

Red Hat OpenStack Platform 13

Google Cloud Backup Guide

Configuring OpenStack Block Storage Backups to Use Google Cloud Storage

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Abstract

This document describes how to deploy the OpenStack Block Storage Backup Service to use Google Cloud Storage as a back end. The instructions herein are specific to an overcloud deployment. Backup integration with Google Cloud Storage is offered in this release as a Technology Preview, and should not be deployed in a production environment. For more information about Technology Previews, see:

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MAKING OPEN SOURCE MORE INCLUSIVE

Red Hat is committed to replacing problematic language in our code, documentation, and web properties. We are beginning with these four terms: master, slave, blacklist, and whitelist. Because of the enormity of this endeavor, these changes will be implemented gradually over several upcoming releases. For more details, see our CTO Chris Wright's message.

CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

The Red Hat OpenStack Platform Director is a toolset for installing and managing a complete OpenStack environment. It is based primarily on the OpenStack project TripleO (*OpenStack-on-OpenStack*). The Director's primary objective is to fully orchestrate a functional, Enterprise-grade OpenStack deployment with minimal manual configuration. It helps address many of the issues inherent in manually configuring individual OpenStack components.

The end-result OpenStack deployment provided by the Director is called the *Overcloud*. The Overcloud houses all the components that provide services to end users, including Block Storage. This document provides guidance on how to deploy custom back ends to the Overcloud's Block Storage service.

Red Hat OpenStack Platform supports several third-party services, devices, and applications for functions ranging from block storage back ends to data processing. This release allows you to configure the Block Storage service to use Google Cloud as a backup storage service. This Google Cloud integration is available in this release as a *technology preview* feature.



IMPORTANT

Technology Preview features are not fully supported by Red Hat. The deployment scenario described in this document should only be used for testing, and should not be deployed in a production environment.

For more information about Technology Preview features, see Scope of Coverage Details.

This document presents a test scenario where the Block Storage service on an overcloud deployment is configured to back up volumes to Google Cloud storage. This test scenario requires that:

- The overcloud has already been deployed through director, per instructions in the Director Installation and Usage guide.
- You have the username and password of an account with elevated privileges. You can use the same account that was created to deploy the overcloud; in the Director Installation and Usage guide, a user named **stack** is created for this purpose.
- The Block Storage service is installed on the Controller node; or, as is the case in an HA deployment, on every Controller node.
- You have a Google account with access to Google Cloud Platform. This account will be used by the Block Storage service to access and use Google Cloud for storing backups.

CHAPTER 2. PROCESS DESCRIPTION

Configuring the Block Storage service to use Google Cloud as a backup service involves the following steps:

- 1. Creating and downloading the service account credentials of your Google account (Chapter 3, Create and Download the GCS Credentials File).
- 2. Creating an environment file to map out the Block Storage settings required (Chapter 4, Create the Environment File). This environment file will also use the service account credentials created in the previous step.
- 3. Re-deploying the overcloud using the environment file you created (Chapter 5, Re-Deploy the Overcloud).

The following sections describe each step in greater detail.

CHAPTER 3. CREATE AND DOWNLOAD THE GCS CREDENTIALS FILE

The Block Storage service needs your Google credentials in order to access and use Google Cloud for backups. You can provide these credentials to Block Storage by creating a *service account key*:

- 1. Log in to the Google developer console (http://console.developers.google.com) using your Google account.
- 2. Click the **Credentials** tab. From there, select **Service account key** from the **Create credentials** dropdown.

APIs

Credentials

You need credentials to access APIs. Enable the APIs you plan to use and then create the credentials they require. Depending on the API, you need an API key, a service account, or an OAuth 2.0 client ID. Refer to the API documentation for details.

Create credentials -

API key

Identifies your project using a simple API key to check quota and access. For APIs like Google Translate.

OAuth client ID

Requests user consent so your app can access the user's data. For APIs like Google Calendar.

Service account key

Enables server-to-server, app-level authentication using robot accounts. For use with Google Cloud APIs.

Help me choose

Asks a few questions to help you decide which type of credential to use.

3. In the next screen (**Create service account key**), select the service account that the Block Storage service should use from the **Service account** dropdown:

Credentials



Create service account key

Service account

Compute Engine default service account

Key type

Downloads a file that contains the private key. Store the file securely because this key can't be recovered if lost.



Recommended

P12

For backward compatibility with code using the P12 format



4. In the same screen, select **JSON** from the **Key type** section and click **Create**. The browser will then download the key to its default download location:

New private key

Cloud Backup-0c642522b844.json has been saved on your computer. This is the only copy of the key, so store it securely.



5. Open the file, and note the value of the **project_id** parameter:

```
{
    "type": "service_account",
    "project_id": "cloud-backup-1370",
...
```

The /etc/cinder/Cloud-Backup.json key will be used later in Chapter 4, Create the Environment File (in particular, the value of **project_id** and the absolute path to the file).

6. Copy the key file to /etc/cinder/ on any Controller node. From there, change the user, group, and permissions of the key file to match that of /etc/cinder/cinder.conf. This will ensure that the Block Storage service can use it:

cp Cloud-Backup.json /etc/cinder/ # chown cinder:cinder /etc/cinder/Cloud-Backup.json # chmod 0600 /etc/cinder/Cloud-Backup.json

7. Copy the key file to the same location on each Controller node (namely, to /etc/cinder/Cloud-Backup.json). Use **rsync -a** to ensure that the permissions and ownership settings are preserved:

rsync -a /etc/cinder/Cloud-Backup.json root@CONTROLLERHOST:/etc/cinder/

Replace CONTROLLERHOST with the hostname of a target Controller.

CHAPTER 4. CREATE THE ENVIRONMENT FILE

The environment file contains the settings you want to apply to the Block Storage service. In this case, the Block Storage service will be configured to store volume backups to Google Cloud. For more information about environment files, see the Director Installation and Usage guide.

Each setting is defined in the environment file as follows:

Entry format

SECT/PARAM: # 1 value: CONFIG # 2

- All Block Storage settings are configured in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file of the node hosting the Block Storage service. This file is divided into different sections, making it easier to manage different settings. PARAM is the setting you want to apply, and SECT is the section to which it belongs.
- CONFIG is the value you want to set to PARAM.

In this document, all parameters are declared in the **DEFAULT** section. The following table describes each setting required to configure Google Cloud Storage (GCS) as your backup service:

1. Google Cloud backup settings

PARAM	Default	CONFIG Description
backup_driver	cinder.backup.drivers.swift	The backup driver that the Block Storage server should use. For Google Cloud Storage, use cinder.backup.drivers.googl e.
backup_gcs_credential_file		The absolute path to the service account key file you created earlier in Chapter 3, Create and Download the GCS Credentials File.
backup_gcs_bucket		The GCS bucket (or object storage repository) to use, which may or may not exist. If you specify a non-existent bucket, the Google Cloud Storage backup driver creates one using the name you specify here. See Buckets and Bucket name requirements for more information.

backup_gcs_bucket_location	US	The location of the GCS bucket. This value is only used if you specify a non-existent bucket in backup_gcs_bucket ; in which case, the Google Cloud Storage backup driver will specify this as the GCS bucket location. See Bucket Locations for more information.
backup_gcs_project_id		The project ID of the service account you are using, as noted in the project_id of the service account key from Chapter 3, Create and Download the GCS Credentials File.
backup_gcs_object_size	52428800	The size (in bytes) of GCS backup objects.
backup_gcs_block_size	32768	The size (in bytes) that changes are tracked for incremental backups. This value must be a multiple of the backup_gcs_object_size value.
backup_gcs_user_agent	gcscinder	The HTTP user-agent string for the GCS API.
backup_gcs_reader_chunk_size	2097152	GCS objects will be downloaded in chunks of this size (in bytes).
backup_gcs_writer_chunk_size	2097152	GCS objects will be uploaded in chunks of this size (in bytes). To upload files as a single chunk instead, use the value -1 .
backup_gcs_num_retries	3	Number of retries to attempt.
backup_gcs_storage_class	NEARLINE	Storage class of the GCS bucket. This value is only used if you specify a non-existent bucket in backup_gcs_bucket ; in which case, the Google Cloud Storage backup driver will specify this as the GCS bucket storage class. See Storage Classes for more information.

backup_gcs_retry_error_codes	429	List of GCS error codes.
backup_gcs_enable_progress_tim er	True	Boolean to enable or disable the timer for sending periodic progress notifications to the Telemetry service (ceilometer) during volume backups. This is enabled by default (True)



WARNING

When creating new buckets, Google Cloud Storage charges based on your chosen storage class (**backup_gcs_storage_class**). The default **NEARLINE** class is appropriate for backup services.

In addition, you cannot edit the location or class of a bucket once it is created. For more information, see Managing a bucket's storage class or location.

The following sample shows the typical contents of an environment file for configuring GCS as a backup service:

/home/stack/templates/gcs-backup.yaml

parameter_defaults:

ControllerExtraConfig: # 1

cinder::config::cinder_config: DEFAULT/backup driver

value: cinder.backup.drivers.google DEFAULT/backup_gcs_credential_file value: /etc/cinder/Cloud-Backup.json

DEFAULT/backup_gcs_bucket value: mycinderbucket

DEFAULT/backup_gcs_project_id value: cloud-backup-1370

DEFAULT/backup_gcs_user_agent

value: myuseragent

ControllerExtraConfig defines custom settings that will be applied to all Controller nodes. The cinder::config::cinder_config class means the settings should be applied to the Block Storage (cinder) service. This, in turn, means that the back end settings will ultimately end in the /etc/cinder/cinder.conf file of each Controller node.

After creating the environment file, see Chapter 5, Re-Deploy the Overcloud for instructions on deploying its settings to the overcloud.

CHAPTER 5. RE-DEPLOY THE OVERCLOUD

When you have created the environment file file in /home/stack/templates/, log in as the stack user. Run the following command to deploy the configuration:

 $\$ \ open stack \ overcloud \ deploy \ --templates \ -e \ /home/stack/templates/gcs-backup.yaml$



IMPORTANT

If you passed any extra environment files when you created the overcloud, pass them again here using the -e option to avoid making undesired changes to the overcloud.

For more information, see the *Director Installation and Usage* guide.