER 2. INSTALLING AND CONFIGURING RH-SSO

A realm is a security policy domain defined for a web or application server. Security realms are used to restrict access for different application resources. You should create a new realm whether your RH-SSO instance is private or shared with other products. You can keep the master realm as a place for super administrators to create and manage the realms in your system. If you are integrating with an RH-SSO instance that is shared with other product installations to achieve single sign-on with those applications, all of those applications must use the same realm. To create an RH-SSO realm, download, install, and configure RH-SSO 7.2.



### NOTE

If Decision Central and Decision Server are installed on different servers, complete this procedure on both servers.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the [Software Downloads](#) page in the Red Hat Customer Portal (login required), and select the product and version from the drop-down options:
  - **Product:** Red Hat Single Sign-On
  - **Version:** 7.2
2. Download **Red Hat Single Sign-on 7.2.0 Server(rh-ssso-7.2.0.zip)**.
3. To install and configure a basic RH-SSO standalone server, follow the instructions in the "Installing and Booting" chapter of the [Red Hat Single Sign On Getting Started Guide](#) . For advanced settings for production environments, see the [Red Hat Single Sign On Server Administration Guide](#).



### NOTE

If you want to run both RH-SSO and Red Hat Decision Manager servers on the same system, ensure that you avoid port conflicts. by doing one of the following:

- Update the ***RHSSO\_HOME/standalone/configuration/standalone.xml*** file and set a port offset to 100. For example:

```
<socket-binding-group name="standard-sockets" default-interface="public" port-offset="${jboss.socket.binding.port-offset:100}">
```

- Use an environment variable to run the server:

```
bin/standalone.sh -Djboss.socket.binding.port-offset=100
```

## CHAPTER 3. ADDING RED HAT DECISION MANAGER USERS

Before you can use RH-SSO to authenticate Decision Central or Decision Server, you must add users to the realm that you created. To add new users and assign them a role to access Red Hat Decision Manager, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to the RH-SSO Admin Console and open the realm to which you want to add a user.
2. Click the **Users** menu item under the **Manage** section.  
An empty user list appears on the **Users** page.
3. Click the **Add User** button on the empty user list to start creating your new user.  
The **Add User** page opens.
4. Provide user information on the **Add User** page and click **Save**.
5. Select the **Credentials** tab and create a password.
6. Assign the new user one of the roles that allow access to Red Hat Decision Manager. For example, assign the **admin** role to access Decision Central or assign the **kie-server** role to access Decision Server.
7. Define the roles as realm roles in the **Realm Roles** tab under the **Roles** section.
8. Click the **Role Mappings** tab on the **Users** page to assign roles.

## CHAPTER 4. AUTHENTICATING DECISION CENTRAL THROUGH RH-SSO

This chapter describes how to authenticate Decision Central through RH-SSO. It includes the following sections:

- [Section 4.1, "Creating the Decision Central client for RH-SSO"](#)
- [Section 4.2, "Installing the RH-SSO client adapter for Decision Central"](#)
- [Section 4.3, "Securing Decision Central remote service using RH-SSO"](#)
- [Section 4.4, "Securing Decision Central file system services using RH-SSO"](#)
- [Section 4.5, "Enabling user and group management for RH-SSO"](#)

### Prerequisites

- Decision Central is installed in a Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1 server, as described in [Installing and configuring Red Hat Decision Manager on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1](#).
- RH-SSO is installed as described in [Chapter 2, Installing and configuring RH-SSO](#).
- Decision Central users have been added to RH-SSO as described in [Chapter 3, Adding Red Hat Decision Manager users](#).

## 4.1. CREATING THE DECISION CENTRAL CLIENT FOR RH-SSO

After the RH-SSO server starts, open **<http://localhost:8180/auth/admin>** in a web browser and log in using the admin credentials that you created while installing RH-SSO. When you login for the first time, you can set up the initial user on the new user registration form.

1. In the RH-SSO Admin Console, click the **Realm Settings** menu item.
2. On the **Realm Settings** page, click **Add Realm**.  
The **Add realm** page opens.
3. On the **Add realm** page, provide a name for the realm and click **Create**.
4. Click the **Clients** menu item and click **Create**.  
The **Add Client** page opens.
5. On the **Add Client** page, provide the required information to create a new client for your realm. For example:
  - **Client ID:** kie
  - **Client protocol:** openid-connect
  - **Root URL:** **<http://localhost:8080/decision-central>**
6. Click **Save** to save your changes.  
After you create a new client, its **Access Type** is set to **public** by default. Change it to **confidential**.

The RH-SSO server is now configured with a realm with a client for Decision Central applications and running and listening for HTTP connections at **localhost:8180**. This realm provides different users, roles, and sessions for Decision Central applications.

## 4.2. INSTALLING THE RH-SSO CLIENT ADAPTER FOR DECISION CENTRAL

After you install RH-SSO, you must install the RH-SSO client adapter for Red Hat JBoss EAP and configure it for Decision Central.

### Prerequisites

- Decision Central is installed in a Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1 instance, as described in as described in [Installing and configuring Red Hat Decision Manager on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1](#) .
- RH-SSO is installed as described in [Chapter 2, Installing and configuring RH-SSO](#) .
- A user with the **admin** role has been added to RH-SSO as described in [Chapter 3, Adding Red Hat Decision Manager users](#).

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the [Software Downloads](#) page in the Red Hat Customer Portal (login required), and select the product and version from the drop-down options:
  - **Product:** Red Hat Single Sign-On
  - **Version:** 7.2
2. Download **Red Hat Single Sign-on 7.2.0 Client Adapter for JBoss EAP 7** (**rh-ss0-7.2.0-eap7-adapter.zip**).
3. Unzip and install **rh-ss0-7.2.0-eap7-adapter.zip**. For installation instructions, see the "JBoss EAP Adapter" section of the [Red Hat Single Sign On Securing Applications and Services Guide](#) .
4. Go to **EAP\_HOME/standalone/configuration** and open the **standalone.xml** and **standalone-full.xml** files.
5. Delete the **<single-sign-on/>** element from both of the files.
6. Navigate to the **EAP\_HOME/standalone/configuration** directory in your Red Hat JBoss EAP installation and edit the **standalone.xml** and **standalone-full.xml** files to add the RH-SSO subsystem configuration. For example:

```
<subsystem xmlns="urn:jboss:domain:keycloak:1.1">
  <secure-deployment name="decision-central.war">
    <realm>demo</realm>
    <realm-public-
key>MIGfMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCrVrCuTtArbgaZzL1hvh0xtL5mc
7o0NqPVnYXkLvgcwiC3BjLGw1tGEGoJaXDUSaRillobm53JBhJx33UNv+5z/UMG4kytBWxheNV
KnL6GgqINabMaFiPLPCF8kAgKnsi79NMo+n6KnSY8YeUmec/p2vjO2NjsSAVcWEQMvhJ31L
wIDAQAB</realm-public-key>
    <auth-server-url>http://localhost:8180/auth</auth-server-url>
    <ssl-required>external</ssl-required>
    <enable-basic-auth>true</enable-basic-auth>
    <resource>kie</resource>
```

```

<credential name="secret">759514d0-dbb1-46ba-b7e7-ff76e63c6891</credential>
<principal-attribute>preferred_username</principal-attribute>
</secure-deployment>
</subsystem>

```

In this example:

- **secure-deployment name** is the name of your application's WAR file.
- **realm** is the name of the realm that you created for the applications to use.
- **realm-public-key** is the public key of the realm you created. You can find the key in the **Keys** tab in the **Realm settings** page of the realm you created in the RH-SSO Admin Console. If you do not provide a value for **realm-public-key**, the server retrieves it automatically.
- **auth-server-url** is the URL for the RH-SSO authentication server.
- **enable-basic-auth** is the setting to enable basic authentication mechanism, so that the clients can use both token-based and basic authentication approaches to perform the requests.
- **resource** is the name for the client that you created.
- **credential name** is the secret key for the client you created. You can find the key in the **Credentials** tab on the **Clients** page of the RH-SSO Admin Console.
- **principal-attribute** is the login name of the user. If you do not provide this value, your User Id is displayed in the application instead of your user name.



#### NOTE

The RH-SSO server converts the user names to lower case. Therefore, after integration with RH-SSO, your user name will appear in lower case in Red Hat Decision Manager. If you have user names in upper case hard coded in business processes, the application might not be able to identify the upper case user.

7. Navigate to **EAP\_HOME/bin/** and enter the following command to start the Red Hat JBoss EAP server:

```
./standalone.sh -c standalone-full.xml
```



#### NOTE

You can also configure the RH-SSO adapter for Decision Central by updating your application's WAR file to use the RH-SSO security subsystem. However, Red Hat recommends that you configure the adapter through the RH-SSO subsystem. Doing this updates the Red Hat JBoss EAP configuration instead of applying the configuration on each WAR file.

## 4.3. SECURING DECISION CENTRAL REMOTE SERVICE USING RH-SSO

Decision Central provides different remote service endpoints that can be consumed by third-party clients using a remote API. To authenticate those services through RH-SSO, you must disable the **BasicAuthSecurityFilter** parameter.

### Procedure

1. Open the Decision Central application deployment descriptor file (**WEB-INF/web.xml**) and apply the following changes to it:
  - Remove the following lines to remove the servlet filter and its mapping for class **org.uberfire.ext.security.server.BasicAuthSecurityFilter**:

```
<filter>
  <filter-name>HTTP Basic Auth Filter</filter-name>
  <filter-class>org.uberfire.ext.security.server.BasicAuthSecurityFilter</filter-class>
  <init-param>
    <param-name>realmName</param-name>
    <param-value>KIE Workbench Realm</param-value>
  </init-param>
</filter>

<filter-mapping>
  <filter-name>HTTP Basic Auth Filter</filter-name>
  <url-pattern>/rest/*</url-pattern>
  <url-pattern>/maven2/*</url-pattern>
  <url-pattern>/ws/*</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>
```

- Add the following lines to add the **security-constraint** parameter for the url-patterns that you have removed from the filter mapping:

```
<security-constraint>
  <web-resource-collection>
    <web-resource-name>remote-services</web-resource-name>
    <url-pattern>/rest/*</url-pattern>
    <url-pattern>/maven2/*</url-pattern>
    <url-pattern>/ws/*</url-pattern>
  </web-resource-collection>
  <auth-constraint>
    <role-name>rest-all</role-name>
  </auth-constraint>
</security-constraint>
```

2. Save your changes.

## 4.4. SECURING DECISION CENTRAL FILE SYSTEM SERVICES USING RH-SSO

To consume other remote services such as file systems (for example, a remote GIT service), you must specify the correct RH-SSO login module.






### Procedure


1. Generate a JSON configuration file:


- a. Navigate to the **RH-SSO Admin Console** located at <http://localhost:8180/auth/admin>.
- b. Click **Clients**.
- c. Create a new client with the following settings:
  - Set **Client ID** as **kie-git**.
  - Set **Access Type** as **confidential**.
  - Disable the **Standard Flow Enabled** option.
  - Enable the **Direct Access Grants Enabled** option.


[Clients](#) > kie-git


Kie-git 


Settings Credentials Roles Mappers  Scope  Revocation Sessions  Offline Access  Clustering Installation 


Client ID  kie-git


Name 


Description 


Enabled   ON  OFF


Consent Required   OFF  ON


Client Protocol  openid-connect


Client Template 


Access Type  confidential


Standard Flow Enabled   OFF  ON

Direct Access Grants Enabled   ON  OFF

Service Accounts Enabled   OFF  ON

Root URL 

Base URL 

Admin URL 

- d. Click **Save**.
  - e. Click the **Installation** tab at the top of the client configuration screen and choose **Keycloak OIDC JSON** as a **Format Option**.
  - f. Click **Download**.
2. Move the downloaded JSON file to an accessible directory in the server's file system or add it to the application class path.
  3. Specify the correct RH-SSO login module in the **EAP\_HOME/standalone/configuration/standalone.xml** and **standalone-full.xml** files. By default, the security domain in Red Hat Decision Manager is set to **other**. Replace the default values of the **login-module** in this security domain with the values in the following example:

```
<security-domain name="other" cache-type="default">
  <authentication>
    <login-module code="org.keycloak.adapters.jaas.DirectAccessGrantsLoginModule"
      flag="required">
```

```

<module-option name="keycloak-config-file" value="$EAP_HOME/kie-git.json"/>
</login-module>
</authentication>
</security-domain>

```

- The JSON file specified in the **module-option** element contains a client used for securing the remote services. Replace the **\$EAP\_HOME/kie-git.json** value of the **module-option** element with the absolute path or the class path (**classpath:/EXAMPLE\_PATH/kie-git.json**) to this JSON configuration file.

At this point, all users authenticated through the RH-SSO server can clone internal GIT repositories. In the following command, change **USER\_NAME** to a RH-SSO user, for example **admin**:

```
git clone ssh://USER_NAME@localhost:8001/system
```

## 4.5. ENABLING USER AND GROUP MANAGEMENT FOR RH-SSO

This section describes how you can configure Decision Central to manage users and groups stored in RH-SSO.

### Procedure

- Ensure that the following libraries are in the **WEB-INF/lib** directory:

```

uberfire-security-management-api-<latest_artifact_version>.jar
uberfire-security-management-backend-<latest_artifact_version>.jar
uberfire-security-management-keycloak-<latest_artifact_version>.jar
keycloak-core-<latest_artifact_version>.jar
keycloak-common-<latest_artifact_version>.jar

```

- Remove third-party security JAR files, for example:

```

uberfire-security-management-wildfly-<latest_artifact_version>.jar
uberfire-security-management-tomcat-<latest_artifact_version>.jar

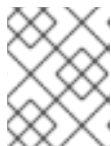
```

- Replace the entire contents of the **WEB-INF/classes/security-management.properties** file with the following content:

```

org.uberfire.ext.security.management.api.userManagementServices=KCCredentialsUserManagementService
org.uberfire.ext.security.management.keycloak.authServer=http://localhost:8180/auth
org.uberfire.ext.security.management.keycloak.realm=demo
org.uberfire.ext.security.management.keycloak.user=admin
org.uberfire.ext.security.management.keycloak.password=admin
org.uberfire.ext.security.management.keycloak.clientId=kie
org.uberfire.ext.security.management.keycloak.clientSecret=759514d0-dbb1-46ba-b7e7-ff76e63c6891

```



### NOTE

If the **WEB-INF/classes/security-management.properties** file does not exist, create it.



4. Edit the following dependencies and exclusions in the **/META-INF/jboss-deployment-structure.xml** file:

```
<dependencies>  
  <module name="org.jboss.resteasy.resteasy-jackson-provider" services="import"/>  
</dependencies>  
<exclusions>  
  <module name="org.jboss.resteasy.resteasy-jackson2-provider"/>  
</exclusions>
```

## CHAPTER 5. AUTHENTICATING DECISION SERVER THROUGH RH-SSO

Decision Server provides a REST API for third-party clients. If you integrate Decision Server with RH-SSO, you can delegate third-party client identity management to the RH-SSO server.

After you have created a realm client for Red Hat Decision Manager and set up the RH-SSO client adapter for Red Hat JBoss EAP, you can set up RH-SSO authentication for Decision Server.

### Prerequisites

- RH-SSO is installed as described in [Chapter 2, Installing and configuring RH-SSO](#).
- At least one user with the **kie-server** role has been added to RH-SSO as described in [Chapter 3, Adding Red Hat Decision Manager users](#).
- Decision Server is installed in a Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1 instance, as described in [Installing and configuring Red Hat Decision Manager on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1](#).

This chapter contains the following sections:

- [Section 5.1, "Creating the Decision Server client on RH-SSO"](#)
- [Section 5.2, "Installing and configuring Decision Server with the client adapter"](#)
- [Section 5.3, "Decision Server token-based authentication"](#)

### 5.1. CREATING THE DECISION SERVER CLIENT ON RH-SSO

Use the RH-SSO Admin Console to create a Decision Server client in an existing realm.

#### Prerequisites

- Decision Server is installed in a Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1 server, as described in [Installing and configuring Red Hat Decision Manager on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1](#).
- RH-SSO is installed as described in [Chapter 2, Installing and configuring RH-SSO](#).
- At least one user with the **kie-server** role has been added to RH-SSO as described in [Chapter 3, Adding Red Hat Decision Manager users](#).

#### Procedure

1. In the RH-SSO Admin Console, open the security realm that you created in [Chapter 2, Installing and configuring RH-SSO](#).
2. Click **Clients** and click **Create**.  
The **Add Client** page opens.
3. On the **Add Client** page, provide the required information to create a Decision Server client for your realm, then click **Save**. For example:
  - **Client ID:** kie-execution-server
  - **Root URL:** http://localhost:8080/kie-server

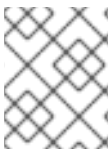
- **Client protocol:** openid-connect
4. The new client **Access Type** is set to **public** by default. Change it to **confidential** and click **Save** again.
  5. Navigate to the **Credentials** tab and copy the secret key. The secret key is required to configure the **kie-execution-server** client.

## 5.2. INSTALLING AND CONFIGURING DECISION SERVER WITH THE CLIENT ADAPTER

After you install RH-SSO, you must install the RH-SSO client adapter for Red Hat JBoss EAP and configure it for Decision Server.

### Prerequisites

- Decision Server is installed in a Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1 server, as described in [Installing and configuring Red Hat Decision Manager on Red Hat JBoss EAP 7.1](#).
- RH-SSO is installed as described in [Chapter 2, Installing and configuring RH-SSO](#).
- At least one user with the **kie-server** role has been added to RH-SSO as described in [Chapter 3, Adding Red Hat Decision Manager users](#).



### NOTE

If you deployed Decision Server to a different application server than Decision Central, install and configure RH-SSO on your second server as well.

### Procedure

1. Navigate to the [Software Downloads](#) page in the Red Hat Customer Portal (login required), and select the product and version from the drop-down options:
  - **Product:** Red Hat Single Sign-On
  - **Version:** 7.2
2. Download **Red Hat Single Sign-on 7.2.0 Client Adapter for JBoss EAP 7 (rh-sso-7.2.0-eap7-adapter.zip)**.
3. Unzip and install **rh-sso-7.2.0-eap7-adapter.zip**. For installation instructions, see the "JBoss EAP Adapter" section of the [Red Hat Single Sign On Securing Applications and Services Guide](#).
4. Go to **EAP\_HOME/standalone/configuration** and open the **standalone.xml** and **standalone-full.xml** files.
5. Delete the **<single-sign-on/>** element from both of the files.
6. Navigate to **EAP\_HOME/standalone/configuration** directory in your Red Hat JBoss EAP installation and edit the **standalone.xml** file to add the RH-SSO subsystem configuration. For example:

- Navigate to **EAP\_HOME/standalone/configuration** in your Red Hat JBoss EAP installation and edit the **standalone.xml** and **standalone-full.xml** files to add the RH-SSO subsystem configuration. For example:

```
<subsystem xmlns="urn:jboss:domain:keycloak:1.1">
  <secure-deployment name="kie-execution-server.war">
    <realm>demo</realm>
    <realm-public-
key>MIGfMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQCrVrCuTtArbgaZzL1hvh0xtL5mc
7o0NqPVnYXkLVgcwiC3BjLGw1tGEGoJaXDuSaRllobm53JBhjx33UNv+5z/UMG4kytBWxheNV
KnL6GgqINabMaFfPLPCF8kAgKnsi79NMo+n6KnSY8YeUmec/p2vjO2NjsSAVcWEQMVhJ31L
wIDAQAB</realm-public-key>
    <auth-server-url>http://localhost:8180/auth</auth-server-url>
    <ssl-required>external</ssl-required>
    <resource>kie-execution-server</resource>
    <enable-basic-auth>true</enable-basic-auth>
    <credential name="secret">03c2b267-7f64-4647-8566-572be673f5fa</credential>
    <principal-attribute>preferred_username</principal-attribute>
  </secure-deployment>
</subsystem>

<system-properties>
  <property name="org.kie.server.sync.deploy" value="false"/>
</system-properties>
```

In this example:

- **secure-deployment name** is the name of your application WAR file.
  - **realm** is the name of the realm that you created for the applications to use.
  - **realm-public-key** is the public key of the realm you created. You can find the key in the **Keys** tab in the **Realm settings** page of the realm you created in the RH-SSO Admin Console. If you do not provide a value for this public key, the server retrieves it automatically.
  - **auth-server-url** is the URL for the RH-SSO authentication server.
  - **resource** is the name for the server client that you created.
  - **enable-basic-auth** is the setting to enable basic authentication mechanism, so that the clients can use both token-based and basic authentication approaches to perform the requests.
  - **credential name** is the secret key of the server client you created. You can find the key in the **Credentials** tab on the **Clients** page of the RH-SSO Admin Console.
  - **principal-attribute** is the login name of the user. If you do not provide this value, your User Id is displayed in the application instead of your user name.
- Save your configuration changes.
  - Use the following command to restart the Red Hat JBoss EAP server and run Decision Server.

```
EXEC_SERVER_HOME/bin/standalone.sh -Dorg.kie.server.id=<ID> -Dorg.kie.server.user=
<USER> -Dorg.kie.server.pwd=<PWD> -Dorg.kie.server.location=<LOCATION_URL> -
Dorg.kie.server.controller=<CONTROLLER_URL> -Dorg.kie.server.controller.user=
```

```
<CONTROLLER_USER> -Dorg.kie.server.controller.pwd=<CONTROLLER_PASSWORD>
```

For example:

```
EXEC_SERVER_HOME/bin/standalone.sh -Dorg.kie.server.id=kieserver1 -
Dorg.kie.server.user=kieserver -Dorg.kie.server.pwd=password -
Dorg.kie.server.location=http://localhost:8080/kie-execution-server/services/rest/server -
Dorg.kie.server.controller=http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller -
Dorg.kie.server.controller.user=kiecontroller -Dorg.kie.server.controller.pwd=password
```

10. When Decision Server is running, enter the following command to check the server status, where **<KIE\_SERVER\_USER>** is a user with the **kie-server** role and **<PASSWORD>** is the password for that user:

```
curl http://<KIE_SERVER_USER>:<PASSWORD>@localhost:8080/kie-execution-
server/services/rest/server/
```

### 5.3. DECISION SERVER TOKEN-BASED AUTHENTICATION

You can also use token-based authentication for communication between Red Hat Decision Manager and Decision Server. You can use the complete token as a system property of your application server, instead of the user name and password, for your applications. However, you must ensure that the token will not expire while the applications are interacting because the token is not automatically refreshed. To get the token, see [Section 6.2, "Token-based authentication"](#).

#### Procedure

1. To configure Decision Central to manage Decision Server using tokens:
  - a. Set the **org.kie.server.token** property.
  - b. Make sure that the **org.kie.server.user** and **org.kie.server.pwd** properties are not set. Red Hat Decision Manager will then use the **Authorization: Bearer \$TOKEN** authentication method.
2. To use the REST API using the token-based authentication:
  - a. Set the **org.kie.server.controller.token** property.
  - b. Make sure that the **org.kie.server.controller.user** and **org.kie.server.controller.pwd** properties are not set.



#### NOTE

Because Decision Server is unable to refresh the token, use a high-lifespan token. A token's lifespan must not exceed January 19 2038. Check with your security best practices to see whether this is a suitable solution for your environment.

## CHAPTER 6. AUTHENTICATING THIRD-PARTY CLIENTS THROUGH RH-SSO

To use the different remote services provided by Decision Central or by Decision Server, your client, such as curl, wget, web browser, or a custom REST client, must authenticate through the RH-SSO server and have a valid token to perform the requests. To use the remote services, the authenticated user must have the following roles:

- **rest-all** for using Decision Central remote services.
- **kie-server** for using the Decision Server remote services.

Use the RH-SSO Admin Console to create these roles and assign them to the users that will consume the remote services.

Your client can authenticate through RH-SSO using one of these options:

- Basic authentication, if it is supported by the client
- Token-based authentication

### 6.1. BASIC AUTHENTICATION

If you enabled basic authentication in the RH-SSO client adapter configuration for both Decision Central and Decision Server, you can avoid the token grant and refresh calls and call the services as shown in the following examples:

- For web based remote repositories endpoint:

```
curl http://admin:password@localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/repositories
```

- For Decision Server:

```
curl http://admin:password@localhost:8080/kie-execution-server/services/rest/server/
```

### 6.2. TOKEN-BASED AUTHENTICATION

If you want a more secure option of authentication, you can consume the remote services from both Decision Central and Decision Server using a granted token provided by RH-SSO.

#### Procedure

1. In the RH-SSO Admin Console, click the **Clients** menu item and click **Create** to create a new client.  
The **Add Client** page opens.
2. On the **Add Client** page, provide the required information to create a new client for your realm.  
For example:
  - **Client ID:** kie-remote
  - **Client protocol:** openid-connect
3. Click **Save** to save your changes.

4. Change the token settings in **Realm Settings**:
  - a. In the RH-SSO Admin Console, click the **Realm Settings** menu item.
  - b. Click the **Tokens** tab.
  - c. Change the value for **Access Token Lifespan** to **15** minutes.  
This gives you enough time to get a token and invoke the service before it expires.
  - d. Click **Save** to save your changes.
5. After a public client for your remote clients is created, you can now obtain the token by making an HTTP request to the RH-SSO server's token endpoint using:

```
RESULT=`curl --data "grant_type=password&client_id=kie-remote&username=admin&password=password" http://localhost:8180/auth/realms/demo/protocol/openid-connect/token`
```

The user in this command is a Decision Central RH-SSO user. For more information, see [Chapter 3, Adding Red Hat Decision Manager users](#).

6. To view the token obtained from the RH-SSO server, use the following command:

```
TOKEN=`echo $RESULT | sed 's/.*access_token:"//g' | sed 's/".*//g`
```

You can now use this token to authorize the remote calls. For example, if you want to check the internal Red Hat Decision Manager repositories, use the token as shown below:

```
curl -H "Authorization: bearer $TOKEN" http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/repositories
```

## APPENDIX A. VERSIONING INFORMATION

Documentation last updated on Friday, May 22, 2020.