

# **Migration Toolkit for Runtimes 1.0**

# Web Console Guide

Use the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes web console to group your applications into projects for analysis.

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### Abstract

This guide describes how to use the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes web console to simplify migration or modernization of Java applications.

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# MAKING OPEN SOURCE MORE INCLUSIVE

Red Hat is committed to replacing problematic language in our code, documentation, and web properties. We are beginning with these four terms: master, slave, blacklist, and whitelist. Because of the enormity of this endeavor, these changes will be implemented gradually over several upcoming releases. For more details, see our CTO Chris Wright's message.

# **CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION**

# **1.1. ABOUT THE WEB CONSOLE**

This guide is for engineers, consultants, and others who want to use the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes (MTR) to migrate or modernize Java applications or other components. It describes how to install and use the web console to manage migration or modernization projects and analyze applications.

# **1.2. ABOUT THE MIGRATION TOOLKIT FOR RUNTIMES**

### What is the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes?

The Migration Toolkit for Runtimes (MTR) is an extensible and customizable rule-based tool that simplifies the migration and modernization of Java applications.

MTR examines application artifacts, including project source directories and application archives, and then produces an HTML report highlighting areas needing changes. MTR supports many migration paths including the following examples:

- Upgrading to the latest release of Red Hat JBoss Enterprise Application Platform
- Migrating from Oracle WebLogic or IBM WebSphere Application Server to Red Hat JBoss Enterprise Application Platform
- Containerizing applications and making them cloud-ready
- Migrating from Java Spring Boot to Quarkus
- Updating from Oracle JDK to OpenJDK
- Upgrading from OpenJDK 8 to OpenJDK 11
- Upgrading from OpenJDK11 to OpenJDK 17
- Migrating EAP Java applicatons to Azure
- Migrating Spring Boot Java applications to Azure

For more information about use cases and migration paths, see the MTR for developers web page.

### How does the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes simplify migration?

The Migration Toolkit for Runtimes looks for common resources and known trouble spots when migrating applications. It provides a high-level view of the technologies used by the application.

MTR generates a detailed report evaluating a migration or modernization path. This report can help you to estimate the effort required for large-scale projects and to reduce the work involved.

### How do I learn more?

See the Introduction to the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes to learn more about the features, supported configurations, system requirements, and available tools in the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes.

## **1.3. ABOUT THE WEB CONSOLE**

The web console for the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes allows a team of users to assess and prioritize migration and modernization efforts for a large number of applications. It allows you to group applications into projects for analysis and provides numerous reports that highlight the results.

# CHAPTER 2. INSTALLING THE WEB CONSOLE

You can install the web console on Linux, Windows, macOS, or Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform.

# 2.1. INSTALLING THE WEB CONSOLE ON LINUX, WINDOWS, OR MACOS

You can install the web console on Linux, Windows, or macOS operating systems and access the web console in a browser.

The web console has been tested with Chrome and Firefox.

### Prerequisites

- Java Development Kit (JDK) installed. MTR supports the following JDKs:
  - OpenJDK 11
  - Oracle JDK 11
- 8 GB RAM
- macOS installation: the value of **maxproc** must be **2048** or greater.

#### Procedure

- 1. Navigate to the MTR Download page and download the web console **Local install & OpenShift** file.
- 2. Extract the **.zip** file to a directory of your choice.



### NOTE

If you are installing on a Windows operating system:

- 1. Extract the **.zip** file to a folder named **LC\_PSN** to avoid a **Path too long** error. Alternatively, extract the file with 7-Zip to a folder of any name you choose.
- 2. If a **Confirm file replace** window is displayed during extraction, click **Yes to** all.

When you encounter **<MTR\_HOME>** in this guide, replace it with the actual path to your MTR installation.

- 3. By default, no authentication is required. If you wish to enable authentication, do this before starting the web console.
- 4. Start the web console:
  - Linux or macOS operating system:



• Windows operating system:

C:\<MTR\_HOME>\run\_windup.bat

5. Open a browser and navigate to **http://localhost:8080/windup-ui**. If authentication is not configured, the Projects screen is displayed in your browser.



Migration Toolkit for Runt	times - Web Console 0
Projects	
Analysis results	
Applications	
Analysis configuration	
Global	
Rules configuration	
Labels configuration	
	Welcome to Migration Toolkit for Runtimes
	Migration Toolkit for Runtimes helps you assess and perform large-scale application migrations and modernizations. Start by creating a project for your applications.
	Create project
	To learn more, visit the documentation.
<mark>e</mark> Red Hat	

# 2.2. INSTALLING THE WEB CONSOLE ON OPENSHIFT CONTAINER PLATFORM 4.6 AND LATER

You can install the web console on OpenShift Container Platform 4.6 and later versions with the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes Operator.

### Prerequisites

- 6 vCPUs, 8 GB RAM, and 40 GB persistent storage.
- One or more projects in which you can install the web console.



### IMPORTANT

Do not install the web console in a default project.

- **cluster-admin** privileges to install the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes Operator.
- project-admin-user privileges to install the web console application in a project.

### Configuring Red Hat Single Sign-on (SSO)

You must decide at installation time whether the web console requires authentication. If it does, you must first install and configure Red Hat SSO and input some RH SSO settings when instantiating the MTR Operator.



### NOTE

Authentication can not be added or removed after installation.

- 1. Open the Red Hat SSO administration console.
- 2. Add a realm named **windup**.
- 3. In the realm, create a client named windup-web.
- 4. Check that Access Type is set to **public**. Set Valid Redirect URIs and Web Origins to \*. Click \*Save\*.

Note that after the MTR operator has been instantiated the **Valid Redirect URIs** and **Web Origins** fields have to be set to the secure-mtr-web-console route.

- 5. Create a role named **user**.
- 6. Create a user with any name.
- 7. Set the credentials of the user, disable **Temporary**, and assign the role "user" to the user.

### Installing the MTR Operator

- 1. Log in to the OpenShift web console as a user with **cluster-admin** privileges.
- 2. Click **Operators** → **OperatorHub**.
- 3. Use the **Search by keyword** field to locate the **Migration Toolkit for Runtimes** Operator.
- 4. Click Install.
- 5. Select a project from the Installed Namespace list and click Install.
- 6. Click **Operators**  $\rightarrow$  **Installed Operators** to verify that the Operator is installed.

#### Installing the web console application

- 1. Log in to the OpenShift web console as a user with **project-admin-user** privileges.
- 2. Switch to the **Developer** perspective and click +Add.
- 3. In the Add view, click Operator Backed.
- 4. Click the Migration Toolkit for Runtimes Operator.
- 5. Click Create.
- 6. Review the application settings. If the web console requires authentication, input the RH SSO settings and click **Create**.
- 7. In the **Topology** view, click the **mtr-web-console** application and then click the **Resources** tab.
- 8. If authentication is required, set the RH SSO **Valid Redirect URIs** and **Web Origins** fields to the secure-mtr-web-console route.
- 9. Click the **secure-mtr-web-console** route to open the web console in a new browser window.

### 2.2.1. Troubleshooting a web console installation on OpenShift

This section describes how to troubleshoot a web console installation on OpenShift Container Platform.

### 2.2.1.1. Downloading logs using the OpenShift console

You can download pod logs using the OpenShift console.

### Procedure

- 1. Open the OpenShift console and navigate to Applications  $\rightarrow$  Pods.
- 2. Click the **mtr-web-console** pod.
- 3. Click Logs.
- 4. Click **Download** to download and save a log.

### 2.2.1.2. Downloading logs using the CLI

You can download pod logs using the CLI.

### Procedure

1. Obtain the pod names:

\$ oc get pods -n <project-name>

The output resembles the following:

NAME	READY	STATUS	RES1	FARTS	AGE
eap-builder-1-build	0/1	Completed	0	1d	
mtr-postgresql-1-hfb	dn 1/1	Running	0	1d	
mtr-sso-1-build	0/1	Completed	0	1d	
mtr-web-console-1-k	ouild 0/1	Complete	ed 0	1d	
mtr-web-console-1-	/t7s5 1/1	l Running	1	1d	
sso-1-wjl2n	1/1 F	Running 1	10	b	

2. Use **oc logs** to examine the pod log:

\$ oc logs <pod>



### NOTE

You can redirect the output to obtain a copy of the current log:

\$ oc logs <pod> > ./<pod>.log

### 2.2.1.3. No route to host error

The No route to host error in the mtr-web-console-executor log indicates that the mtr-web-console-executor pod cannot connect to the mtr-web-console pod:

13:44:03,501 SEVERE [org.jboss.windup.web.messaging.executor.ExecutorBootstrap] (main) Could not start messaging listener due to: Failed to connect to any server. Servers tried: [http-remoting://192.0.2.4:8080 (java.net.NoRouteToHostException: No route to host)]: javax.naming.CommunicationException: Failed to connect to any server. Servers tried: [http-remoting://192.0.2.4:8080 (java.net.NoRouteToHostException: No route to host)]

This error occurs because the **mtr-web-console-executor** pod starts running before the **mtr-web-console** pod.

Check the **mtr-web-console-executor** log after the **mtr-web-console** pod has been running for a few minutes.

### 2.2.1.4. Resolving insufficient resources

The following conditions indicate insufficient resources:

• The **mtr-web-console** pod is not running and the following error is displayed on the **Events** tab of the **Pod Details** screen in the OpenShift console:

0/9 nodes are available: 4 Insufficient cpu, 4 MatchNodeSelector, 9 Insufficient memory.

• The mtr-web-console-deploy, mtr-web-console-executor-deploy, and mtr-web-consolepostgresql-deploy pods time out and the following error is displayed in the logs:

error: update acceptor rejected mtr-web-console-executor-1: Pods for rc 'mtr/mtr-web-console-executor-1' took longer than 600 seconds to become available

### Procedure

- 1. Install and run the cluster capacity tool to determine how many pods you can schedule.
- 2. Change the load on the cluster resources by performing one of the following actions:
  - Increase the limit ranges or the resource quotas of your project.
  - Reduce the requested resources of your project. The web console requires a minimum of 4 vCPUs and 8 GB RAM.
  - Run fewer jobs.
- 3. Redeploy the web console.

### 2.2.1.5. Reporting issues

MTR uses Jira as its issue tracking system. If you encounter an issue executing MTR, submit a Jira issue .

# CHAPTER 3. USING THE WEB CONSOLE TO ANALYZE APPLICATIONS

You can create a project in the web console to analyze your applications.

Each project groups the applications for a specific analysis, which you can configure with custom rules and labels.

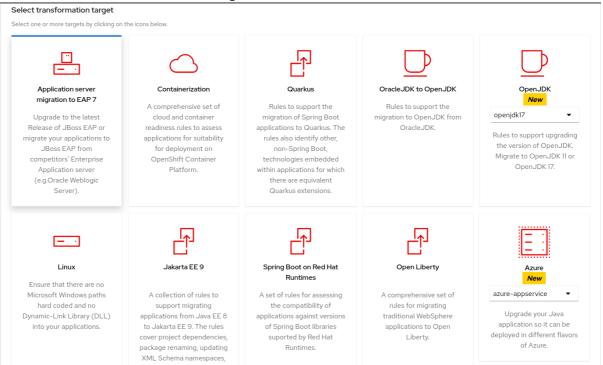
The analysis process generates reports that describe the readiness of your applications for migration or modernization.

### **3.1. CREATING A PROJECT**

You can create a project in the web console with the Create project wizard.

### Procedure

- 1. In the web console, click **Projects**.
- 2. Click Create project.
- 3. Enter a unique name for the project, an optional description, and click Next.
- To upload applications, click the Upload tab, click Browse, select the application files you want to upload, and click Close.
   Uploading applications stores them directly on the MTR server.
- To register a server path, click the Server path tab and enter the Server-side path of the application in the field.
   Registering the server path of an application ensures that MTR always uses the latest version.
- 6. Click Next.
- 7. Click one or more transformation targets.



#### 8. Click Next.

- 9. Select packages and click > to include them in the analysis.
- 10. Click Next.
- If you want to add a custom rule, click Add rule.
   See the Rules Development Guide for more information.
  - To upload a ruleset file, click the **Upload** tab, click **Browse**, select one or more files, and click **Close**.

A ruleset file must have a **.windup.xml** extension. The uploaded file is stored on the MTR server.

• To register the server path of a ruleset file, click the **Server path** tab, enter the **Rules** path, and click **Save**.

Registering the server path ensures that the MTR server always uses the latest version of the ruleset files.

- 12. Click Next.
- 13. If you want to add a custom label, click Add label.
  - To upload a labelset file, click the Upload tab, click Browse, select one or more files, and click Close.
     A labelset file must have a .windup.label.xml extension. The uploaded file is stored on the MTR server.
  - To register a server path, click the **Server path** tab, enter the **Labels path** of the label files in the field, and click **Save**. Registering the server path ensures that the MTR server always uses the latest version of

the labelset files.

#### 14. Click Next.

- 15. Review the following Advanced options and make any necessary changes:
  - Target
  - Source
  - Exclude tags: Rules with these tags are not processed.
  - Additional classpath: Enter a space-delimited list of additional .jar files or directories so that they are available for decompilation or other analysis.
  - Application name
  - Mavenize group ID
  - Ignore path: Enter a path for files to exclude from analysis.
  - Export CSV: Exports the report data as a CSV file.
  - **Disable Tattletale**: Disables generation of a Tattletale report for each application.
  - **Class Not Found analysis** Enables analysis of Java files that are not available on the class path.



### NOTE

This option should not be used if some classes are unavailable for analysis.

- **Compatible Files report**: Generating a Compatible Files report might take a long time for large applications.
- **Exploded app**: The input directory contains the unpackaged source files of an application.
- Keep work dirs: Retains temporary files, for example, the graph database or extracted archive files, for debugging purposes.
- Skip reports: HTML reports are not generated. Must be enabled if you enabled Export CSV.
- Allow network access: Validates any XML files within the analyzed applications against their schema.



### NOTE

This option might reduce performance.

- **Mavenize**: Creates a Maven project directory structure based on the structure and content of the application.
- **Source mode**: Indicates that the application files are raw source files, not compiled binaries. The sourceMode argument has been deprecated. There is no longer the need to specify it. MTR can intuitively process any inputs that are presented to it. In addition, project source folders can be analyzed with binary inputs within the same analysis execution.
- Analyze known libraries Analyze known software artifacts embedded within your application. By default MTR only analyzes application code.



### NOTE

This option might result in a longer execution time and a large number of migration issues being reported.

• **Transaction analysis**: [Tech Preview] Generates a Transactions report that displays the call stack, which executes operations on relational database tables. The Enable Transaction Analysis feature supports Spring Data JPA and the traditional **preparedStatement()** method for SQL statement execution. It does not support ORM frameworks, such as Hibernate.



### NOTE

Transaction analysis is a Technology Preview feature only. Technology Preview features are not supported with Red Hat production service level agreements (SLAs) and might not be functionally complete. Red Hat does not recommend using them in production. These features provide early access to upcoming product features, enabling customers to test functionality and provide feedback during the development process.

16. Click Next.

17. Review your project and click **Save** or **Save and run** The project is displayed in the **Projects** screen.

## **3.2. RUNNING A SAVED ANALYSIS**

You can run a saved analysis.

### Procedure

- 1. In the web console, click Analysis results.
- 2. Select a project.
- 3. Click Run analysis.

A progress bar displays the progress of your analysis.

### **3.3. VIEWING ANALYSIS RESULTS**

The results of all analyses are grouped and listed by project on the Analysis results screen.

### Procedure

- 1. In the web console, click Analysis results.
- 2. Select a project from the list.

Migration Toolkit for Runt	times - Web Console				O
Projects	Project: MTR Analysis 1	•			
Analysis results					
Applications	Analysis results				
Analysis configuration	Filter by analysis id or statu:	s Q Run analysis			1-1of1 👻 < >
Global					
Rules configuration	Analysis 💲	Status 1	Start date 🛛 🗍	Applications 1	Actions
Labels configuration	#2	Completed in 20 seconds	4 minutes ago	1	Lee 👕 🚦
				1-1of1 *	<pre> Reports</pre>
🦰 Red Hat					

The Analysis Reports can be accessed via the Reports bar chart icon or by the Reports action on the right-hand side of the screen.

 Click on the number of the analysis you want to review to see details of the analysis configuration settings and the analysis execution statistics.
 The results are displayed in the **Results** screen, which contains two tabs: **Details** and **Logs**.

The **Details** tab displays important details of the analysis, such as status, start date, duration, and configuration settings.

#### Figure 3.1. Analysis details screen

Migration Toolkit for Rur	ttimes - Web Console		0
Projects	Project: MTR Analysis 1		
Analysis results	Executions > Details		
Applications	Analysis #2 Completed		Actions 🔻
Analysis configuration	Details Logs		
Global	Transformation path	Status	
Rules configuration	Target	Status	Started
Labels configuration	eap7	Completed	Tue Sep 27 2022 13:44:14 GMT+0100
	Source	Duration	Reports
	Not defined	20 seconds	🖼 Reports
	Applications <	Included packages	¢
	Custom rules		٢
	Custom labels		٢
<mark>-</mark> Red Hat	Advanced options		<

The Logs tab displays the logs generated during the analysis.

#### Figure 3.2. Analysis logs screen

Migration Toolkit for	Runtimes - Web Console 0
Projects	Project: MTR Analysis 1
Analysis results	Executions > Details
Applications	Analysis #2 © completed
Analysis configuration	Details Logs
Global	Log loaded
Rules configuration	1463 lines
Labels configuration	<ul> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [/1462] Executing MTR</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [/1462] InitializationPhase - IgnoredArchivesConfigLoadingRuleProvider - IgnoredArchivesConfigLoadingRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [2/1462] InitializationPhase - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [2/1462] InitializationPhase - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider 2</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [2/1462] InitializationPhase - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider - ArchiveIdentificationConfigLoadingRuleProvider 2</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [5/1462] InitializationPhase - RegisterApiPackagesInTypeInterestFactoryRuleProvider - RegisterApiPackagesInTypeInterestFactoryRuleProvider - RegisterApiPackagesInTypeInterestFactoryRuleProvider - CopyJavaConfigToGraphRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [6/1462] InitializationPhase - CopyJavaConfigToGraphRuleProvider - CopyJavaConfigToGraphRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [8/1462] InitializationPhase - GatherIgnoredFileRhameSRuleProvider - CopyJavaConfigToGraphRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [10/1462] InitializationPhase - DiscoverFileSAndTypesRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [10/1462] DiscoverPhase - DiscoverFileSAndTypesRuleProvider - 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [10/1462] ArchiveExtractionPhase - UnzJpArchiveSToOutpuRuleProvider - UnzJpArchiveSToOutpuRuleProvider 2</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [11/1462] ArchiveExtractionPhase - UnzJpArchiveSToOutpuRuleProvider - DiscoverFileSAndTypesRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [11/1462] ArchiveExtractionPhase - UnzJpArchiveSToOutpuRuleProvider - DiscoverFileSAndTypeSRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [11/1462] ArchiveExtractionPhase - UnzJpArchiveSToOutpuRuleProvider - DiscoverFileSAndTypeSRuleProvider 1</li> <li>2022-09-27 13:44 [11/1462] ArchiveExtraction</li></ul>
<mark>-</mark> Red Hat	

### **3.4. REVIEWING REPORTS**

The MTR web console provides a set of detailed reports that can help you decide if you need to make any changes to your applications. You access these reports from the **Analysis results** screen.

The reports are described in detail in Reviewing the reports in the CLI Guide.

### Procedure

- 1. In the web console, click **Analysis results**.
- 2. Click the **Reports** icon 🔛 beside the analysis you want to investigate. The **All applications** screen of the reports is displayed.

MIGRATION TOOLKIT FOR RUNTIMES BY RED HAT (MTR)			🦰 Red Ha
All Applications 4 Technologies O About			P Send Feedbac
Application List			
Name •     Filter by name     Matches all filters (AND) •     I			
Runtime labels legend Supported Partially supported Unsuitable Neutral			
iee-example-app-1.0.0.ear JBoss EAP JWS	90	Number of incidents 53 Migration Mandatory	
instage 28 XML (Initage Wei XML) (Josef Lagit) (28 XML21) (78) (Kantes) (Kenn XML) (Kesser (NDB) (Paperies) (Servin) (Katelies (SLB)) (Teb XML24)	story points	1 Migration Optional 38 Migration Potential 11 Information	
Bule providers execution overview ( FreeMarker methods		103 Total	

# 3.5. UPDATING AN ANALYSIS CONFIGURATION

You can update an analysis configuration, for example, with a different transformation target, advanced option, or a custom rule. Then you can run the updated analysis in your project.

### Procedure

1. In the web console, click Analysis configuration.

Projects     Project     SB2Quarkus       Analysis results     Analysis configuration							
Analysis results Analysis configuration							
Analysis comgaration							
Applications General Packages Custom rules Custom labels Advanced options	General Packages Custom rules Custom labels Advanced options						
Analysis configuration							
Global         Select transformation target           Select one or more targets by clicking on the icons below.         Select one or more targets by clicking on the icons below.							
Rules configuration							
	$\square$						
	OpenJDK 11 New support the migration to 3X 11 from OpenJDK 8.						
Red Hat         Linux         Jakarta EE 9 New         Spring Boot on Red Hat Runtimes A set of rules for assessing the New         Open Liberty New	Camel						

- 2. Select a Project.
- 3. Click the appropriate tabs and make your changes.
- Click Save or Save and run The project is displayed in the Projects screen.

## 3.6. ADDING GLOBAL CUSTOM RULES

MTR includes a preconfigured set of global rules, which apply to all projects.

You can define your own custom global rules.

For information on writing custom MTR rules, see the MTR Rules Development Guide.

### Procedure

- 1. In the web console, click Rules configuration.
- 2. Click Add rules.

3. To upload a ruleset file, click the **Upload** tab, click **Browse**, select one or more files, and click **Close**.

A ruleset file must have a **.windup.xml** extension. The uploaded file is stored on the MTR server.

4. To register the server path of a ruleset file, click the **Server path** tab, enter the **Rules** path, and click **Save**.

Registering the server path ensures that the MTR server always uses the latest version of the ruleset files.

The **Custom rules** list displays the rules.

### 3.7. ADDING GLOBAL CUSTOM LABELS

MTR includes a preconfigured set of global labels, which apply to all projects.

You can define your own custom global labels.

### Procedure

- 1. In the web console, click Labels configuration.
- 2. Click Add label.
- 3. To upload a labelset file, click the **Upload** tab, click **Browse**, select one or more files, and click **Close**.

A labelset file must have a **.windup.label.xml** extension. The uploaded file is stored on the MTR server.

To register the server path of a labelset file, click the Server path tab, enter the Labels path, and click Save.
 Registering the server path ensures that the MTR server always uses the latest version of the labelset files.

The **Custom labels** list displays the labels.

# CHAPTER 4. CONFIGURING AUTHENTICATION FOR THE WEB CONSOLE ON LINUX, WINDOWS, OR MACOS

You can configure the web console to require authentication for access. To enable authentication, you have to install Red Hat Single Sign-On (SSO).

### **Enabling authentication**

### Procedure

- 1. Adjust the port number that the Red Hat SSO server opens to avoid conflicts with the port that the web console uses by entering the following:
  - For Linux and macOS:

\$ ./standalone.sh -Djboss.socket.binding.port-offset=<offset\_value>

• For Windows:

> ...\bin\standalone.bat -Djboss.socket.binding.port-offset=<offset\_value>

- 2. Open the Red Hat SSO administration console from http://localhost:8180:
  - Username: admin
  - Password: admin
- 3. Add a realm named **windup**.
- 4. In the realm, create a client named windup-web.
- 5. Check that Access Type is set to public.
- 6. Set Valid Redirect URIs to http://localhost:8080/windup-ui/\*.
- 7. Set Web Origins to \* and click Save.
- 8. Create a role named **user**.
- 9. Create a user with any name.
- 10. Set the credentials of the user, disable **Temporary**, and assign the role "user" to the user.
- 11. Switch the web console to Authentication required mode by doing the following:
  - a. Export the following ENV variables:
    - For Linux and macOS:

export SSO\_AUTH\_SERVER\_URL=http://localhost:8180/auth export SSO\_REALM=windup export SSO\_SSL\_REQUIRED=EXTERNAL export SSO\_CLIENT\_ID=windup-web

• For Windows:

set SSO\_AUTH\_SERVER\_URL=http://localhost:8180/auth set SSO\_REALM=windup set SSO\_SSL\_REQUIRED=EXTERNAL set SSO\_CLIENT\_ID=windup-web



### NOTE

Environment variables that are set by the **set** command in CMD are local, available to the current CMD session only. Use the Windows Control Panel to permanently set the environment variables.

- b. Run the following script:
  - For Linux and macOS:

\$ <MTR\_HOME>/switch\_to\_authentication\_required.sh

For Windows:

C:\<MTR\_HOME>\switch\_to\_authentication\_required.bat

- 12. Start the web console by entering the following:
  - For Linux and macOS:

\$ <MTR\_HOME>/run\_windup.sh

• For Windows:

C:\<MTR\_HOME>\run\_windup.bat

13. Open the browser at http://localhost:8080/windup-ui.

### **Disabling authentication**

### Procedure

- 1. Run the following script:
  - For Linux and macOS:

\$ <MTR\_HOME>/switch\_to\_automatic\_authentication.sh

• For Windows:

C:\<MTR\_HOME>\switch\_to\_automatic\_authentication.bat