



# Red Hat Developer Tools 1

## Using Eclipse 4.13.0

Installing Eclipse 4.13.0 and first steps with the application



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Installing Eclipse 4.13.0 and first steps with the application

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## Abstract

Information for users installing and starting to use Eclipse 4.13.0.

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## Table of Contents

<b>CHAPTER 1. ECLIPSE 4.13.0</b> .....	<b>3</b>
1.1. GETTING ACCESS TO ECLIPSE ON RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX 7	5
Enabling the Red Hat Developer Tools debuginfo Repositories	6
Additional Resources	6
1.2. INSTALLING ECLIPSE	6
1.3. USING ECLIPSE	7
1.3.1. Using the Red Hat Developer Toolset Toolchain	7
1.3.2. Using the Red Hat Enterprise Linux Toolchain	7
1.4. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES	8
<b>CHAPTER 2. CHANGES IN ECLIPSE 4.13.0</b> .....	<b>10</b>
<b>CHAPTER 3. KNOWN ISSUES IN ECLIPSE 4.13.0</b> .....	<b>12</b>
3.1. JAVA 13 SUPPORT PLUG-INS NOT WORKING	12
3.2. ECLIPSE HANGS ON STARTUP	12
3.3. RUNNING A WORKSPACE CREATED IN OLDER ECLIPSE VERSION CAUSES "INITIALIZING ECLIPSE ERROR REPORTING SYSTEM" ERROR	12
3.4. NULLPOINTEREXCEPTION WITH SOME PLUG-INS FROM THIRD-PARTY SOURCES	12
3.5. DEBUGINFO CONFLICTS	12
3.6. CONFLICT BETWEEN THE RHSCL RH-MAVEN33-SCLDEVEL AND RH-MAVEN35-SCLDEVEL PACKAGES	13
3.7. PYDEV USERS MAY EXPERIENCE ISSUES WITH THE PIP INTEGRATION	13
3.8. PYDEV SHORTCUT TO MANAGE PYTHON MODULES DOES NOT WORK	13
3.9. INCOMPATIBILITIES BETWEEN ECLIPSE SUBCLIPSE AND BASE RHEL SUBVERSION	13
3.10. TYCHO CONFLICTS	14

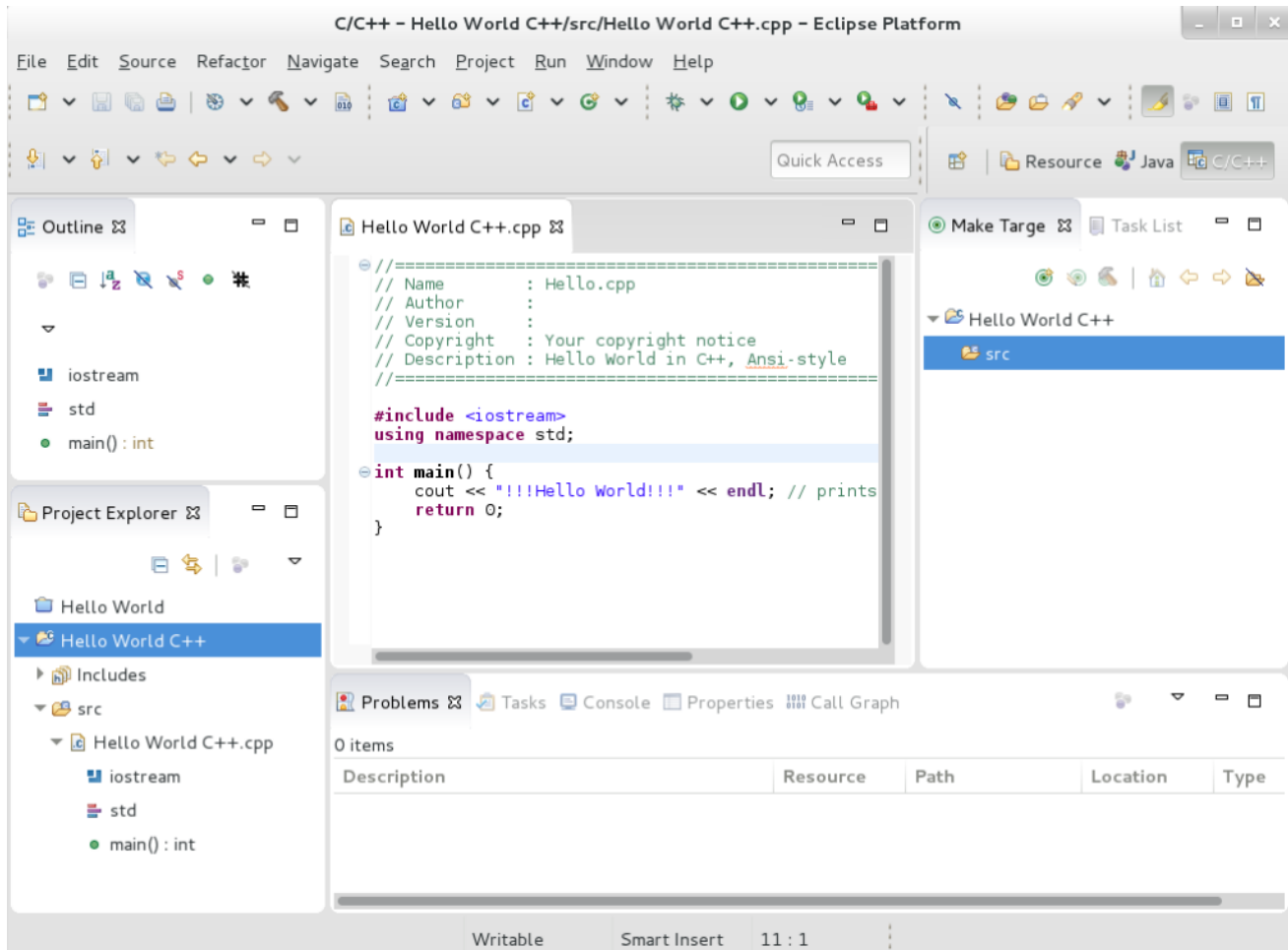


## CHAPTER 1. ECLIPSE 4.13.0

Red Hat Developer Tools, available for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7, includes Eclipse 4.13.0, which is based on the Eclipse Foundation’s 2019-09 release train.

**Eclipse** is a powerful development environment that provides tools for each phase of the development process. It integrates a variety of disparate tools into a unified environment to create a rich development experience, provides a fully configurable user interface, and features a pluggable architecture that allows for extension in a variety of ways. For instance, the **Valgrind** plug-in allows programmers to perform memory profiling, that is otherwise performed on the command line through the **Eclipse** user interface.

Figure 1.1. Sample Eclipse Session



**Eclipse** provides a graphical development environment alternative to traditional interaction with command-line tools, and it is a welcome alternative for developers who do not want to use the command-line interface. The traditional, mostly command-line-based Linux tools (such as **gcc** or **gdb**) and **Eclipse** offer two distinct approaches to programming.

For an overview on how to develop applications for Red Hat JBoss Middleware or for support for OpenShift Tools, see [Red Hat Developer Studio](#).

Table 1.1. Eclipse Components Included inrh-eclipse package collection:

Package	Description

Package	Description
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-cdt</b>	The C/C++ Development Tooling ( <b>CDT</b> ) that provides features and plug-ins for development in these two languages.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-changelog</b>	The ChangeLog plug-in that allows you to create and maintain changelog files.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-dtp</b>	Eclipse Data Tools Platform Project
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-egit</b>	EGit, a team provider for <b>Eclipse</b> that provides features and plug-ins for interaction with Git repositories.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-emf</b>	The <b>Eclipse</b> Modeling Framework ( <b>EMF</b> ) that allows you to build applications based on a structured data model.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-epp-logging</b>	The Eclipse error reporting tool.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-gcov</b>	The GCov plug-in that integrates the <b>GCov</b> test coverage program with <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-gef</b>	The Graphical Editing Framework ( <b>GEF</b> ) that allows you to create a rich graphical editor from an existing application model.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-gprof</b>	The Gprof plug-in that integrates the <b>Gprof</b> performance analysis utility with <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-jdt</b>	The <b>Eclipse</b> Java development tools ( <b>JDT</b> ) plug-in.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-jgit</b>	JGit, a Java implementation of the <b>Git</b> revision control system.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-manpage</b>	The Man Page plug-in that allows you to view manual pages in <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-mpc</b>	The <b>Eclipse</b> Marketplace Client.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-mylyn</b>	Mylyn, a task management system for <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-pde</b>	The Plugin Development Environment for developing <b>Eclipse</b> plugins.



Package	Description
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-perf</b>	The Perf plug-in that integrates the <b>perf</b> tool with <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-ptp</b>	A subset of the <a href="#">PTP project</a> that provides support for synchronized projects.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-pydev</b>	A full featured Python IDE for <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-remote</b>	The Remote Services plug-in that provides an extensible remote-services framework.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-rpm-editor</b>	The <b>Eclipse</b> Spec File Editor that allows you to maintain <b>RPM</b> spec files.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-systemtap</b>	The SystemTap plug-in that integrates <b>SystemTap</b> with <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-subclipse</b>	Subclipse, a team provider for Eclipse that provides features and plug-ins for interaction with Subversion repositories.
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-valgrind</b>	The Valgrind plug-in that integrates <b>Valgrind</b> with <b>Eclipse</b> .
<b>rh-eclipse-eclipse-webtools</b>	The <b>Eclipse</b> Webtools plug-ins.

## 1.1. GETTING ACCESS TO ECLIPSE ON RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX 7

Eclipse is an offering that is distributed as a part of the Red Hat Developer Tools content set, which is available to customers with deployments of Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7. In order to install Eclipse, enable the Red Hat Developer Tools and Red Hat Software Collections repositories by using the Red Hat Subscription Management.

1. Choose the system *variant*: **workstation** or **server** and modify the following commands:



### NOTE

We recommend developers to use Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server for access to the widest range of development tools.

2. Enable the **rhel-7-variant-devtools-rpms** repository:

```
# subscription-manager repos --enable rhel-7-variant-devtools-rpms
```

3. Enable the **rhel-variant-rhsc1-7-rpms** repository:

```
# subscription-manager repos --enable rhel-variant-rhsc1-7-rpms
```

4. Enable the **rhel-7-variant-optional-rpms** repository:

```
# subscription-manager repos --enable rhel-7-variant-optional-rpms
```

Repositories are enabled. You can install Red Hat Eclipse as described in [Section 1.2, “Installing Eclipse”](#).

## Enabling the Red Hat Developer Tools debuginfo Repositories



### NOTE

This step is optional.

Red Hat Developer Tools also provides the **debuginfo** packages for all architecture-dependent RPMs included in the repositories. These packages are useful for core-file analysis and for debugging of Eclipse itself.

1. Enable the Red Hat Developer Tools **debuginfo** repositories, replace *variant* with the Red Hat Enterprise Linux system variant (**server** or **workstation**):

```
# subscription-manager repos --enable rhel-7-variant-devtools-debug-rpms
# subscription-manager repos --enable rhel-variant-rhsc1-7-debug-rpms
```

For details about installing, understanding, and using the **debuginfo** packages, refer to [Debugging a Running Application](#).

## Additional Resources

- For more information on how to register your system using Red Hat Subscription Management and associate it with subscriptions, see the [Red Hat Subscription Management](#) collection of guides.
- For detailed instructions on subscription to Red Hat Software Collections, see the *Red Hat Developer Toolset User Guide*, [Section 1.4. Getting Access to Red Hat Developer Toolset](#) .

## 1.2. INSTALLING ECLIPSE

The **Eclipse** development environment is provided as a collection of **RPM** packages.

For a list of available components, see [Table 1.1, “Eclipse Components Included in rh-eclipse package collection:”](#).



### NOTE

Eclipse fully supports C, C++, and Java development, but does not provide support for the Fortran programming language.



### NOTE

The **rh-eclipse** collection requires the **rh-maven35** collection.

## Prerequisites

- Repositories enabled as per [Section 1.1, “Getting Access to Eclipse on Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7”](#).

### Procedure

1. To install Eclipse, run the following command as the **root** user:

```
# yum install rh-eclipse
```

## 1.3. USING ECLIPSE

To start Eclipse:

1. Click **Applications > Programming > Red Hat Eclipse**, or type the following at a shell prompt:

```
$ scl enable rh-eclipse eclipse
```

2. During its startup, **Eclipse** prompts you to select a *workspace* that is a directory in which you want to store your projects. You can either use `~/workspace/`, which is the default option, or click **Browse** to browse your file system and select a custom directory. Additionally, you can select the **Use this as the default and do not ask again** check box to prevent **Eclipse** from displaying this dialog box the next time you run this development environment.
3. Click **OK** to confirm the selection and proceed with the startup.

### 1.3.1. Using the Red Hat Developer Toolset Toolchain

To use Eclipse with support for the **GNU Compiler Collection** and **binutils** from Red Hat Developer Toolset:

1. Ensure that **devtoolset-9.0-toolchain** is installed and run the application as described in [Section 1.3, “Using Eclipse”](#). The **rh-eclipse** collection uses the Red Hat Developer Toolset toolchain by default.

For detailed instructions on how to install the **devtoolset-9.0-toolchain** package on your system, see the *Red Hat Developer Toolset User Guide* [Section 1.5. Installing Red Hat Developer Toolset](#).



#### IMPORTANT

Discard all previous build results for projects previously built with the Red Hat Enterprise Linux version of the **GNU Compiler Collection**. To do so, open the project in **Eclipse** and select **Project > Clean** from the menu.

### 1.3.2. Using the Red Hat Enterprise Linux Toolchain

To use Eclipse with support for the toolchain distributed with Red Hat Enterprise Linux, change the configuration of the project to use absolute paths to the Red Hat Enterprise Linux system versions of **gcc**, **g++**, and **as**.

To configure **Eclipse** to explicitly use the Red Hat Enterprise Linux system versions of the tools for the current project:

1. In the C/C++ perspective, click **Project > Properties** to open the project properties.

2. In the menu on the left-hand side of the dialog box, click **C/C++ Build > Settings**.
3. Click the **Tool Settings** tab.
4. If you are working on a C project:
  - a. Select **GCC C Compiler** or **Cross GCC Compiler** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/gcc
```
  - b. Select **GCC C Linker** or **Cross GCC Linker** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/gcc
```
  - c. Select **GCC Assembler** or **Cross GCC Assembler** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/as
```
5. If you are working on a C++ project:
  - a. Select **GCC C Compiler\*** or **\*Cross G Compiler** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/g++
```
  - b. Select **GCC C Compiler** or **Cross GCC Compiler** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/gcc
```
  - c. Select **GCC C Linker\*** or **\*Cross G Linker** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/g++
```
  - d. Select **GCC Assembler** or **Cross GCC Assembler** and change the value of the **Command** field to:  

```
/usr/bin/as
```
6. Click **OK** to save the configuration changes.

## 1.4. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

A detailed description of **Eclipse** and all its features is beyond the scope of this document. For more information, see the following resources.

### Installed Documentation

- **Eclipse** includes a built-in help system that provides extensive documentation for each integrated feature and tool.

**See Also**

- [Chapter 2, Changes in Eclipse 4.13.0](#) provides a list of selected features and improvements over the **Eclipse** development environment included in the previous release of Developer Tools.
- The [Red Hat Developer Toolset](#) chapter in the User Guide provides an overview of Red Hat Developer Toolset and more information on how to install it on your system.
- The [GNU Compiler Collection \(GCC\)](#) chapter in the User Guide provides information on how to compile programs written in C, C++, and Fortran on the command line.

## CHAPTER 2. CHANGES IN ECLIPSE 4.13.0

Red Hat Developer Tools is distributed with Eclipse 4.13.0 and plug-ins from the 2019-09 release train that provide a number of bug fixes and feature enhancements.

The following is an abridged list of new features and compatibility changes in this release.

For details on how to use the new features, see the built-in Eclipse documentation.

### Significant Package Updates

- **eclipse** 4.12.0 → 4.13.0 : Eclipse IDE and JDT/PDE plug-ins were updated to 4.13. The highlights include:
  - JUnit support has been updated to 5.5.1  
See <https://junit.org/junit5/docs/5.5.1/release-notes/> for details.
  - Quickfixes for Java editors (accessible by **Ctrl+1**).
  - New options are added to the Java formatter and an advanced new content assist mode added.
  - A new "Quick Search" dialog (accessible with **Ctrl+Alt+Shift+L**) with other UI and usability enhancements.
  - A new "Features" view is added to aid plug-in development.  
For details, see the upstream release notes at <https://www.eclipse.org/eclipse/news/4.13/>
- **eclipse-cdt** 9.8.0 → 9.9.0: The C/C++ Development Tooling was updated to 9.9.0 to add support for the C++17 feature structured binding declarations and various other usability improvements.  
For details, see the upstream release notes at <https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/tools.cdt/releases/9.9.0/bugs>
- **eclipse-linuxtools** 7.3.0 → 7.4.0: The Linuxtools plug-ins were updated to 7.4.0, adding support for GCC 9 when Red Hat Developer Toolset 9 is installed and also retires **OProfile** profiling support in favour of **Perf**.  
For details, see the upstream release notes at <https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/tools.linuxtools/releases/7.4.0/bugs>
- **eclipse-webtools** 3.14.0 → 3.15.0: The Web Tools Platform was updated to 3.15.0 to improve support for HTML 5 with enhanced content assist for web-related editors.  
For details, see the upstream release notes at <https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/webtools/releases/3.15-2019-09/bugs>
- **eclipse-pydev** 7.2.1 → 7.3.0: The PyDev plug-in was updated to 7.3.0 with debugger improvements and better code completion for non-English locales.  
For details, see the upstream release notes at [http://www.pydev.org/history\\_pydev.html](http://www.pydev.org/history_pydev.html)
- **eclipse-egit/jgit** 5.4.0 → 5.5.0: The Git integration plug-ins were updated to 5.5.0 bringing support for light-weight tags, usability improvements and new configuration options for SSH connections.  
For details, see the upstream release notes at <https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/technology.jgit/releases/5.5.0> and <https://projects.eclipse.org/projects/technology.egit/releases/5.5.0>

## Deprecations

The following packages were removed from the collection:

- **eclipse-dltk**: The Dynamic Language Toolkit plug-ins were removed in this release. Tcl, Shell Script and Ruby tooling is now available in the Eclipse Marketplace.
- **eclipse-linuxtools-oprofile**: OProfile is superseded by Perf. Users of the OProfile integration plug-in should install the **eclipse-linuxtools-perf** package to get the Perf integration plug-in.

## CHAPTER 3. KNOWN ISSUES IN ECLIPSE 4.13.0

This section details the known issues in Eclipse 4.13.0.

### 3.1. JAVA 13 SUPPORT PLUG-INS NOT WORKING

Java 13 support plug-ins from Eclipse Marketplace Client do not work with Red Hat Developer Tools Eclipse 4.13.0

### 3.2. ECLIPSE HANGS ON STARTUP

**Cause:** Eclipse can hang on startup due to a thread deadlock.

**Consequence:** Only the Eclipse splashscreen is shown without displaying the workspace selection dialog.

**Workaround:** Kill the offending Eclipse process by finding its PID and sending the process a kill signal. Example:

```
$ jps
30066 Jps
31631 org.eclipse.equinox.launcher_1.5.300.v20190308-0658.jar
$ kill 31631
```

**Result:** Once the offending process has been killed, Eclipse can be restarted normally.

### 3.3. RUNNING A WORKSPACE CREATED IN OLDER ECLIPSE VERSION CAUSES "INITIALIZING ECLIPSE ERROR REPORTING SYSTEM" ERROR

**Workaround:** Restart Eclipse with the **-clean** option to clear its dependency resolution cache:

```
$ scl enable rh-eclipse "eclipse -clean"
```

**Result:** Eclipse will start up without this error message.

### 3.4. NULLPOINTEREXCEPTION WITH SOME PLUG-INS FROM THIRD-PARTY SOURCES

When a plug-in from a third-party update site is installed, Eclipse sometimes fails to start with a **NullPointerException** in the workspace log file.

**Workaround:** Restart Eclipse with the **-clean** option to clear its dependency resolution cache:

```
$ scl enable rh-eclipse "eclipse -clean"
```

**Result:** Eclipse will start up normally.

### 3.5. DEBUGINFO CONFLICTS

**Cause:** When a user attempts to install a **debuginfo** package for this collection, for example: **rh-eclipse-eclipse-cdt-debuginfo**, the contents may conflict with the same packages from the earlier collections.



**Consequence:** The installation of the **rh-eclipse debuginfo** package may fail if the same **debuginfo** package from the **rh-eclipse48** collection is installed.

**Workaround:** To use **debuginfo** for the **rh-eclipse** collection, **debuginfo** packages from the **rh-eclipse48** collection should first be uninstalled using the command **yum remove rh-eclipse48\*debuginfo**.

**Result:** The installation of the **debuginfo** packages from the **rh-eclipse** collection is successful.

### 3.6. CONFLICT BETWEEN THE RHSCLRH-MAVEN33-SCLDEVEL AND RH-MAVEN35-SCLDEVEL PACKAGES

There is a conflict between the RHSCLR **rh-maven33-scldevel** and **rh-maven35-scldevel** packages. This affects the **rh-eclipse-scldevel** package (note that this package is not installed by default).

The **rh-eclipse-scldevel** and **rh-eclipse46-scldevel** packages cannot be present simultaneously.

### 3.7. PYDEV USERS MAY EXPERIENCE ISSUES WITH THE PIP INTEGRATION

Modules that are pre-installed by the Python SCL cannot be uninstalled; attempts to do so will result in permission denied errors.

### 3.8. PYDEV SHORTCUT TO MANAGE PYTHON MODULES DOES NOT WORK

Using the **Ctrl+2** shortcut and selecting **pip** does not function properly.

**Consequence:** Attempts to use this shortcut result in an **SWTException** in the workspace log.

**Workaround:** Users can continue to manage their Python modules using the **PyDev > Interpreters** preference.

### 3.9. INCOMPATIBILITIES BETWEEN ECLIPSE SUBCLIPSE AND BASE RHEL SUBVERSION

Working copies of Subversion repositories created with Eclipse Subclipse are incompatible with the base RHEL version of Subversion. Using the **svn** command on such working copies may result in the following error:

```
$ svn up
svn: E155021: This client is too old to work with the working copy
```

**Workaround:** Use the pure-Java implementation of Subversion used by Eclipse Subclipse on the command line:

```
# yum install rh-eclipse-svnkit-cli # Command line support for SVNKit
```

Now, use the **jsvn** command anywhere you would normally use the **svn** command:

```
$ jsvn up  
Updating '':  
At revision 16476.
```

### 3.10. TYCHO CONFLICTS

**Cause:** The **rh-eclipse-tycho** package conflicts with the same package from the earlier collections, for example: **rh-eclipse48-tycho**.

**Consequence:** The installation of **rh-eclipse-tycho** package may fail when the **rh-eclipse48-tycho** package is already installed.

**Workaround:** Note that only users that want to build or re-build Eclipse or its plug-ins need tycho. If needed, uninstall the **rh-eclipse48-tycho** package using the **yum remove rh-eclipse48-tycho** command before attempting to install the **rh-eclipse-tycho** package.

**Result:** The installation of the **rh-eclipse-tycho** package is successful.