



Red Hat Data Grid 8.2

Hot Rod C++ Client Guide

Configure and use Hot Rod C++ clients

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Abstract

Hot Rod C++ clients allow C++ runtime applications to connect and interact with remote Data Grid clusters.

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RED HAT DATA GRID

Data Grid is a high-performance, distributed in-memory data store.

Schemaless data structure

Flexibility to store different objects as key-value pairs.

Grid-based data storage

Designed to distribute and replicate data across clusters.

Elastic scaling

Dynamically adjust the number of nodes to meet demand without service disruption.

Data interoperability

Store, retrieve, and query data in the grid from different endpoints.

DATA GRID DOCUMENTATION

Documentation for Data Grid is available on the Red Hat customer portal.

- [Data Grid 8.2 Documentation](#)
- [Data Grid 8.2 Component Details](#)
- [Supported Configurations for Data Grid 8.2](#)
- [Data Grid 8 Feature Support](#)
- [Data Grid Deprecated Features and Functionality](#)

DATA GRID DOWNLOADS

Access the [Data Grid Software Downloads](#) on the Red Hat customer portal.



NOTE

You must have a Red Hat account to access and download Data Grid software.

MAKING OPEN SOURCE MORE INCLUSIVE

Red Hat is committed to replacing problematic language in our code, documentation, and web properties. We are beginning with these four terms: master, slave, blacklist, and whitelist. Because of the enormity of this endeavor, these changes will be implemented gradually over several upcoming releases. For more details, see [our CTO Chris Wright's message](#).

CHAPTER 1. INSTALLING THE HOT ROD C++ CLIENT

Install the Hot Rod C++ client on your host system as a dynamic library.

1.1. C++ COMPILER REQUIREMENTS

| Operating system | Required compiler |
|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) 7, 64-bit | C++ 11 compiler (GCC 4.8.1) |
| RHEL 8, 64-bit | C++ 11 compiler (GCC 4.8.1) |

1.2. INSTALLING HOT ROD C++ CLIENTS ON RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX (RHEL)

Data Grid provides an RPM distribution of the Hot Rod C++ client for RHEL.

Procedure

1. Enable the repository for the Hot Rod C++ client on RHEL.

| RHEL version | Repository |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| RHEL 7 | jb-datagrid-8.1-for-rhel-7-server-rpms |
| RHEL 8 | jb-datagrid-8.1-for-rhel-8-x86_64-rpms |

2. Install the Hot Rod C++ client.

```
# yum install jdgcpp-client
```

Additional resources

- [Enabling or disabling a repository using Red Hat Subscription Management](#) (Red Hat Knowledgebase)
- [Red Hat Package Browser](#)

CHAPTER 2. COMPILING PROTOBUF SCHEMA

Data Grid uses the ProtoStream API to store data as Protobuf-encoded entries.

Protobuf is a language-neutral format that allows clients to create and retrieve entries in remote caches using both Hot Rod and REST endpoints.

2.1. COMPILING PROTOBUF SCHEMA ON RED HAT ENTERPRISE LINUX (RHEL)

Compile Protobuf schema, **.proto** files, into C++ header and source files to describe your data to Data Grid.

Prerequisites

- Install the Protobuf library and **protobuf-devel** package.

```
# yum install protobuf
# yum install protobuf-devel
```

Procedure

1. Set the **LD_LIBRARY_PATH** environment variable, if it is not already set.

```
# export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=$LD_LIBRARY_PATH:/opt/lib64
```

2. Compile Protobuf schema for the Hot Rod C++ client as required.

```
# /bin/protoc --cpp_out dllexport_decl=HR_PROTO_EXPORT:/path/to/output/ $FILE
```

HR_PROTO_EXPORT is a macro that the Hot Rod C++ client expands when it compiles the Protobuf schema.

3. Register your Protobuf schema with Data Grid if you plan to use queries.

Additional resources

- [Registering Protobuf Schemas](#)

CHAPTER 3. CONFIGURING THE HOT ROD C++ CLIENT

Hot Rod C++ clients interact with remote Data Grid clusters via the **RemoteCache** API.

3.1. CONFIGURATION AND REMOTE CACHE MANAGER APIS

Use the **ConfigurationBuilder** API to configure Hot Rod C++ client connections and the **RemoteCacheManager** API to obtain and configure remote caches.

Configuration builder

```
#include "infinispan/hotrod/ConfigurationBuilder.h"
#include "infinispan/hotrod/RemoteCacheManager.h"
#include <infinispan/hotrod/RemoteCache.h>
#include <iostream>
int main () {
    ConfigurationBuilder builder;
    // Configure a cache manager to connect with Hot Rod version 2.8
    builder.protocolVersion(Configuration::PROTOCOL_VERSION_28);
    // Connect to a server at localhost with the default port.
    builder.addServer().host("127.0.0.1").port(11222);
    // Create and start a RemoteCacheManager to interact with caches.
    RemoteCacheManager cacheManager(builder.build(), false);
    cacheManager.start();
    ...
}
```

Cross-site replication

```
ConfigurationBuilder builder;
builder.addServer().host("127.0.0.1").port(11222);
// Configure a remote cluster and node when using cross-site replication.
builder.addCluster("NYC").addClusterNode("192.0.2.0", 11322);
```

Near caching

```
ConfigurationBuilder builder;
builder.addServer().host("127.0.0.1").port(11222);
// Enable near-caching for the client.
builder.nearCache().mode(NearCacheMode::INVALIDATED).maxEntries(4);
```

Additional resources

- [Hot Rod C++ client API](#)