



## Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8

### Interacting with Red Hat Decision Manager using KIE APIs



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## Abstract

This document describes how to use KIE APIs to interact with KIE Servers, KIE containers, and business assets in Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.

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# PREFACE

As a business rules developer or systems administrator, you can use KIE APIs to interact with KIE Servers, KIE containers, and business assets in Red Hat Decision Manager. You can use the KIE Server REST API and Java client API to interact with KIE containers and business assets (such as business rules, processes, and solvers), the Decision Manager controller REST API and Java client API to interact with KIE Server templates and instances, and the Knowledge Store REST API to interact with spaces and projects in Business Central.



## REST API ENDPOINTS FOR KIE SERVER AND THE DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER

The lists of REST API endpoints for KIE Server and the Decision Manager controller are published separately from this document and maintained dynamically to ensure that endpoint options and data are as current as possible. Use this document to understand what the KIE Server and Decision Manager controller REST APIs enable you to do and how to use them, and use the separately maintained lists of REST API endpoints for specific endpoint details.

For the full list of KIE Server REST API endpoints and descriptions, use one of the following resources:

- [Execution Server REST API](#) on the jBPM Documentation page (static)
- Swagger UI for the KIE Server REST API at **`http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/docs`** (dynamic, requires running KIE Server)

For the full list of Decision Manager controller REST API endpoints and descriptions, use one of the following resources:

- [Controller REST API](#) on the jBPM Documentation page (static)
- Swagger UI for the Decision Manager controller REST API at **`http://SERVER:PORT/CONTROLLER/docs`** (dynamic, requires running Decision Manager controller)

### Prerequisites

- Red Hat Decision Manager is installed and running. For installation and startup options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#) .
- You have access to Red Hat Decision Manager with the following user roles:
  - **kie-server**: For access to KIE Server API capabilities, and access to headless Decision Manager controller API capabilities without Business Central (if applicable)
  - **rest-all**: For access to Business Central API capabilities for the built-in Decision Manager controller and for the Business Central Knowledge Store
  - **admin**: For full administrative access to Red Hat Decision Manager

Although these user roles are not all required for every KIE API, consider acquiring all of them to ensure that you can access any KIE API without disruption. For more information about user roles, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#) .

# CHAPTER 1. KIE SERVER REST API FOR KIE CONTAINERS AND BUSINESS ASSETS

Red Hat Decision Manager provides a KIE Server REST API that you can use to interact with your KIE containers and business assets (such as business rules, processes, and solvers) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. This API support enables you to maintain your Red Hat Decision Manager resources more efficiently and optimize your integration and development with Red Hat Decision Manager.

With the KIE Server REST API, you can perform the following actions:

- Deploy or dispose KIE containers
- Retrieve and update KIE container information
- Return KIE Server status and basic information
- Retrieve and update business asset information
- Execute business assets (such as rules and processes)

KIE Server REST API requests require the following components:

## Authentication

The KIE Server REST API requires HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the user role **kie-server**. To view configured user roles for your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/application-roles.properties` and `~/application-users.properties`.

To add a user with the **kie-server** role, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/bin` and run the following command:

```
$ ./add-user.sh -a --user <USERNAME> --password <PASSWORD> --role kie-server
```

For more information about user roles and Red Hat Decision Manager installation options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#).

## HTTP headers

The KIE Server REST API requires the following HTTP headers for API requests:

- **Accept**: Data format accepted by your requesting client:
  - **application/json** (JSON)
  - **application/xml** (XML, for JAXB or XSTREAM)
- **Content-Type**: Data format of your **POST** or **PUT** API request data:
  - **application/json** (JSON)
  - **application/xml** (XML, for JAXB or XSTREAM)
- **X-KIE-ContentType**: Required header for **application/xml** XSTREAM API requests and responses:
  - **XSTREAM**



## HTTP methods

The KIE Server REST API supports the following HTTP methods for API requests:

- **GET**: Retrieves specified information from a specified resource endpoint
- **POST**: Updates a resource or resource instance
- **PUT**: Updates or creates a resource or resource instance
- **DELETE**: Deletes a resource or resource instance

## Base URL

The base URL for KIE Server REST API requests is **http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/services/rest/**, such as **http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/**.

## Endpoints

KIE Server REST API endpoints, such as **/server/containers/{containerId}** for a specified KIE container, are the URIs that you append to the KIE Server REST API base URL to access the corresponding resource or type of resource in Red Hat Decision Manager.

### Example request URL for **/server/containers/{containerId}** endpoint

**http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/MyContainer**

## Request parameters and request data

Many KIE Server REST API requests require specific parameters in the request URL path to identify or filter specific resources and to perform specific actions. You can append URL parameters to the endpoint in the format **?<PARAM>=<VALUE>&<PARAM>=<VALUE>**.

### Example GET request URL with parameters

**http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers?groupId=com.redhat&artifactId=Project1&version=1.0&status=STARTED**

HTTP **POST** and **PUT** requests may additionally require a request body or file with data to accompany the request.

### Example POST request URL and JSON request body data

**http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/MyContainer/release-id**

```
{
  "release-id": {
    "artifact-id": "Project1",
    "group-id": "com.redhat",
    "version": "1.1"
  }
}
```

## 1.1. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE KIE SERVER REST API USING A REST CLIENT OR CURL UTILITY

The KIE Server REST API enables you to interact with your KIE containers and business assets (such as business rules, processes, and solvers) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. You can send KIE Server REST API requests using any REST client or curl utility.

## Prerequisites

- KIE Server is installed and running.
- You have **kie-server** user role access to KIE Server.

## Procedure

1. Identify the relevant [API endpoint](#) to which you want to send a request, such as **[GET] /server/containers** to retrieve KIE containers from KIE Server.
2. In a REST client or curl utility, enter the following components for a **GET** request to **/server/containers**. Adjust any request details according to your use case.

For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the KIE Server user with the **kie-server** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept: application/json**
- **HTTP method:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the KIE Server REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers**.

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the KIE Server user with the **kie-server** role.
- **-H:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept: application/json**
- **-X:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the KIE Server REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers**.

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -X GET
"http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers"
```

3. Execute the request and review the KIE Server response.  
Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "type": "SUCCESS",
  "msg": "List of created containers",
  "result": {
    "kie-containers": {
      "kie-container": [
```

```

{
  "container-id": "itorders_1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "release-id": {
    "group-id": "itorders",
    "artifact-id": "itorders",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
  },
  "resolved-release-id": {
    "group-id": "itorders",
    "artifact-id": "itorders",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
  },
  "status": "STARTED",
  "scanner": {
    "status": "DISPOSED",
    "poll-interval": null
  },
  "config-items": [],
  "container-alias": "itorders"
}
]
}
}
}

```

4. For this example, copy or note the project **group-id**, **artifact-id**, and **version** (GAV) data from one of the deployed KIE containers returned in the response.
5. In your REST client or curl utility, send another API request with the following components for a **PUT** request to `/server/containers/{containerId}` to deploy a new KIE container with the copied project GAV data. Adjust any request details according to your use case.

For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the KIE Server user with the **kie-server** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following headers:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
  - **Content-Type:** `application/json`
- **HTTP method:** Set to **PUT**.
- **URL:** Enter the KIE Server REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **`http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/MyContainer`**.
- **Request body:** Add a JSON request body with the configuration items for the new KIE container:

```

{
  "config-items": [
    {
      "itemName": "RuntimeStrategy",
      "itemValue": "SINGLETON",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    }
  ]
}

```

```

    },
    {
      "itemName": "MergeMode",
      "itemValue": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    },
    {
      "itemName": "KBase",
      "itemValue": "",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    },
    {
      "itemName": "KSession",
      "itemValue": "",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    }
  ],
  "release-id": {
    "group-id": "itorders",
    "artifact-id": "itorders",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
  },
  "scanner": {
    "poll-interval": "5000",
    "status": "STARTED"
  }
}

```

For curl utility:

- **-u**: Enter the user name and password of the KIE Server user with the **kie-server** role.
- **-H**: Set the following headers:
  - **Accept: application/json**
  - **Content-Type: application/json**
- **-X**: Set to **PUT**.
- **URL**: Enter the KIE Server REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/MyContainer**.
- **-d**: Add a JSON request body or file ( **@file.json**) with the configuration items for the new KIE container:

```

curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type:
application/json" -X PUT "http://localhost:8080/kie-
server/services/rest/server/containers/MyContainer" -d "{ \"config-items\": [ { \"itemName\":
\"RuntimeStrategy\", \"itemValue\": \"SINGLETON\", \"itemType\": \"java.lang.String\" }, {
\"itemName\": \"MergeMode\", \"itemValue\": \"MERGE_COLLECTIONS\", \"itemType\":
\"java.lang.String\" }, { \"itemName\": \"KBase\", \"itemValue\": \"\", \"itemType\":
\"java.lang.String\" }, { \"itemName\": \"KSession\", \"itemValue\": \"\", \"itemType\":
\"java.lang.String\" } ], \"release-id\": { \"group-id\": \"itorders\", \"artifact-id\": \"itorders\",
\"version\": \"1.0.0-SNAPSHOT\" }, \"scanner\": { \"poll-interval\": \"5000\", \"status\":
\"STARTED\" }}"

```

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -X PUT "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/MyContainer" -d @my-container-configs.json
```

- Execute the request and review the KIE Server response.

Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "type": "SUCCESS",
  "msg": "Container MyContainer successfully deployed with module itorders:itorders:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT.",
  "result": {
    "kie-container": {
      "container-id": "MyContainer",
      "release-id": {
        "group-id": "itorders",
        "artifact-id": "itorders",
        "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
      },
      "resolved-release-id": {
        "group-id": "itorders",
        "artifact-id": "itorders",
        "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
      },
      "status": "STARTED",
      "scanner": {
        "status": "STARTED",
        "poll-interval": 5000
      },
      "config-items": [],
      "messages": [
        {
          "severity": "INFO",
          "timestamp": {
            "java.util.Date": 1540584717937
          },
          "content": [
            "Container MyContainer successfully created with module itorders:itorders:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT."
          ]
        }
      ],
      "container-alias": null
    }
  }
}
```

If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your request accordingly.

## 1.2. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE KIE SERVER REST API USING THE SWAGGER INTERFACE

The KIE Server REST API supports a Swagger web interface that you can use instead of a standalone

REST client or curl utility to interact with your KIE containers and business assets (such as business rules, processes, and solvers) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface.



## NOTE

By default, the Swagger web interface for KIE Server is enabled by the **org.kie.swagger.server.ext.disabled=false** system property. To disable the Swagger web interface in KIE Server, set this system property to **true**.

## Prerequisites

- KIE Server is installed and running.
- You have **kie-server** user role access to KIE Server.

## Procedure

1. In a web browser, navigate to **http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/docs**, such as **http://localhost:8080/kie-server/docs**, and log in with the user name and password of the KIE Server user with the **kie-server** role.
2. In the Swagger page, select the relevant API endpoint to which you want to send a request, such as **KIE Server and KIE containers** → **[GET] /server/containers** to retrieve KIE containers from KIE Server.
3. Click **Try it out** and provide any optional parameters by which you want to filter results, if needed.
4. In the **Response content type** drop-down menu, select the desired format of the server response, such as **application/json** for JSON format.
5. Click **Execute** and review the KIE Server response.

Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "type": "SUCCESS",
  "msg": "List of created containers",
  "result": {
    "kie-containers": {
      "kie-container": [
        {
          "container-id": "itorders_1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
          "release-id": {
            "group-id": "itorders",
            "artifact-id": "itorders",
            "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
          },
          "resolved-release-id": {
            "group-id": "itorders",
            "artifact-id": "itorders",
            "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
          },
          "status": "STARTED",
          "scanner": {
```

```

        "status": "DISPOSED",
        "poll-interval": null
    },
    "config-items": [],
    "container-alias": "itorders"
}
]
}
}
}

```

6. For this example, copy or note the project **group-id**, **artifact-id**, and **version** (GAV) data from one of the deployed KIE containers returned in the response.
7. In the Swagger page, navigate to the **KIE Server and KIE containers** → **[PUT] /server/containers/{containerId}** endpoint to send another request to deploy a new KIE container with the copied project GAV data. Adjust any request details according to your use case.
8. Click **Try it out** and enter the following components for the request:
  - **containerId**: Enter the ID of the new KIE container, such as **MyContainer**.
  - **body**: Set the **Parameter content type** to the desired request body format, such as **application/json** for JSON format, and add a request body with the configuration items for the new KIE container:

```

{
  "config-items": [
    {
      "itemName": "RuntimeStrategy",
      "itemValue": "SINGLETON",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    },
    {
      "itemName": "MergeMode",
      "itemValue": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    },
    {
      "itemName": "KBase",
      "itemValue": "",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    },
    {
      "itemName": "KSession",
      "itemValue": "",
      "itemType": "java.lang.String"
    }
  ],
  "release-id": {
    "group-id": "itorders",
    "artifact-id": "itorders",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
  },
  "scanner": {

```

```

    "poll-interval": "5000",
    "status": "STARTED"
  }
}

```

9. In the **Response content type** drop-down menu, select the desired format of the server response, such as **application/json** for JSON format.
10. Click **Execute** and review the KIE Server response.  
Example server response (JSON):

```

{
  "type": "SUCCESS",
  "msg": "Container MyContainer successfully deployed with module itorders:itorders:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT.",
  "result": {
    "kie-container": {
      "container-id": "MyContainer",
      "release-id": {
        "group-id": "itorders",
        "artifact-id": "itorders",
        "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
      },
      "resolved-release-id": {
        "group-id": "itorders",
        "artifact-id": "itorders",
        "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
      },
      "status": "STARTED",
      "scanner": {
        "status": "STARTED",
        "poll-interval": 5000
      },
      "config-items": [],
      "messages": [
        {
          "severity": "INFO",
          "timestamp": {
            "java.util.Date": 1540584717937
          },
          "content": [
            "Container MyContainer successfully created with module itorders:itorders:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT."
          ]
        }
      ],
      "container-alias": null
    }
  }
}

```

If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your request accordingly.

### 1.3. SUPPORTED KIE SERVER REST API ENDPOINTS



The KIE Server REST API provides endpoints for the following types of resources in Red Hat Decision Manager:

- KIE Server and KIE containers
- KIE session assets (for runtime commands)
- DMN assets
- Planning solvers

The KIE Server REST API base URL is **`http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/services/rest/`**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **`kie-server`** user role.

For the full list of KIE Server REST API endpoints and descriptions, use one of the following resources:

- [Execution Server REST API](#) on the jBPM Documentation page (static)
- Swagger UI for the KIE Server REST API at **`http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/docs`** (dynamic, requires running KIE Server)



#### NOTE

By default, the Swagger web interface for KIE Server is enabled by the **`org.kie.swagger.server.ext.disabled=false`** system property. To disable the Swagger web interface in KIE Server, set this system property to **`true`**.

## CHAPTER 2. KIE SERVER JAVA CLIENT API FOR KIE CONTAINERS AND BUSINESS ASSETS

Red Hat Decision Manager provides a KIE Server Java client API that enables you to connect to KIE Server using REST protocol from your Java client application. You can use the KIE Server Java client API as an alternative to the KIE Server REST API to interact with your KIE containers and business assets (such as business rules, processes, and solvers) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. This API support enables you to maintain your Red Hat Decision Manager resources more efficiently and optimize your integration and development with Red Hat Decision Manager.

With the KIE Server Java client API, you can perform the following actions also supported by the KIE Server REST API:

- Deploy or dispose KIE containers
- Retrieve and update KIE container information
- Return KIE Server status and basic information
- Retrieve and update business asset information
- Execute business assets (such as rules and processes)

KIE Server Java client API requests require the following components:

### Authentication

The KIE Server Java client API requires HTTP Basic authentication for the user role **kie-server**. To view configured user roles for your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/application-roles.properties` and `~/application-users.properties`.

To add a user with the **kie-server** role, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/bin` and run the following command:

```
$ ./add-user.sh -a --user <USERNAME> --password <PASSWORD> --role kie-server
```

For more information about user roles and Red Hat Decision Manager installation options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#).

### Project dependencies

The KIE Server Java client API requires the following dependencies on the relevant classpath of your Java project:

```
<!-- For remote execution on KIE Server -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.kie.server</groupId>
  <artifactId>kie-server-client</artifactId>
  <version>${rhdm.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For runtime commands -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.drools</groupId>
  <artifactId>drools-compiler</artifactId>
```

```

<scope>runtime</scope>
<version>${rhdm.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For debug logging (optional) -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>ch.qos.logback</groupId>
  <artifactId>logback-classic</artifactId>
  <version>${logback.version}</version>
</dependency>

```

The **<version>** for Red Hat Decision Manager dependencies is the Maven artifact version for Red Hat Decision Manager currently used in your project (for example, 7.39.0.Final-redhat-00005).

## NOTE

Instead of specifying a Red Hat Decision Manager **<version>** for individual dependencies, consider adding the Red Hat Business Automation bill of materials (BOM) dependency to your project **pom.xml** file. The Red Hat Business Automation BOM applies to both Red Hat Decision Manager and Red Hat Process Automation Manager. When you add the BOM files, the correct versions of transitive dependencies from the provided Maven repositories are included in the project.

Example BOM dependency:

```

<dependency>
  <groupId>com.redhat.ba</groupId>
  <artifactId>ba-platform-bom</artifactId>
  <version>7.8.0.redhat-00005</version>
  <scope>import</scope>
  <type>pom</type>
</dependency>

```

For more information about the Red Hat Business Automation BOM, see [What is the mapping between RHDM product and maven library version?](#).

## Client request configuration

All Java client requests with the KIE Server Java client API must define at least the following server communication components:

- Credentials of the **kie-server** user
- KIE Server location, such as **http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server**
- Marshalling format for API requests and responses (JSON, JAXB, or XSTREAM)
- A **KieServicesConfiguration** object and a **KieServicesClient** object, which serve as the entry point for starting the server communication using the Java client API
- A **KieServicesFactory** object defining REST protocol and user access
- Any other client services used, such as **RuleServicesClient**, **ProcessServicesClient**, or **QueryServicesClient**

The following are examples of basic and advanced client configurations with these components:

## Basic client configuration example

```
import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesConfiguration;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesFactory;

public class MyConfigurationObject {

    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    private static final MarshallingFormat FORMAT = MarshallingFormat.JSON;

    private static KieServicesConfiguration conf;
    private static KieServicesClient kieServicesClient;

    public static void initialize() {
        conf = KieServicesFactory.newRestConfiguration(URL, USER, PASSWORD);

        //If you use custom classes, such as Obj.class, add them to the configuration.
        Set<Class<?>> extraClassList = new HashSet<Class<?>>();
        extraClassList.add(Obj.class);
        conf.addExtraClasses(extraClassList);

        conf.setMarshallingFormat(FORMAT);
        kieServicesClient = KieServicesFactory.newKieServicesClient(conf);
    }
}
```

## Advanced client configuration example with additional client services

```
import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.client.CaseServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.DMNServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.DocumentServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.JobServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesConfiguration;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesFactory;
import org.kie.server.client.ProcessServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.QueryServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.RuleServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.SolverServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.UIServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.UserTaskServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.api.model.instance.ProcessInstance;
import org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerResource;
import org.kie.server.api.model.ReleaseId;

public class MyAdvancedConfigurationObject {

    // REST API base URL, credentials, and marshalling format
    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server";
```

```

private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

private static final MarshallingFormat FORMAT = MarshallingFormat.JSON;

private static KieServicesConfiguration conf;

// KIE client for common operations
private static KieServicesClient kieServicesClient;

// Rules client
private static RuleServicesClient ruleClient;

// Process automation clients
private static CaseServicesClient caseClient;
private static DocumentServicesClient documentClient;
private static JobServicesClient jobClient;
private static ProcessServicesClient processClient;
private static QueryServicesClient queryClient;
private static UIServicesClient uiClient;
private static UserTaskServicesClient userTaskClient;

// DMN client
private static DMNServicesClient dmnClient;

// Planning client
private static SolverServicesClient solverClient;

public static void main(String[] args) {
    initializeKieServerClient();
    initializeDroolsServiceClients();
    initializeJbpmServiceClients();
    initializeSolverServiceClients();
}

public static void initializeKieServerClient() {
    conf = KieServicesFactory.newRestConfiguration(URL, USER, PASSWORD);
    conf.setMarshallingFormat(FORMAT);
    kieServicesClient = KieServicesFactory.newKieServicesClient(conf);
}

public static void initializeDroolsServiceClients() {
    ruleClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(RuleServicesClient.class);
    dmnClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(DMNServicesClient.class);
}

public static void initializeJbpmServiceClients() {
    caseClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(CaseServicesClient.class);
    documentClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(DocumentServicesClient.class);
    jobClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(JobServicesClient.class);
    processClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(ProcessServicesClient.class);
    queryClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(QueryServicesClient.class);
    uiClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(UIServicesClient.class);
    userTaskClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(UserTaskServicesClient.class);
}

```

```

public static void initializeSolverServiceClients() {
    solverClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(SolverServicesClient.class);
}
}

```

## 2.1. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE KIE SERVER JAVA CLIENT API

The KIE Server Java client API enables you to connect to KIE Server using REST protocol from your Java client application. You can use the KIE Server Java client API as an alternative to the KIE Server REST API to interact with your KIE containers and business assets (such as business rules, processes, and solvers) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface.

### Prerequisites

- KIE Server is installed and running.
- You have **kie-server** user role access to KIE Server.
- You have a Java project with Red Hat Decision Manager resources.

### Procedure

1. In your client application, ensure that the following dependencies have been added to the relevant classpath of your Java project:

```

<!-- For remote execution on KIE Server -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.kie.server</groupId>
  <artifactId>kie-server-client</artifactId>
  <version>${rhdm.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For runtime commands -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.drools</groupId>
  <artifactId>drools-compiler</artifactId>
  <scope>runtime</scope>
  <version>${rhdm.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For debug logging (optional) -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>ch.qos.logback</groupId>
  <artifactId>logback-classic</artifactId>
  <version>${logback.version}</version>
</dependency>

```

2. Download the **Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.0 Source Distribution** from the [Red Hat Customer Portal](#) and navigate to `~/rhdm-7.8.0-sources/src/droolsjbpm-integration-$VERSION/kie-server-parent/kie-server-remote/kie-server-client/src/main/java/org/kie/server/client` to access the KIE Server Java clients.

3. In the `~/kie/server/client` folder, identify the relevant Java client for the request you want to send, such as **KieServicesClient** to access client services for KIE containers and other assets in KIE Server.
4. In your client application, create a **.java** class for the API request. The class must contain the necessary imports, KIE Server location and user credentials, a **KieServicesClient** object, and the client method to execute, such as **createContainer** and **disposeContainer** from the **KieServicesClient** client. Adjust any configuration details according to your use case.

### Creating and disposing a container

```
import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesConfiguration;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesFactory;
import org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerResource;
import org.kie.server.api.model.ServiceResponse;

public class MyConfigurationObject {

    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    private static final MarshallingFormat FORMAT = MarshallingFormat.JSON;

    private static KieServicesConfiguration conf;
    private static KieServicesClient kieServicesClient;

    public static void initialize() {
        conf = KieServicesFactory.newRestConfiguration(URL, USER, PASSWORD);
    }

    public void disposeAndCreateContainer() {
        System.out.println("== Disposing and creating containers ==");

        // Retrieve list of KIE containers
        List<KieContainerResource> kieContainers =
kieServicesClient.listContainers().getResult().getContainers();
        if (kieContainers.size() == 0) {
            System.out.println("No containers available...");
            return;
        }

        // Dispose KIE container
        KieContainerResource container = kieContainers.get(0);
        String containerId = container.getContainerId();
        ServiceResponse<Void> responseDispose =
kieServicesClient.disposeContainer(containerId);
        if (responseDispose.getType() == ResponseType.FAILURE) {
            System.out.println("Error disposing " + containerId + ". Message: ");
            System.out.println(responseDispose.getMsg());
            return;
        }
        System.out.println("Success Disposing container " + containerId);
        System.out.println("Trying to recreate the container...");
    }
}
```

```

// Re-create KIE container
ServiceResponse<KieContainerResource> createResponse =
kieServicesClient.createContainer(containerId, container);
if(createResponse.getType() == ResponseType.FAILURE) {
    System.out.println("Error creating " + containerId + ". Message: ");
    System.out.println(responseDispose.getMsg());
    return;
}
System.out.println("Container recreated with success!");
}
}
}
}

```

You define service responses using the **org.kie.server.api.model.ServiceResponse<T>** object, where **T** represents the type of returned response. The **ServiceResponse** object has the following attributes:

- **String message:** Returns the response message
- **ResponseType type:** Returns either **SUCCESS** or **FAILURE**
- **T result:** Returns the requested object

In this example, when you dispose a container, the **ServiceResponse** returns a **Void** response. When you create a container, the **ServiceResponse** returns a **KieContainerResource** object.



#### NOTE

A conversation between a client and a specific KIE Server container in a clustered environment is secured by a unique **conversationID**. The **conversationID** is transferred using the **X-KIE-ConversationId** REST header. If you update the container, unset the previous **conversationID**. Use **KieServicesClient.completeConversation()** to unset the **conversationID** for Java API.

5. Run the configured **.java** class from your project directory to execute the request, and review the KIE Server response.

If you enabled debug logging, KIE Server responds with a detailed response according to your configured marshalling format, such as JSON.

Example server response for a new KIE container (log):

```

10:23:35.194 [main] INFO o.k.s.a.m.MarshallerFactory - Marshaller extensions init
10:23:35.396 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.client.balancer.LoadBalancer - Load balancer
RoundRobinBalancerStrategy{availableEndpoints=[http://localhost:8080/kie-
server/services/rest/server]} selected url 'http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server'
10:23:35.398 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.i.AbstractKieServicesClientImpl - About to send GET
request to 'http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server'
10:23:35.440 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.i.AbstractKieServicesClientImpl - About to deserialize
content:
{
  "type" : "SUCCESS",
  "msg" : "Kie Server info",
  "result" : {
    "kie-server-info" : {

```



```

    "id" : "default-kieserver",
    "version" : "7.11.0.Final-redhat-00003",
    "name" : "default-kieserver",
    "location" : "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server",
    "capabilities" : [ "KieServer", "BRM", "BPM", "CaseMgmt", "BPM-UI", "BRP", "DMN",
"Swagger" ],
    "messages" : [ {
      "severity" : "INFO",
      "timestamp" : {
        "java.util.Date" : 1540814906533
      }
    } ],
    "content" : [ "Server KieServerInfo{serverId='default-kieserver', version='7.11.0.Final-
redhat-00003', name='default-kieserver', location='http://localhost:8080/kie-
server/services/rest/server', capabilities=[KieServer, BRM, BPM, CaseMgmt, BPM-UI, BRP,
DMN, Swagger], messages=null}started successfully at Mon Oct 29 08:08:26 EDT 2018" ]
  } ]
}
}'
into type: 'class org.kie.server.api.model.ServiceResponse'
10:23:35.653 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - KieServicesClient
connected to: default-kieserver version 7.11.0.Final-redhat-00003
10:23:35.653 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Supported capabilities by
the server: [KieServer, BRM, BPM, CaseMgmt, BPM-UI, BRP, DMN, Swagger]
10:23:35.653 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability KieServer
10:23:35.653 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - No builder found for
'KieServer' capability
10:23:35.654 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability BRM
10:23:35.654 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Builder
'org.kie.server.client.helper.DroolsServicesClientBuilder@6b927fb' for capability 'BRM'
10:23:35.655 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Capability implemented by
{interface
org.kie.server.client.RuleServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.RuleServicesClientImpl@4a9-
ee4}
10:23:35.655 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability BPM
10:23:35.656 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Builder
'org.kie.server.client.helper.JBPMServicesClientBuilder@4cc451f2' for capability 'BPM'
10:23:35.672 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Capability implemented by
{interface
org.kie.server.client.JobServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.JobServicesClientImpl@1189d-
52, interface
org.kie.server.client.admin.ProcessAdminServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.admin.impl.Proces-
sAdminServicesClientImpl@36bc55de, interface
org.kie.server.client.DocumentServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.DocumentServicesClien-
tImpl@564fabc8, interface
org.kie.server.client.admin.UserTaskAdminServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.admin.impl.User-
TaskAdminServicesClientImpl@16d04d3d, interface
org.kie.server.client.QueryServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.QueryServicesClientImpl@4-
9ec71f8, interface
org.kie.server.client.ProcessServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.ProcessServicesClientImp-
@1d2adfbe, interface
org.kie.server.client.UserTaskServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.UserTaskServicesClientI-
mpl@36902638}

```

```

10:23:35.672 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability CaseMgmt
10:23:35.672 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Builder
'org.kie.server.client.helper.CaseServicesClientBuilder@223d2c72' for capability 'CaseMgmt'
10:23:35.676 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Capability implemented by
{interface
org.kie.server.client.admin.CaseAdminServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.admin.impl.CaseAdm
nServicesClientImpl@2b662a77, interface
org.kie.server.client.CaseServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.CaseServicesClientImpl@7f0
eb4b4}
10:23:35.676 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability BPM-UI
10:23:35.676 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Builder
'org.kie.server.client.helper.JBPMUIServicesClientBuilder@5c33f1a9' for capability 'BPM-UI'
10:23:35.677 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Capability implemented by
{interface
org.kie.server.client.UIServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.UIServicesClientImpl@223191a
}
10:23:35.678 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability BRP
10:23:35.678 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Builder
'org.kie.server.client.helper.OptaplannerServicesClientBuilder@49139829' for capability
'BRP'
10:23:35.679 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Capability implemented by
{interface
org.kie.server.client.SolverServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.SolverServicesClientImpl@7
7bd92c}
10:23:35.679 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability DMN
10:23:35.679 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Builder
'org.kie.server.client.helper.DMNServicesClientBuilder@67c27493' for capability 'DMN'
10:23:35.680 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Capability implemented by
{interface
org.kie.server.client.DMNServicesClient=org.kie.server.client.impl.DMNServicesClientImpl@35e
2d654}
10:23:35.680 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - Building services client for
server capability Swagger
10:23:35.680 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.impl.KieServicesClientImpl - No builder found for
'Swagger' capability
10:23:35.681 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.client.balancer.LoadBalancer - Load balancer
RoundRobinBalancerStrategy{availableEndpoints=[http://localhost:8080/kie-
server/services/rest/server]} selected url 'http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server'
10:23:35.701 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.i.AbstractKieServicesClientImpl - About to send PUT
request to 'http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/employee-
rostering3' with payload '{
  "container-id" : null,
  "release-id" : {
    "group-id" : "employee rostering",
    "artifact-id" : "employee rostering",
    "version" : "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
  },
  "resolved-release-id" : null,
  "status" : null,
  "scanner" : null,
  "config-items" : [ ],
  "messages" : [ ],

```

```

"container-alias" : null
}'
10:23:38.071 [main] DEBUG o.k.s.c.i.AbstractKieServicesClientImpl - About to deserialize
content:
'{
  "type" : "SUCCESS",
  "msg" : "Container employee-rostering3 successfully deployed with module
employeeerostering:employeeerostering:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT.",
  "result" : {
    "kie-container" : {
      "container-id" : "employee-rostering3",
      "release-id" : {
        "group-id" : "employeeerostering",
        "artifact-id" : "employeeerostering",
        "version" : "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
      },
      "resolved-release-id" : {
        "group-id" : "employeeerostering",
        "artifact-id" : "employeeerostering",
        "version" : "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
      },
      "status" : "STARTED",
      "scanner" : {
        "status" : "DISPOSED",
        "poll-interval" : null
      },
      "config-items" : [ ],
      "messages" : [ {
        "severity" : "INFO",
        "timestamp" : {
          "java.util.Date" : 1540909418069
        }
      } ],
      "content" : [ "Container employee-rostering3 successfully created with module
employeeerostering:employeeerostering:1.0.0-SNAPSHOT." ]
    },
    "container-alias" : null
  }
}'
into type: 'class org.kie.server.api.model.ServiceResponse'

```

If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your Java configurations accordingly.

## 2.2. SUPPORTED KIE SERVER JAVA CLIENTS

The following are some of the Java client services available in the **org.kie.server.client** package of your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution. You can use these services to interact with related resources in KIE Server similarly to the KIE Server REST API.

- **KieServicesClient:** Used as the entry point for other KIE Server Java clients, and used to interact with KIE containers
- **JobServicesClient:** Used to schedule, cancel, re-queue, and get job requests

- **RuleServicesClient**: Used to send commands to the server to perform rule-related operations, such as executing rules or inserting objects into the KIE session
- **SolverServicesClient**: Used to perform all Red Hat Business Optimizer operations, such as getting the solver state and the best solution, or disposing a solver

The **getServicesClient** method provides access to any of these clients:

```
RuleServicesClient rulesClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(RuleServicesClient.class);
```

For the full list of available KIE Server Java clients, download the **Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.0 Source Distribution** from the [Red Hat Customer Portal](#) and navigate to `~/rhdm-7.8.0-sources/src/droolsjbpm-integration-$VERSION/kie-server-parent/kie-server-remote/kie-server-client/src/main/java/org/kie/server/client`.

## 2.3. EXAMPLE REQUESTS WITH THE KIE SERVER JAVA CLIENT API

The following are examples of KIE Server Java client API requests for basic interactions with KIE Server. For the full list of available KIE Server Java clients, download the **Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.0 Source Distribution** from the [Red Hat Customer Portal](#) and navigate to `~/rhdm-7.8.0-sources/src/droolsjbpm-integration-$VERSION/kie-server-parent/kie-server-remote/kie-server-client/src/main/java/org/kie/server/client`.

### Listing KIE Server capabilities

You can use the **org.kie.server.api.model.KieServerInfo** object to identify server capabilities. The **KieServicesClient** client requires the server capability information to correctly produce service clients. You can specify the capabilities globally in **KieServicesConfiguration**; otherwise they are automatically retrieved from KIE Server.

#### Example request to return KIE Server capabilities

```
public void listCapabilities() {
    KieServerInfo serverInfo = kieServicesClient.getServerInfo().getResult();
    System.out.print("Server capabilities:");

    for (String capability : serverInfo.getCapabilities()) {
        System.out.print(" " + capability);
    }

    System.out.println();
}
```

### Listing KIE containers in KIE Server

KIE containers are represented by the **org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerResource** object. The list of resources is represented by the **org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerResourceList** object.

#### Example request to return KIE containers from KIE Server

```
public void listContainers() {
    KieContainerResourceList containersList = kieServicesClient.listContainers().getResult();
    List<KieContainerResource> kieContainers = containersList.getContainers();
    System.out.println("Available containers: ");
    for (KieContainerResource container : kieContainers) {
```

```

        System.out.println("\t" + container.getContainerId() + " (" + container.getReleaseId() + ")");
    }
}

```

You can optionally filter the KIE container results using an instance of the **org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerResourceFilter** class, which is passed to the **org.kie.server.client.KieServicesClient.listContainers()** method.

### Example request to return KIE containers by release ID and status

```

public void listContainersWithFilter() {

    // Filter containers by releaseId "org.example:container:1.0.0.Final" and status FAILED
    KieContainerResourceFilter filter = new KieContainerResourceFilter.Builder()
        .releaseId("org.example", "container", "1.0.0.Final")
        .status(KieContainerStatus.FAILED)
        .build();

    // Using previously created KieServicesClient
    KieContainerResourceList containersList = kieServicesClient.listContainers(filter).getResult();
    List<KieContainerResource> kieContainers = containersList.getContainers();

    System.out.println("Available containers: ");

    for (KieContainerResource container : kieContainers) {
        System.out.println("\t" + container.getContainerId() + " (" + container.getReleaseId() + ")");
    }
}

```

### Creating and disposing KIE containers in KIE Server

You can use the **createContainer** and **disposeContainer** methods in the **KieServicesClient** client to dispose and create KIE containers. In this example, when you dispose a container, the **ServiceResponse** returns a **Void** response. When you create a container, the **ServiceResponse** returns a **KieContainerResource** object.

### Example request to dispose and re-create a KIE container

```

public void disposeAndCreateContainer() {
    System.out.println("== Disposing and creating containers ==");

    // Retrieve list of KIE containers
    List<KieContainerResource> kieContainers =
    kieServicesClient.listContainers().getResult().getContainers();
    if (kieContainers.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("No containers available...");
        return;
    }

    // Dispose KIE container
    KieContainerResource container = kieContainers.get(0);
    String containerId = container.getContainerId();
    ServiceResponse<Void> responseDispose = kieServicesClient.disposeContainer(containerId);
    if (responseDispose.getType() == ResponseType.FAILURE) {
        System.out.println("Error disposing " + containerId + ". Message: ");
    }
}

```

```

        System.out.println(responseDispose.getMsg());
        return;
    }
    System.out.println("Success Disposing container " + containerId);
    System.out.println("Trying to recreate the container...");

    // Re-create KIE container
    ServiceResponse<KieContainerResource> createResponse =
kieServicesClient.createContainer(containerId, container);
    if(createResponse.getType() == ResponseType.FAILURE) {
        System.out.println("Error creating " + containerId + ". Message: ");
        System.out.println(responseDispose.getMsg());
        return;
    }
    System.out.println("Container recreated with success!");
}

```

### Executing runtime commands in KIE Server

Red Hat Decision Manager supports runtime commands that you can send to KIE Server for asset-related operations, such as inserting or retracting objects in a KIE session or firing all rules. The full list of supported runtime commands is located in the **org.drools.core.command.runtime** package in your Red Hat Decision Manager instance.

You can use the **org.kie.api.command.KieCommands** class to insert commands, and use **org.kie.api.KieServices.get().getCommands()** to instantiate the **KieCommands** class. If you want to add multiple commands, use the **BatchExecutionCommand** wrapper.

### Example request to insert an object and fire all rules

```

import org.kie.api.command.Command;
import org.kie.api.command.KieCommands;
import org.kie.server.api.model.ServiceResponse;
import org.kie.server.client.RuleServicesClient;
import org.kie.server.client.KieServicesClient;
import org.kie.api.KieServices;

import java.util.Arrays;

...

public void executeCommands() {

    String containerId = "hello";
    System.out.println("== Sending commands to the server ==");
    RuleServicesClient rulesClient = kieServicesClient.getServicesClient(RuleServicesClient.class);
    KieCommands commandsFactory = KieServices.Factory.get().getCommands();

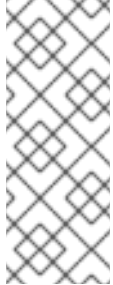
    Command<?> insert = commandsFactory.newInsert("Some String OBJ");
    Command<?> fireAllRules = commandsFactory.newFireAllRules();
    Command<?> batchCommand = commandsFactory.newBatchExecution(Arrays.asList(insert,
fireAllRules));

    ServiceResponse<String> executeResponse = rulesClient.executeCommands(containerId,
batchCommand);

    if(executeResponse.getType() == ResponseType.SUCCESS) {

```

```
System.out.println("Commands executed with success! Response: ");
System.out.println(executeResponse.getResult());
} else {
System.out.println("Error executing rules. Message: ");
System.out.println(executeResponse.getMsg());
}
}
```



## NOTE

A conversation between a client and a specific KIE Server container in a clustered environment is secured by a unique **conversationID**. The **conversationID** is transferred using the **X-KIE-ConversationId** REST header. If you update the container, unset the previous **conversationID**. Use **KieServicesClient.completeConversation()** to unset the **conversationID** for Java API.

## CHAPTER 3. KIE SERVER AND KIE CONTAINER COMMANDS IN RED HAT DECISION MANAGER

Red Hat Decision Manager supports server commands that you can send to KIE Server for server-related or container-related operations, such as retrieving server information or creating or deleting a container. The full list of supported KIE Server configuration commands is located in the **org.kie.server.api.commands** package in your Red Hat Decision Manager instance.

In the KIE Server REST API, you use the **org.kie.server.api.commands** commands as the request body for **POST** requests to **http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/services/rest/server/config**. For more information about using the KIE Server REST API, see [Chapter 1, KIE Server REST API for KIE containers and business assets](#).

In the KIE Server Java client API, you use the corresponding method in the parent **KieServicesClient** Java client as an embedded API request in your Java application. All KIE Server commands are executed by methods provided in the Java client API, so you do not need to embed the actual KIE Server commands in your Java application. For more information about using the KIE Server Java client API, see [Chapter 2, KIE Server Java client API for KIE containers and business assets](#).

### 3.1. SAMPLE KIE SERVER AND KIE CONTAINER COMMANDS

The following are sample KIE Server commands that you can use with the KIE Server REST API or Java client API for server-related or container-related operations in KIE Server:

- **GetServerInfoCommand**
- **GetServerStateCommand**
- **CreateContainerCommand**
- **GetContainerInfoCommand**
- **ListContainersCommand**
- **CallContainerCommand**
- **DisposeContainerCommand**
- **GetScannerInfoCommand**
- **UpdateScannerCommand**
- **UpdateReleaseIdCommand**

For the full list of supported KIE Server configuration and management commands, see the **org.kie.server.api.commands** package in your Red Hat Decision Manager instance.

You can run KIE Server commands individually or together as a batch REST API request or batch Java API request:

#### Batch REST API request to create, call, and dispose a KIE container (JSON)

```
{
  "commands": [
    {
```



```

"create-container": {
  "container": {
    "status": "STARTED",
    "container-id": "command-script-container",
    "release-id": {
      "version": "1.0",
      "group-id": "com.redhat",
      "artifact-id": "Project1"
    }
  }
},
{
  "call-container": {
    "payload": "{\n  \"commands\" : [ {\n    \"fire-all-rules\" : {\n      \"max\" : -1,\n      \"out-identifier\" :
null\n    }\n  } ]\n}",
    "container-id": "command-script-container"
  }
},
{
  "dispose-container": {
    "container-id": "command-script-container"
  }
}
]
}

```

### Batch Java API request to retrieve, dispose, and re-create a KIE container

```

public void disposeAndCreateContainer() {
    System.out.println("== Disposing and creating containers ==");

    // Retrieve list of KIE containers
    List<KieContainerResource> kieContainers =
kieServicesClient.listContainers().getResult().getContainers();
    if (kieContainers.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("No containers available...");
        return;
    }

    // Dispose KIE container
    KieContainerResource container = kieContainers.get(0);
    String containerId = container.getContainerId();
    ServiceResponse<Void> responseDispose = kieServicesClient.disposeContainer(containerId);
    if (responseDispose.getType() == ResponseType.FAILURE) {
        System.out.println("Error disposing " + containerId + ". Message: ");
        System.out.println(responseDispose.getMsg());
        return;
    }
    System.out.println("Success Disposing container " + containerId);
    System.out.println("Trying to recreate the container...");

    // Re-create KIE container
    ServiceResponse<KieContainerResource> createResponse =
kieServicesClient.createContainer(containerId, container);
    if (createResponse.getType() == ResponseType.FAILURE) {

```

```

        System.out.println("Error creating " + containerId + ". Message: ");
        System.out.println(responseDispose.getMsg());
        return;
    }
    System.out.println("Container recreated with success!");
}

```

Each command in this section includes a REST request body example (JSON) for the KIE Server REST API and an embedded method example from the **KieServicesClient** Java client for the KIE Server Java client API.

### GetServerInfoCommand

Returns information about the KIE Server.

#### Example REST request body (JSON)

```

{
  "commands" : [ {
    "get-server-info" : { }
  } ]
}

```

#### Example Java client method

```

KieServerInfo serverInfo = kieServicesClient.getServerInfo();

```

#### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Kie Server info",
      "result": {
        "kie-server-info": {
          "id": "default-kieserver",
          "version": "7.11.0.Final-redhat-00001",
          "name": "default-kieserver",
          "location": "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server",
          "capabilities": [
            "KieServer",
            "BRM",
            "BPM",
            "CaseMgmt",
            "BPM-UI",
            "BRP",
            "DMN",
            "Swagger"
          ],
          "messages": [
            {
              "severity": "INFO",
              "timestamp": {
                "java.util.Date": 1538502533321
              }
            }
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```





Table 3.1. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>container</b>	Map containing the <b>container-id</b> , <b>release-id</b> data (group ID, artifact ID, version), <b>status</b> , and any other components of the new KIE container	Required

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```
{
  "commands" : [ {
    "create-container" : {
      "container" : {
        "status" : null,
        "messages" : [ ],
        "container-id" : "command-script-container",
        "release-id" : {
          "version" : "1.0",
          "group-id" : "com.redhat",
          "artifact-id" : "Project1"
        },
        "config-items" : [ ]
      }
    }
  } ]
}
```

### Example Java client method

```
ServiceResponse<KieContainerResource> response =
kieServicesClient.createContainer("command-script-container", resource);
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully deployed with module
com.redhat:Project1:1.0.",
      "result": {
        "kie-container": {
          "container-id": "command-script-container",
          "release-id": {
            "version" : "1.0",
            "group-id" : "com.redhat",
            "artifact-id" : "Project1"
          },
          "resolved-release-id": {
            "version" : "1.0",
            "group-id" : "com.redhat",
            "artifact-id" : "Project1"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

```

    },
    "status": "STARTED",
    "scanner": {
      "status": "DISPOSED",
      "poll-interval": null
    },
    "config-items": [],
    "messages": [
      {
        "severity": "INFO",
        "timestamp": {
          "java.util.Date": 1538762455510
        },
        "content": [
          "Container command-script-container successfully created with module
com.redhat:Project1:1.0."
        ]
      }
    ],
    "container-alias": null
  }
}
]
}

```

### GetContainerInfoCommand

Returns information about a specified KIE container in KIE Server.

Table 3.2. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>container-id</b>	ID of the KIE container	Required

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```

{
  "commands" : [ {
    "get-container-info" : {
      "container-id" : "command-script-container"
    }
  } ]
}

```

### Example Java client method

```

ServiceResponse<KieContainerResource> response =
kieServicesClient.getContainerInfo("command-script-container");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Info for container command-script-container",
      "result": {
        "kie-container": {
          "container-id": "command-script-container",
          "release-id": {
            "group-id": "com.redhat",
            "artifact-id": "Project1",
            "version": "1.0"
          },
          "resolved-release-id": {
            "group-id": "com.redhat",
            "artifact-id": "Project1",
            "version": "1.0"
          },
          "status": "STARTED",
          "scanner": {
            "status": "DISPOSED",
            "poll-interval": null
          },
          "config-items": [

            ],
          "container-alias": null
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

### ListContainersCommand

Returns a list of KIE containers that have been created in the KIE Server.

Table 3.3. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>kie-container-filter</b>	Optional map containing <b>release-id-filter</b> , <b>container-status-filter</b> , and any other KIE container properties by which you want to filter results	Optional

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```

{
  "commands" : [ {
    "list-containers" : {
      "kie-container-filter" : {
        "release-id-filter" : { },
        "container-status-filter" : {

```

```

    "accepted-status" : ["FAILED"]
  }
}
}
}]
}

```

### Example Java client method

```

KieContainerResourceFilter filter = new KieContainerResourceFilter.Builder()
    .status(KieContainerStatus.FAILED)
    .build();

KieContainerResourceList containersList = kieServicesClient.listContainers(filter);

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "List of created containers",
      "result": {
        "kie-containers": {
          "kie-container": [
            {
              "container-id": "command-script-container",
              "release-id": {
                "group-id": "com.redhat",
                "artifact-id": "Project1",
                "version": "1.0"
              },
              "resolved-release-id": {
                "group-id": "com.redhat",
                "artifact-id": "Project1",
                "version": "1.0"
              },
              "status": "STARTED",
              "scanner": {
                "status": "STARTED",
                "poll-interval": 5000
              },
              "config-items": [
                {
                  "itemName": "RuntimeStrategy",
                  "itemValue": "SINGLETON",
                  "itemType": "java.lang.String"
                },
                {
                  "itemName": "MergeMode",
                  "itemValue": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS",
                  "itemType": "java.lang.String"
                },
                {
                  "itemName": "KBase",

```





```

    }
  }
}

```

### Example Java client method

```

List<Command<?>> commands = new ArrayList<Command<?>>();
BatchExecutionCommand batchExecution1 =
commandsFactory.newBatchExecution(commands, "defaultKieSession");
commands.add(commandsFactory.newFireAllRules());

ServiceResponse<ExecutionResults> response1 =
ruleClient.executeCommandsWithResults("command-script-container", batchExecution1);

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": "{\n  \"results\" : [ ],\n  \"facts\" : [ ]\n}"
    }
  ]
}

```

## DisposeContainerCommand

Disposes a specified KIE container in the KIE Server.

Table 3.5. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>container-id</b>	ID of the KIE container to be disposed	Required

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```

{
  "commands" : [ {
    "dispose-container" : {
      "container-id" : "command-script-container"
    }
  } ]
}

```

### Example Java client method

```

ServiceResponse<Void> response = kieServicesClient.disposeContainer("command-script-container");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully disposed.",
      "result": null
    }
  ]
}

```

### GetScannerInfoCommand

Returns information about the KIE scanner used for automatic updates in a specified KIE container, if applicable.

Table 3.6. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>container-id</b>	ID of the KIE container where the KIE scanner is used	Required

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```

{
  "commands" : [ {
    "get-scanner-info" : {
      "container-id" : "command-script-container"
    }
  } ]
}

```

### Example Java client method

```

ServiceResponse<KieScannerResource> response =
kieServicesClient.getScannerInfo("command-script-container");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

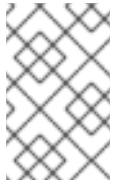
```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Scanner info successfully retrieved",
      "result": {
        "kie-scanner": {
          "status": "DISPOSED",
          "poll-interval": null
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

## UpdateScannerCommand

Starts or stops a KIE scanner that controls polling for updated KIE container deployments.



### NOTE

Avoid using a KIE scanner with business processes. Using a KIE scanner with processes can lead to unforeseen updates that can then cause errors in long-running processes when changes are not compatible with running process instances.

Table 3.7. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>container-id</b>	ID of the KIE container where the KIE scanner is used	Required
<b>status</b>	Status to be set on the KIE scanner ( <b>STARTED</b> , <b>STOPPED</b> )	Required
<b>poll-interval</b>	Permitted polling duration in milliseconds	Required only when starting scanner

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```
{
  "commands" : [ {
    "update-scanner" : {
      "scanner" : {
        "status" : "STARTED",
        "poll-interval" : 10000
      },
      "container-id" : "command-script-container"
    }
  } ]
}
```

### Example Java client method

```
KieScannerResource scannerResource = new KieScannerResource();
scannerResource.setPollInterval(10000);
scannerResource.setStatus(KieScannerStatus.STARTED);

ServiceResponse<KieScannerResource> response =
kieServicesClient.updateScanner("command-script-container", scannerResource);
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "response": [
    {
```

```

    "type": "SUCCESS",
    "msg": "Kie scanner successfully created.",
    "result": {
      "kie-scanner": {
        "status": "STARTED",
        "poll-interval": 10000
      }
    }
  }
]
}

```

### UpdateReleaseIdCommand

Updates the release ID data (group ID, artifact ID, version) for a specified KIE container.

**Table 3.8. Command attributes**

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>container-id</b>	ID of the KIE container to be updated	Required
<b>releaseId</b>	Updated GAV (group ID, artifact ID, version) data to be applied to the KIE container	Required

### Example REST request body (JSON)

```

{
  "commands": [ {
    "update-release-id": {
      "releaseId": {
        "version": "1.1",
        "group-id": "com.redhat",
        "artifact-id": "Project1"
      },
      "container-id": "command-script-container"
    }
  }
]
}

```

### Example Java client method

```

ServiceResponse<ReleaseId> response = kieServicesClient.updateReleaseId("command-script-
container", "com.redhat:Project1:1.1");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Release id successfully updated",
      "result": {

```

```
"release-id": {  
  "group-id": "com.redhat",  
  "artifact-id": "Project1",  
  "version": "1.1"  
}  
}  
]  
}
```

## CHAPTER 4. RUNTIME COMMANDS IN RED HAT DECISION MANAGER

Red Hat Decision Manager supports runtime commands that you can send to KIE Server for asset-related operations, such as executing all rules or inserting or retracting objects in a KIE session. The full list of supported runtime commands is located in the **org.drools.core.command.runtime** package in your Red Hat Decision Manager instance.

In the KIE Server REST API, you use the global **org.drools.core.command.runtime** commands or the rule-specific **org.drools.core.command.runtime.rule** commands as the request body for **POST** requests to **http://SERVER:PORT/kie-server/services/rest/server/containers/instances/{containerId}**. For more information about using the KIE Server REST API, see [Chapter 1, KIE Server REST API for KIE containers and business assets](#) .

In the KIE Server Java client API, you can embed these commands in your Java application along with the relevant Java client. For example, for rule-related commands, you use the **RuleServicesClient** Java client with the embedded commands. For more information about using the KIE Server Java client API, see [Chapter 2, KIE Server Java client API for KIE containers and business assets](#) .

### 4.1. SAMPLE RUNTIME COMMANDS IN RED HAT DECISION MANAGER

The following are sample runtime commands that you can use with the KIE Server REST API or Java client API for asset-related operations in KIE Server:

- **BatchExecutionCommand**
- **InsertObjectCommand**
- **RetractCommand**
- **ModifyCommand**
- **GetObjectCommand**
- **GetObjectsCommand**
- **InsertElementsCommand**
- **FireAllRulesCommand**
- **QueryCommand**
- **SetGlobalCommand**
- **GetGlobalCommand**

For the full list of supported runtime commands, see the **org.drools.core.command.runtime** package in your Red Hat Decision Manager instance.

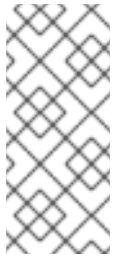
Each command in this section includes a REST request body example (JSON) for the KIE Server REST API and an embedded Java command example for the KIE Server Java client API. The Java examples use an object **org.drools.compiler.test.Person** with the fields **name** (String) and **age** (Integer).

#### **BatchExecutionCommand**

Contains multiple commands to be executed together.

Table 4.1. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>commands</b>	List of commands to be executed.	Required
<b>lookup</b>	Sets the KIE session ID on which the commands will be executed. For stateless KIE sessions, this attribute is required. For stateful KIE sessions, this attribute is optional and if not specified, the default KIE session is used.	Required for stateless KIE session, optional for stateful KIE session

**NOTE**

KIE session IDs are in the **kmodule.xml** file of your Red Hat Decision Manager project. To view or add a KIE session ID in Business Central to use with the **lookup** command attribute, navigate to the relevant project in Business Central and go to project **Settings** → **KIE bases** → **KIE sessions**. If no KIE bases exist, click **Add KIE base** → **KIE sessions** to define the new KIE base and KIE sessions.

**Example JSON request body**

```
{
  "lookup": "ksession1",
  "commands": [ {
    "insert": {
      "object": {
        "org.drools.compiler.test.Person": {
          "name": "john",
          "age": 25
        }
      }
    }
  },
  {
    "fire-all-rules": {
      "max": 10,
      "out-identifier": "firedActivations"
    }
  }
]
}
```

**Example Java command**

```
InsertObjectCommand insertCommand = new InsertObjectCommand(new Person("john", 25));
FireAllRulesCommand fireCommand = new FireAllRulesCommand();

BatchExecutionCommand batch = new
BatchExecutionCommandImpl(Arrays.asList(insertCommand, fireCommand), "ksession1");
```

**Example server response (JSON)**

-



```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [
            {
              "value": 0,
              "key": "firedActivations"
            }
          ],
          "facts": []
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

### InsertObjectCommand

Inserts an object into the KIE session.

Table 4.2. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>object</b>	The object to be inserted	Required
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID of the <b>FactHandle</b> created from the object insertion and added to the execution results	Optional
<b>return-object</b>	Boolean to determine whether the object must be returned in the execution results (default: <b>true</b> )	Optional
<b>entry-point</b>	Entry point for the insertion	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands": [ {
    "insert": {
      "entry-point": "my stream",
      "object": {
        "org.drools.compiler.test.Person": {
          "age": 25,
          "name": "john"
        }
      },
      "out-identifier": "john",
      "return-object": false
    }
  }
}

```

```

    }
  ]
}

```

### Example Java command

```

Command insertObjectCommand =
  CommandFactory.newInsert(new Person("john", 25), "john", false, null);

ksession.execute(insertObjectCommand);

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [],
          "facts": [
            {
              "value": {
                "org.drools.core.common.DefaultFactHandle": {
                  "external-form": "0:4:436792766:-
2127720265:4:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:java.util.LinkedHashMap"
                }
              },
              "key": "john"
            }
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

### RetractCommand

Retracts an object from the KIE session.

Table 4.3. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>fact-handle</b>	The <b>FactHandle</b> associated with the object to be retracted	Required

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands": [ {

```

```

    "retract": {
      "fact-handle": "0:4:436792766:-
2127720265:4:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:java.util.LinkedHashMap"
    }
  }
]
}

```

### Example Java command: Use `FactHandleFromString`

```

RetractCommand retractCommand = new RetractCommand();
retractCommand.setFactHandleFromString("123:234:345:456:567");

```

### Example Java command: Use `FactHandle` from inserted object

```

RetractCommand retractCommand = new RetractCommand(factHandle);

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container employee-rostering successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [],
          "facts": []
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

## ModifyCommand

Modifies a previously inserted object in the KIE session.

Table 4.4. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>fact-handle</b>	The <b>FactHandle</b> associated with the object to be modified	Required
<b>setters</b>	List of setters for object modifications	Required

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands": [ {
    "modify": {

```

```

"fact-handle": "0:4:436792766:-
2127720265:4:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:java.util.LinkedHashMap",
  "setters": {
    "accessor": "age",
    "value": 25
  }
}
]
}

```

### Example Java command

```

ModifyCommand modifyCommand = new ModifyCommand(factHandle);

List<Setter> setters = new ArrayList<Setter>();
setters.add(new SetterImpl("age", "25"));

modifyCommand.setSetters(setters);

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container employee-rostering successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [],
          "facts": []
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

## GetObjectCommand

Retrieves an object from a KIE session.

Table 4.5. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>fact-handle</b>	The <b>FactHandle</b> associated with the object to be retrieved	Required
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID of the <b>FactHandle</b> created from the object insertion and added to the execution results	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands": [ {
    "get-object": {
      "fact-handle": "0:4:436792766:-
2127720265:4:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:java.util.LinkedHashMap",
      "out-identifier": "john"
    }
  }
]
}

```

### Example Java command

```

GetObjectCommand getObjectCommand = new GetObjectCommand();
getObjectCommand.setFactHandleFromString("123:234:345:456:567");
getObjectCommand.setOutIdentifier("john");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [
            {
              "value": null,
              "key": "john"
            }
          ]
        },
        "facts": []
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

### GetObjectsCommand

Retrieves all objects from the KIE session as a collection.

Table 4.6. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>object-filter</b>	Filter for the objects returned from the KIE session	Optional
<b>out-identifier</b>	Identifier to be used in the execution results	Optional

### Example JSON request body

■

```
{
  "commands": [ {
    "get-objects": {
      "out-identifier": "objects"
    }
  }
]
}
```

### Example Java command

```
GetObjectsCommand getObjectsCommand = new GetObjectsCommand();
getObjectsCommand.setOutIdentifier("objects");
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [
            {
              "value": [
                {
                  "org.apache.xerces.dom.ElementNSImpl": "<?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-16'?>\n<object xmlns:xsi='http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance' xsi:type='person'>\n<age>25</age><name>john</name>\n </object>"
                },
                {
                  "org.drools.compiler.test.Person": {
                    "name": "john",
                    "age": 25
                  }
                }
              ],
              "key": "objects"
            }
          ],
          "facts": []
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

### InsertElementsCommand

Inserts a list of objects into the KIE session.

Table 4.7. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>objects</b>	The list of objects to be inserted into the KIE session	Required
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID of the <b>FactHandle</b> created from the object insertion and added to the execution results	Optional
<b>return-object</b>	Boolean to determine whether the object must be returned in the execution results. Default value: <b>true</b> .	Optional
<b>entry-point</b>	Entry point for the insertion	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```
{
  "commands": [ {
    "insert-elements": {
      "objects": [
        {
          "containedObject": {
            "@class": "org.drools.compiler.test.Person",
            "age": 25,
            "name": "john"
          }
        },
        {
          "containedObject": {
            "@class": "Person",
            "age": 35,
            "name": "sarah"
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  }
]
```

### Example Java command

```
List<Object> objects = new ArrayList<Object>();
objects.add(new Person("john", 25));
objects.add(new Person("sarah", 35));
```

```
Command insertElementsCommand = CommandFactory.newInsertElements(objects);
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
```

```

"response": [
  {
    "type": "SUCCESS",
    "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
    "result": {
      "execution-results": {
        "results": [],
        "facts": [
          {
            "value": {
              "org.drools.core.common.DefaultFactHandle": {
                "external-form": "0:4:436792766:-
2127720265:4:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:java.util.LinkedHashMap"
              }
            },
            "key": "john"
          },
          {
            "value": {
              "org.drools.core.common.DefaultFactHandle": {
                "external-form": "0:4:436792766:-
2127720266:4:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:java.util.LinkedHashMap"
              }
            },
            "key": "sarah"
          }
        ]
      }
    }
  }
]
}

```

### FireAllRulesCommand

Executes all rules in the KIE session.

**Table 4.8. Command attributes**

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>max</b>	Maximum number of rules to be executed. The default is <b>-1</b> and does not put any restriction on execution.	Optional
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID to be used for retrieving the number of fired rules in execution results.	Optional
<b>agenda-filter</b>	Agenda Filter to be used for rule execution.	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands" : [ {

```



```

    "fire-all-rules": {
      "max": 10,
      "out-identifier": "firedActivations"
    }
  }
}

```

### Example Java command

```

FireAllRulesCommand fireAllRulesCommand = new FireAllRulesCommand();
fireAllRulesCommand.setMax(10);
fireAllRulesCommand.setOutIdentifier("firedActivations");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [
            {
              "value": 0,
              "key": "firedActivations"
            }
          ],
          "facts": []
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

## QueryCommand

Executes a query defined in the KIE base.

Table 4.9. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>name</b>	Query name.	Required
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID of the query results. The query results are added in the execution results with this identifier.	Optional
<b>arguments</b>	List of objects to be passed as a query parameter.	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands": [
    {
      "query": {
        "name": "persons",
        "arguments": [],
        "out-identifier": "persons"
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

### Example Java command

```

QueryCommand queryCommand = new QueryCommand();
queryCommand.setName("persons");
queryCommand.setOutIdentifier("persons");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "type": "SUCCESS",
  "msg": "Container stateful-session successfully called.",
  "result": {
    "execution-results": {
      "results": [
        {
          "value": {
            "org.drools.core.runtime.rule.impl.FlatQueryResults": {
              "idFactHandleMaps": {
                "type": "LIST",
                "componentType": null,
                "element": [
                  {
                    "type": "MAP",
                    "componentType": null,
                    "element": [
                      {
                        "value": {
                          "org.drools.core.common.DisconnectedFactHandle": {
                            "id": 1,
                            "identityHashCode": 1809949690,
                            "objectHashCode": 1809949690,
                            "recency": 1,
                            "object": {
                              "org.kie.server.testing.Person": {
                                "fullname": "John Doe",
                                "age": 47
                              }
                            }
                          }
                        },
                        "entryPointId": "DEFAULT",
                        "traitType": "NON_TRAIT",
                        "external-form":
"0:1:1809949690:1809949690:1:DEFAULT:NON_TRAIT:org.kie.server.testing.Person"
                      }
                    ]
                  }
                ]
              }
            }
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  }
}

```

```

    },
    "key": "$person"
  }
]
},
"idResultMaps": {
  "type": "LIST",
  "componentType": null,
  "element": [
    {
      "type": "MAP",
      "componentType": null,
      "element": [
        {
          "value": {
            "org.kie.server.testing.Person": {
              "fullName": "John Doe",
              "age": 47
            }
          },
          "key": "$person"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
},
"identifiers": {
  "type": "SET",
  "componentType": null,
  "element": [
    "$person"
  ]
}
},
"key": "persons"
}
],
"facts": []
}
}
}

```

### SetGlobalCommand

Sets an object to a global state.

Table 4.10. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>identifier</b>	ID of the global variable defined in the KIE base	Required

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>object</b>	Object to be set into the global variable	Optional
<b>out</b>	Boolean to exclude the global variable you set from the execution results	Optional
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID of the global execution result	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```
{
  "commands": [
    {
      "set-global": {
        "identifier": "helper",
        "object": {
          "org.kie.server.testing.Person": {
            "fullname": "kyle",
            "age": 30
          }
        }
      },
      "out-identifier": "output"
    }
  ]
}
```

### Example Java command

```
SetGlobalCommand setGlobalCommand = new SetGlobalCommand();
setGlobalCommand.setIdentifier("helper");
setGlobalCommand.setObject(new Person("kyle", 30));
setGlobalCommand.setOut(true);
setGlobalCommand.setOutIdentifier("output");
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "type": "SUCCESS",
  "msg": "Container stateful-session successfully called.",
  "result": {
    "execution-results": {
      "results": [
        {
          "value": {
            "org.kie.server.testing.Person": {
              "fullname": "kyle",
              "age": 30
            }
          }
        }
      ],
      "key": "output"
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }
  ],
  "facts": []
}
}
}

```

### GetGlobalCommand

Retrieves a previously defined global object.

Table 4.11. Command attributes

Name	Description	Requirement
<b>identifier</b>	ID of the global variable defined in the KIE base	Required
<b>out-identifier</b>	ID to be used in the execution results	Optional

### Example JSON request body

```

{
  "commands": [ {
    "get-global": {
      "identifier": "helper",
      "out-identifier": "helperOutput"
    }
  }
]
}

```

### Example Java command

```

GetGlobalCommand getGlobalCommand = new GetGlobalCommand();
getGlobalCommand.setIdentifier("helper");
getGlobalCommand.setOutIdentifier("helperOutput");

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "response": [
    {
      "type": "SUCCESS",
      "msg": "Container command-script-container successfully called.",
      "result": {
        "execution-results": {
          "results": [
            {
              "value": null,
              "key": "helperOutput"
            }
          ]
        }
      },
      "facts": []
    }
  ],
  "facts": []
}

```

```
|  
  }  
  }  
  ]  
}
```

## CHAPTER 5. DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER REST API FOR KIE SERVER TEMPLATES AND INSTANCES

Red Hat Decision Manager provides a Decision Manager controller REST API that you can use to interact with your KIE Server templates (configurations), KIE Server instances (remote servers), and associated KIE containers (deployment units) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. This API support enables you to maintain your Red Hat Decision Manager servers and resources more efficiently and optimize your integration and development with Red Hat Decision Manager.

With the Decision Manager controller REST API, you can perform the following actions:

- Retrieve information about KIE Server templates, instances, and associated KIE containers
- Update, start, or stop KIE containers associated with KIE Server templates and instances
- Create, update, or delete KIE Server templates
- Create, update, or delete KIE Server instances

Requests to the Decision Manager controller REST API require the following components:

### Authentication

The Decision Manager controller REST API requires HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the following user roles, depending on controller type:

- **rest-all** user role if you installed Business Central and you want to use the built-in Decision Manager controller
- **kie-server** user role if you installed the headless Decision Manager controller separately from Business Central

To view configured user roles for your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/application-roles.properties` and `~/application-users.properties`.

To add a user with the **kie-server** role or the **rest-all** role or both, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/bin` and run the following command with the role or roles specified:

```
$ ./add-user.sh -a --user <USERNAME> --password <PASSWORD> --role kie-server,rest-all
```

To configure the **kie-server** or **rest-all** user with Decision Manager controller access, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/standalone-full.xml`, uncomment the **org.kie.server** properties (if applicable), and add the controller user login credentials and controller location (if needed):

```
<property name="org.kie.server.location" value="http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.controller" value="http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.controller.user" value="baAdmin"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.controller.pwd" value="password@1"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.id" value="default-kieserver"/>
```

For more information about user roles and Red Hat Decision Manager installation options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#).

## HTTP headers

The Decision Manager controller REST API requires the following HTTP headers for API requests:

- **Accept:** Data format accepted by your requesting client:
  - **application/json** (JSON)
  - **application/xml** (XML, for JAXB)
- **Content-Type:** Data format of your **POST** or **PUT** API request data:
  - **application/json** (JSON)
  - **application/xml** (XML, for JAXB)

## HTTP methods

The Decision Manager controller REST API supports the following HTTP methods for API requests:

- **GET:** Retrieves specified information from a specified resource endpoint
- **POST:** Updates a resource or resource instance
- **PUT:** Creates a resource or resource instance
- **DELETE:** Deletes a resource or resource instance

## Base URL

The base URL for Decision Manager controller REST API requests is

**http://SERVER:PORT/CONTROLLER/rest/**, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/** if you are using the Decision Manager controller built in to Business Central.

## Endpoints

Decision Manager controller REST API endpoints, such as

**/controller/management/servers/{serverTemplated}** for a specified KIE Server template, are the URLs that you append to the Decision Manager controller REST API base URL to access the corresponding server resource or type of server resource in Red Hat Decision Manager.

**Example request URL for /controller/management/servers/{serverTemplated} endpoint**

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers/default-kieserver**

## Request parameters and request data

Some Decision Manager controller REST API requests require specific parameters in the request URL path to identify or filter specific resources and to perform specific actions. You can append URL parameters to the endpoint in the format **?<PARAM>=<VALUE>&<PARAM>=<VALUE>**.

**Example DELETE request URL with parameters**

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/server/new-kieserver-instance?location=http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server**

HTTP **POST** and **PUT** requests may additionally require a request body or file with data to accompany the request.



## Example PUT request URL and JSON request body data

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers/new-kieserver**

```

{
  "server-id": "new-kieserver",
  "server-name": "new-kieserver",
  "container-specs": [],
  "server-config": {},
  "capabilities": [
    "RULE",
    "PROCESS",
    "PLANNING"
  ]
}

```

## 5.1. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER REST API USING A REST CLIENT OR CURL UTILITY

The Decision Manager controller REST API enables you to interact with your KIE Server templates (configurations), KIE Server instances (remote servers), and associated KIE containers (deployment units) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. You can send Decision Manager controller REST API requests using any REST client or curl utility.

### Prerequisites

- KIE Server is installed and running.
- The Decision Manager controller or headless Decision Manager controller is installed and running.
- You have **rest-all** user role access to the Decision Manager controller if you installed Business Central, or **kie-server** user role access to the headless Decision Manager controller installed separately from Business Central.

### Procedure

1. Identify the relevant [API endpoint](#) to which you want to send a request, such as **[GET] /controller/management/servers** to retrieve KIE Server templates from the Decision Manager controller.
2. In a REST client or curl utility, enter the following components for a **GET** request to **controller/management/servers**. Adjust any request details according to your use case.  
For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the Decision Manager controller user with the **rest-all** role or the headless Decision Manager controller user with the **kie-server** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
- **HTTP method:** Set to **GET**.

- **URL:** Enter the Decision Manager controller REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers**.

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the Decision Manager controller user with the **rest-all** role or the headless Decision Manager controller user with the **kie-server** role.
- **-H:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept: application/json**
- **-X:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the Decision Manager controller REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers**.

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -X GET
"http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers"
```

3. Execute the request and review the Decision Manager controller response.

Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "server-template": [
    {
      "server-id": "default-kieserver",
      "server-name": "default-kieserver",
      "container-specs": [
        {
          "container-id": "employee rostering_1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
          "container-name": "employee rostering",
          "server-template-key": {
            "server-id": "default-kieserver",
            "server-name": "default-kieserver"
          },
          "release-id": {
            "group-id": "employee rostering",
            "artifact-id": "employee rostering",
            "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
          },
          "configuration": {
            "RULE": {
              "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.RuleConfig": {
                "pollInterval": null,
                "scannerStatus": "STOPPED"
              }
            },
            "PROCESS": {
              "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ProcessConfig": {
                "runtimeStrategy": "SINGLETON",
                "kbase": "",
                "ksession": "",
                "mergeMode": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS"
              }
            }
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

```

    },
    "status": "STARTED"
  },
  {
    "container-id": "mortgage-process_1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "container-name": "mortgage-process",
    "server-template-key": {
      "server-id": "default-kieserver",
      "server-name": "default-kieserver"
    },
    "release-id": {
      "group-id": "mortgage-process",
      "artifact-id": "mortgage-process",
      "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
    },
    "configuration": {
      "RULE": {
        "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.RuleConfig": {
          "pollInterval": null,
          "scannerStatus": "STOPPED"
        }
      },
      "PROCESS": {
        "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ProcessConfig": {
          "runtimeStrategy": "PER_PROCESS_INSTANCE",
          "kbase": "",
          "ksession": "",
          "mergeMode": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS"
        }
      }
    },
    "status": "STARTED"
  }
],
"server-config": {},
"server-instances": [
  {
    "server-instance-id": "default-kieserver-instance@localhost:8080",
    "server-name": "default-kieserver-instance@localhost:8080",
    "server-template-id": "default-kieserver",
    "server-url": "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server"
  }
],
"capabilities": [
  "RULE",
  "PROCESS",
  "PLANNING"
]
}
]
}

```

- In your REST client or curl utility, send another API request with the following components for a **PUT** request to **/controller/management/servers/{serverTemplateId}** to create a new KIE Server template. Adjust any request details according to your use case.  
For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the Decision Manager controller user with the **rest-all** role or the headless Decision Manager controller user with the **kie-server** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following headers:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
  - **Content-Type:** `application/json`
- **HTTP method:** Set to **PUT**.
- **URL:** Enter the Decision Manager controller REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **`http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers/new-kieserver`**.
- **Request body:** Add a JSON request body with the configurations for the new KIE Server template:

```
{
  "server-id": "new-kieserver",
  "server-name": "new-kieserver",
  "container-specs": [],
  "server-config": {},
  "capabilities": [
    "RULE",
    "PROCESS",
    "PLANNING"
  ]
}
```

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the Decision Manager controller user with the **rest-all** role or the headless Decision Manager controller user with the **kie-server** role.
- **-H:** Set the following headers:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
  - **Content-Type:** `application/json`
- **-X:** Set to **PUT**.
- **URL:** Enter the Decision Manager controller REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **`http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers/new-kieserver`**.
- **-d:** Add a JSON request body or file ( **@file.json**) with the configurations for the new KIE Server template:

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -X PUT "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers/new-kieserver" -d "{ \"server-id\": \"new-kieserver\", \"server-name\": \"new-kieserver\", \"container-specs\": [], \"server-config\": {}, \"capabilities\": [ \"RULE\", \"PROCESS\", \"PLANNING\" ]}"
```

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -X PUT "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller/management/servers/new-kieserver" -d @my-server-template-configs.json
```

- Execute the request and confirm the successful Decision Manager controller response. If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your request accordingly.

## 5.2. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER REST API USING THE SWAGGER INTERFACE

The Decision Manager controller REST API supports a Swagger web interface that you can use instead of a standalone REST client or curl utility to interact with your KIE Server templates, instances, and associated KIE containers in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface.



### NOTE

By default, the Swagger web interface for the Decision Manager controller is enabled by the **org.kie.workbench.swagger.disabled=false** system property. To disable the Swagger web interface for the Decision Manager controller, set this system property to **true**.

### Prerequisites

- The Decision Manager controller is installed and running.
- You have **rest-all** user role access to the Decision Manager controller if you installed Business Central, or **kie-server** user role access to the headless Decision Manager controller installed separately from Business Central.

### Procedure

- In a web browser, navigate to **http://SERVER:PORT/CONTROLLER/docs**, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/docs**, and log in with the user name and password of the Decision Manager controller user with the **rest-all** role or the headless Decision Manager controller user with the **kie-server** role.



### NOTE

If you are using the Decision Manager controller built in to Business Central, the Swagger page associated with the Decision Manager controller is identified as the "Business Central API" for Business Central REST services. If you are using the headless Decision Manager controller without Business Central, the Swagger page associated with the headless Decision Manager controller is identified as the "Controller API". In both cases, the Decision Manager controller REST API endpoints are the same.

- In the Swagger page, select the relevant API endpoint to which you want to send a request, such as **Controller :: KIE Server templates and KIE containers** → **[GET] /controller/management/servers** to retrieve KIE Server templates from the Decision Manager controller.

3. Click **Try it out** and provide any optional parameters by which you want to filter results, if applicable.
4. In the **Response content type** drop-down menu, select the desired format of the server response, such as **application/json** for JSON format.
5. Click **Execute** and review the KIE Server response.

Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "server-template": [
    {
      "server-id": "default-kieserver",
      "server-name": "default-kieserver",
      "container-specs": [
        {
          "container-id": "employeeerostering_1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
          "container-name": "employeeerostering",
          "server-template-key": {
            "server-id": "default-kieserver",
            "server-name": "default-kieserver"
          },
          "release-id": {
            "group-id": "employeeerostering",
            "artifact-id": "employeeerostering",
            "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
          },
          "configuration": {
            "RULE": {
              "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.RuleConfig": {
                "pollInterval": null,
                "scannerStatus": "STOPPED"
              }
            },
            "PROCESS": {
              "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ProcessConfig": {
                "runtimeStrategy": "SINGLETON",
                "kbase": "",
                "ksession": "",
                "mergeMode": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS"
              }
            }
          },
          "status": "STARTED"
        },
        {
          "container-id": "mortgage-process_1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
          "container-name": "mortgage-process",
          "server-template-key": {
            "server-id": "default-kieserver",
            "server-name": "default-kieserver"
          },
          "release-id": {
            "group-id": "mortgage-process",
            "artifact-id": "mortgage-process",
            "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT"
          }
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

```

    },
    "configuration": {
      "RULE": {
        "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.RuleConfig": {
          "pollInterval": null,
          "scannerStatus": "STOPPED"
        }
      },
      "PROCESS": {
        "org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ProcessConfig": {
          "runtimeStrategy": "PER_PROCESS_INSTANCE",
          "kbase": "",
          "ksession": "",
          "mergeMode": "MERGE_COLLECTIONS"
        }
      }
    },
    "status": "STARTED"
  }
],
"server-config": {},
"server-instances": [
  {
    "server-instance-id": "default-kieserver-instance@localhost:8080",
    "server-name": "default-kieserver-instance@localhost:8080",
    "server-template-id": "default-kieserver",
    "server-url": "http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server"
  }
],
"capabilities": [
  "RULE",
  "PROCESS",
  "PLANNING"
]
}
]
}

```

6. In the Swagger page, navigate to the **Controller :: KIE Server templates and KIE containers** → **[GET] /controller/management/servers/{serverTemplateId}** endpoint to send another request to create a new KIE Server template. Adjust any request details according to your use case.
7. Click **Try it out** and enter the following components for the request:
  - **serverTemplateId**: Enter the ID of the new KIE Server template, such as **new-kieserver**.
  - **body**: Set the **Parameter content type** to the desired request body format, such as **application/json** for JSON format, and add a request body with the configurations for the new KIE Server template:

```

{
  "server-id": "new-kieserver",
  "server-name": "new-kieserver",
  "container-specs": [],
  "server-config": {}
}

```

```

"capabilities": [
  "RULE",
  "PROCESS",
  "PLANNING"
]
}

```

8. In the **Response content type** drop-down menu, select the desired format of the server response, such as **application/json** for JSON format.
9. Click **Execute** and confirm the successful Decision Manager controller response. If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your request accordingly.

## 5.3. SUPPORTED DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER REST API ENDPOINTS

The Decision Manager controller REST API provides endpoints for interacting with KIE Server templates (configurations), KIE Server instances (remote servers), and associated KIE containers (deployment units). The Decision Manager controller REST API base URL is

**http://SERVER:PORT/CONTROLLER/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **rest-all** user role if you installed Business Central and you want to use the built-in Decision Manager controller, or the **kie-server** user role if you installed the headless Decision Manager controller separately from Business Central.

For the full list of Decision Manager controller REST API endpoints and descriptions, use one of the following resources:

- [Controller REST API](#) on the jBPM Documentation page (static)
- Swagger UI for the Decision Manager controller REST API at **http://SERVER:PORT/CONTROLLER/docs** (dynamic, requires running Decision Manager controller)



### NOTE

By default, the Swagger web interface for the Decision Manager controller is enabled by the **org.kie.workbench.swagger.disabled=false** system property. To disable the Swagger web interface for the Decision Manager controller, set this system property to **true**.

If you are using the Decision Manager controller built in to Business Central, the Swagger page associated with the Decision Manager controller is identified as the "Business Central API" for Business Central REST services. If you are using the headless Decision Manager controller without Business Central, the Swagger page associated with the headless Decision Manager controller is identified as the "Controller API". In both cases, the Decision Manager controller REST API endpoints are the same.



## CHAPTER 6. DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER JAVA CLIENT API FOR KIE SERVER TEMPLATES AND INSTANCES

Red Hat Decision Manager provides a Decision Manager controller Java client API that enables you to connect to the Decision Manager controller using REST or WebSocket protocol from your Java client application. You can use the Decision Manager controller Java client API as an alternative to the Decision Manager controller REST API to interact with your KIE Server templates (configurations), KIE Server instances (remote servers), and associated KIE containers (deployment units) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. This API support enables you to maintain your Red Hat Decision Manager servers and resources more efficiently and optimize your integration and development with Red Hat Decision Manager.

With the Decision Manager controller Java client API, you can perform the following actions also supported by the Decision Manager controller REST API:

- Retrieve information about KIE Server templates, instances, and associated KIE containers
- Update, start, or stop KIE containers associated with KIE Server templates and instances
- Create, update, or delete KIE Server templates
- Create, update, or delete KIE Server instances

Decision Manager controller Java client API requests require the following components:

### Authentication

The Decision Manager controller Java client API requires HTTP Basic authentication for the following user roles, depending on controller type:

- **rest-all** user role if you installed Business Central and you want to use the built-in Decision Manager controller
- **kie-server** user role if you installed the headless Decision Manager controller separately from Business Central

To view configured user roles for your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/application-roles.properties` and `~/application-users.properties`.

To add a user with the **kie-server** role or the **rest-all** role or both, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/bin` and run the following command with the role or roles specified:

```
$ ./add-user.sh -a --user <USERNAME> --password <PASSWORD> --role kie-server,rest-all
```

To configure the **kie-server** or **rest-all** user with Decision Manager controller access, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/standalone-full.xml`, uncomment the **org.kie.server** properties (if applicable), and add the controller user login credentials and controller location (if needed):

```
<property name="org.kie.server.location" value="http://localhost:8080/kie-server/services/rest/server"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.controller" value="http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller"/>
```

```

<property name="org.kie.server.controller.user" value="baAdmin"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.controller.pwd" value="password@1"/>
<property name="org.kie.server.id" value="default-kieserver"/>

```

For more information about user roles and Red Hat Decision Manager installation options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#) .

## Project dependencies

The Decision Manager controller Java client API requires the following dependencies on the relevant classpath of your Java project:

```

<!-- For remote execution on controller -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.kie.server</groupId>
  <artifactId>kie-server-controller-client</artifactId>
  <version>${rhdm.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For REST client -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.jboss.resteasy</groupId>
  <artifactId>resteasy-client</artifactId>
  <version>${resteasy.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For WebSocket client -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>io.undertow</groupId>
  <artifactId>undertow-websockets-jsr</artifactId>
  <version>${undertow.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For debug logging (optional) -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>ch.qos.logback</groupId>
  <artifactId>logback-classic</artifactId>
  <version>${logback.version}</version>
</dependency>

```

The **<version>** for Red Hat Decision Manager dependencies is the Maven artifact version for Red Hat Decision Manager currently used in your project (for example, 7.39.0.Final-redhat-00005).



## NOTE

Instead of specifying a Red Hat Decision Manager **<version>** for individual dependencies, consider adding the Red Hat Business Automation bill of materials (BOM) dependency to your project **pom.xml** file. The Red Hat Business Automation BOM applies to both Red Hat Decision Manager and Red Hat Process Automation Manager. When you add the BOM files, the correct versions of transitive dependencies from the provided Maven repositories are included in the project.

Example BOM dependency:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.redhat.ba</groupId>
  <artifactId>ba-platform-bom</artifactId>
  <version>7.8.0.redhat-00005</version>
  <scope>import</scope>
  <type>pom</type>
</dependency>
```

For more information about the Red Hat Business Automation BOM, see [What is the mapping between RHDM product and maven library version?](#).

## Client request configuration

All Java client requests with the Decision Manager controller Java client API must define at least the following controller communication components:

- Credentials of the **rest-all** user if you installed Business Central, or the **kie-server** user if you installed the headless Decision Manager controller separately from Business Central
- Decision Manager controller location for REST or WebSocket protocol:
  - Example REST URL: **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller**
  - Example WebSocket URL: **ws://localhost:8080/headless-controller/websocket/controller**
- Marshalling format for API requests and responses (JSON or JAXB)
- A **KieServerControllerClient** object, which serves as the entry point for starting the server communication using the Java client API
- A **KieServerControllerClientFactory** defining REST or WebSocket protocol and user access
- The Decision Manager controller client service or services used, such as **listServerTemplates**, **getServerTemplate**, or **getServerInstances**

The following are examples of REST and WebSocket client configurations with these components:

## Client configuration example with REST

```
import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ServerTemplateList;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClient;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClientFactory;
```

```

public class ListServerTemplatesExample {

    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    private static final MarshallingFormat FORMAT = MarshallingFormat.JSON;

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        KieServerControllerClient client = KieServerControllerClientFactory.newRestClient(URL,
                                                                                          USER,
                                                                                          PASSWORD);

        final ServerTemplateList serverTemplateList = client.listServerTemplates();
        System.out.println(String.format("Found %s server template(s) at controller url: %s",
                                       serverTemplateList.getServerTemplates().length,
                                       URL));
    }
}

```

### Client configuration example with WebSocket

```

import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ServerTemplateList;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClient;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClientFactory;

public class ListServerTemplatesExample {

    private static final String URL = "ws://localhost:8080/my-controller/websocket/controller";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    private static final MarshallingFormat FORMAT = MarshallingFormat.JSON;

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        KieServerControllerClient client =
        KieServerControllerClientFactory.newWebSocketClient(URL,
                                                           USER,
                                                           PASSWORD);

        final ServerTemplateList serverTemplateList = client.listServerTemplates();
        System.out.println(String.format("Found %s server template(s) at controller url: %s",
                                       serverTemplateList.getServerTemplates().length,
                                       URL));
    }
}

```

## 6.1. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER JAVA CLIENT API

The Decision Manager controller Java client API enables you to connect to the Decision Manager

controller using REST or WebSocket protocols from your Java client application. You can use the Decision Manager controller Java client API as an alternative to the Decision Manager controller REST API to interact with your KIE Server templates (configurations), KIE Server instances (remote servers), and associated KIE containers (deployment units) in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface.

## Prerequisites

- KIE Server is installed and running.
- The Decision Manager controller or headless Decision Manager controller is installed and running.
- You have **rest-all** user role access to the Decision Manager controller if you installed Business Central, or **kie-server** user role access to the headless Decision Manager controller installed separately from Business Central.
- You have a Java project with Red Hat Decision Manager resources.

## Procedure

1. In your client application, ensure that the following dependencies have been added to the relevant classpath of your Java project:

```

<!-- For remote execution on controller -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.kie.server</groupId>
  <artifactId>kie-server-controller-client</artifactId>
  <version>${rhdm.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For REST client -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.jboss.resteasy</groupId>
  <artifactId>resteasy-client</artifactId>
  <version>${resteasy.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For WebSocket client -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>io.undertow</groupId>
  <artifactId>undertow-websockets-jsr</artifactId>
  <version>${undertow.version}</version>
</dependency>

<!-- For debug logging (optional) -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>ch.qos.logback</groupId>
  <artifactId>logback-classic</artifactId>
  <version>${logback.version}</version>
</dependency>

```

2. Download the **Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.0 Source Distribution** from the [Red Hat Customer Portal](#) and navigate to `~/rhdm-7.8.0-sources/src/droolsjbpm-integration-$VERSION/kie-server-parent/kie-server-controller/kie-server-controller-`

**client/src/main/java/org/kie/server/controller/client** to access the Decision Manager controller Java clients.

3. In the `~/kie/server/controller/client` folder, identify the relevant Java client implementation for the request you want to send, such as the **RestKieServerControllerClient** implementation to access client services for KIE Server templates and KIE containers in REST protocol.
4. In your client application, create a **.java** class for the API request. The class must contain the necessary imports, the Decision Manager controller location and user credentials, a **KieServerControllerClient** object, and the client method to execute, such as **createServerTemplate** and **createContainer** from the **RestKieServerControllerClient** implementation. Adjust any configuration details according to your use case.

## Creating and interacting with a KIE Server template and KIE containers

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;

import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerStatus;
import org.kie.server.api.model.KieScannerStatus;
import org.kie.server.api.model.ReleaseId;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.*;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClient;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClientFactory;

public class RestTemplateContainerExample {

    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    private static KieServerControllerClient client;

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        KieServerControllerClient client = KieServerControllerClientFactory.newRestClient(URL,
                                                                                          USER,
                                                                                          PASSWORD,
                                                                                          MarshallingFormat.JSON);

        // Create server template and KIE container, start and stop KIE container, and delete
        server template
        ServerTemplate serverTemplate = createServerTemplate();
        ContainerSpec container = createContainer(serverTemplate);
        client.startContainer(container);
        client.stopContainer(container);
        client.deleteServerTemplate(serverTemplate.getId());
    }

    // Re-create and configure server template
    protected static ServerTemplate createServerTemplate() {
        ServerTemplate serverTemplate = new ServerTemplate();
        serverTemplate.setId("example-client-id");
        serverTemplate.setName("example-client-name");
        serverTemplate.setCapabilities(Arrays.asList(Capability.PROCESS.name(),
                                                    Capability.RULE.name()),
```

```

        Capability.PLANNING.name());

    client.saveServerTemplate(serverTemplate);

    return serverTemplate;
}

// Re-create and configure KIE containers
protected static ContainerSpec createContainer(ServerTemplate serverTemplate){
    Map<Capability, ContainerConfig> containerConfigMap = new HashMap();

    ProcessConfig processConfig = new ProcessConfig("PER_PROCESS_INSTANCE",
"kieBase", "kieSession", "MERGE_COLLECTION");
    containerConfigMap.put(Capability.PROCESS, processConfig);

    RuleConfig ruleConfig = new RuleConfig(500l, KieScannerStatus.SCANNING);
    containerConfigMap.put(Capability.RULE, ruleConfig);

    ReleaseId releaseId = new ReleaseId("org.kie.server.testing", "stateless-session-kjar",
"1.0.0-SNAPSHOT");

    ContainerSpec containerSpec = new ContainerSpec("example-container-id", "example-
client-name", serverTemplate, releaseId, KieContainerStatus.STOPPED,
containerConfigMap);
    client.saveContainerSpec(serverTemplate.getId(), containerSpec);

    return containerSpec;
}
}

```

- Run the configured **.java** class from your project directory to execute the request, and review the Decision Manager controller response.  
If you enabled debug logging, KIE Server responds with a detailed response according to your configured marshalling format, such as JSON. If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your Java configurations accordingly.

## 6.2. SUPPORTED DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER JAVA CLIENTS

The following are some of the Java client services available in the **org.kie.server.controller.client** package of your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution. You can use these services to interact with related resources in the Decision Manager controller similarly to the Decision Manager controller REST API.

- **KieServerControllerClient:** Used as the entry point for communicating with the Decision Manager controller
- **RestKieServerControllerClient:** Implementation used to interact with KIE Server templates and KIE containers in REST protocol (found in `~/org/kie/server/controller/client/rest`)
- **WebSocketKieServerControllerClient:** Implementation used to interact with KIE Server templates and KIE containers in WebSocket protocol (found in `~/org/kie/server/controller/client/websocket`)

For the full list of available Decision Manager controller Java clients, download the **Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.0 Source Distribution** from the [Red Hat Customer Portal](#) and navigate to `~/rhdm-7.8.0-sources/src/droolsjbpm-integration-$VERSION/kie-server-parent/kie-server-controller/kie-server-`

`controller-client/src/main/java/org/kie/server/controller/client.`

## 6.3. EXAMPLE REQUESTS WITH THE DECISION MANAGER CONTROLLER JAVA CLIENT API

The following are examples of Decision Manager controller Java client API requests for basic interactions with the Decision Manager controller. For the full list of available Decision Manager controller Java clients, download the **Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.0 Source Distribution** from the [Red Hat Customer Portal](#) and navigate to `~/rhdm-7.8.0-sources/src/droolsjbpm-integration-$VERSION/kie-server-parent/kie-server-controller/kie-server-controller-client/src/main/java/org/kie/server/controller/client.`

### Creating and interacting with KIE Server templates and KIE containers

You can use the **ServerTemplate** and **ContainerSpec** services in the REST or WebSocket Decision Manager controller clients to create, dispose, and update KIE Server templates and KIE containers, and to start and stop KIE containers, as illustrated in this example.

### Example request to create and interact with a KIE Server template and KIE containers

```
import java.util.Arrays;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;

import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.api.model.KieContainerStatus;
import org.kie.server.api.model.KieScannerStatus;
import org.kie.server.api.model.ReleaseId;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.*;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClient;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClientFactory;

public class RestTemplateContainerExample {

    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    private static KieServerControllerClient client;

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        KieServerControllerClient client = KieServerControllerClientFactory.newRestClient(URL,
                                                                                          USER,
                                                                                          PASSWORD,
                                                                                          MarshallingFormat.JSON);
        // Create server template and KIE container, start and stop KIE container, and delete server
        // template
        ServerTemplate serverTemplate = createServerTemplate();
        ContainerSpec container = createContainer(serverTemplate);
        client.startContainer(container);
        client.stopContainer(container);
        client.deleteServerTemplate(serverTemplate.getId());
    }

    // Re-create and configure server template
    protected static ServerTemplate createServerTemplate() {
```



```

ServerTemplate serverTemplate = new ServerTemplate();
serverTemplate.setId("example-client-id");
serverTemplate.setName("example-client-name");
serverTemplate.setCapabilities(Arrays.asList(Capability.PROCESS.name(),
                                             Capability.RULE.name(),
                                             Capability.PLANNING.name()));

client.saveServerTemplate(serverTemplate);

return serverTemplate;
}

// Re-create and configure KIE containers
protected static ContainerSpec createContainer(ServerTemplate serverTemplate){
    Map<Capability, ContainerConfig> containerConfigMap = new HashMap();

    ProcessConfig processConfig = new ProcessConfig("PER_PROCESS_INSTANCE",
"kieBase", "kieSession", "MERGE_COLLECTION");
    containerConfigMap.put(Capability.PROCESS, processConfig);

    RuleConfig ruleConfig = new RuleConfig(500l, KieScannerStatus.SCANNING);
    containerConfigMap.put(Capability.RULE, ruleConfig);

    ReleaseId releaseId = new ReleaseId("org.kie.server.testing", "stateless-session-kjar",
"1.0.0-SNAPSHOT");

    ContainerSpec containerSpec = new ContainerSpec("example-container-id", "example-client-
name", serverTemplate, releaseId, KieContainerStatus.STOPPED, containerConfigMap);
    client.saveContainerSpec(serverTemplate.getId(), containerSpec);

    return containerSpec;
}
}

```

### Listing KIE Server templates and specifying connection timeout (REST)

When you use REST protocol for Decision Manager controller Java client API requests, you can provide your own **javax.ws.rs.core.Configuration** specification to modify the underlying REST client API, such as connection timeout.

#### Example REST request to return server templates and specify connection timeout

```

import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
import javax.ws.rs.core.Configuration;
import org.jboss.resteasy.client.jaxrs.ResteasyClientBuilder;

import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ServerTemplateList;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClient;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClientFactory;

public class RESTTimeoutExample {

    private static final String URL = "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/controller";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {

    // Specify connection timeout
    final Configuration configuration =
        new ResteasyClientBuilder()
            .establishConnectionTimeout(10,
                TimeUnit.SECONDS)
            .socketTimeout(60,
                TimeUnit.SECONDS)
            .getConfiguration();
    KieServerControllerClient client = KieServerControllerClientFactory.newRestClient(URL,
                                                                                       USER,
                                                                                       PASSWORD,
                                                                                       MarshallingFormat.JSON,
                                                                                       configuration);

    // Retrieve list of server templates
    final ServerTemplateList serverTemplateList = client.listServerTemplates();
    System.out.println(String.format("Found %s server template(s) at controller url: %s",
                                    serverTemplateList.getServerTemplates().length,
                                    URL));
}
}

```

### Listing KIE Server templates and specifying event notifications (WebSocket)

When you use WebSocket protocol for Decision Manager controller Java client API requests, you can enable event notifications based on changes that happen in the particular Decision Manager controller to which the client API is connected. For example, you can receive notifications when KIE Server templates or instances are connected to or updated in the Decision Manager controller.

#### Example WebSocket request to return server templates and specify event notifications

```

import org.kie.server.api.marshalling.MarshallingFormat;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.events.*;
import org.kie.server.controller.api.model.spec.ServerTemplateList;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClient;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.KieServerControllerClientFactory;
import org.kie.server.controller.client.event.EventHandler;

public class WebSocketEventsExample {

    private static final String URL = "ws://localhost:8080/my-controller/websocket/controller";
    private static final String USER = "baAdmin";
    private static final String PASSWORD = "password@1";

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        KieServerControllerClient client =
            KieServerControllerClientFactory.newWebSocketClient(URL,
                                                                USER,
                                                                PASSWORD,
                                                                MarshallingFormat.JSON,
                                                                new TestEventHandler());

        // Retrieve list of server templates

```

```

final ServerTemplateList serverTemplateList = client.listServerTemplates();
System.out.println(String.format("Found %s server template(s) at controller url: %s",
    serverTemplateList.getServerTemplates().length,
    URL));

try {
    Thread.sleep(60 * 1000);
} catch (Exception e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}
}

// Set up event notifications
static class TestEventHandler implements EventHandler {

    @Override
    public void onServerInstanceConnected(ServerInstanceConnected
serverInstanceConnected) {
        System.out.println("serverInstanceConnected = " + serverInstanceConnected);
    }

    @Override
    public void onServerInstanceDeleted(ServerInstanceDeleted serverInstanceDeleted) {
        System.out.println("serverInstanceDeleted = " + serverInstanceDeleted);
    }

    @Override
    public void onServerInstanceDisconnected(ServerInstanceDisconnected
serverInstanceDisconnected) {
        System.out.println("serverInstanceDisconnected = " + serverInstanceDisconnected);
    }

    @Override
    public void onServerTemplateDeleted(ServerTemplateDeleted serverTemplateDeleted) {
        System.out.println("serverTemplateDeleted = " + serverTemplateDeleted);
    }

    @Override
    public void onServerTemplateUpdated(ServerTemplateUpdated serverTemplateUpdated) {
        System.out.println("serverTemplateUpdated = " + serverTemplateUpdated);
    }

    @Override
    public void onServerInstanceUpdated(ServerInstanceUpdated serverInstanceUpdated) {
        System.out.println("serverInstanceUpdated = " + serverInstanceUpdated);
    }

    @Override
    public void onContainerSpecUpdated(ContainerSpecUpdated containerSpecUpdated) {
        System.out.println("onContainerSpecUpdated = " + containerSpecUpdated);
    }
}
}

```

## CHAPTER 7. KNOWLEDGE STORE REST API FOR BUSINESS CENTRAL SPACES AND PROJECTS

Red Hat Decision Manager provides a Knowledge Store REST API that you can use to interact with your projects and spaces in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. The Knowledge Store is the artifact repository for assets in Red Hat Decision Manager. This API support enables you to facilitate and automate maintenance of Business Central projects and spaces.

With the Knowledge Store REST API, you can perform the following actions:

- Retrieve information about all projects and spaces
- Create, update, or delete projects and spaces
- Build, deploy, and test projects
- Retrieve information about previous Knowledge Store REST API requests, or *jobs*

Knowledge Store REST API requests require the following components:

### Authentication

The Knowledge Store REST API requires HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the user role **rest-all**. To view configured user roles for your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/application-roles.properties` and `~/application-users.properties`.

To add a user with the **rest-all** role, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/bin` and run the following command:

```
$ ./add-user.sh -a --user <USERNAME> --password <PASSWORD> --role rest-all
```

For more information about user roles and Red Hat Decision Manager installation options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#).

### HTTP headers

The Knowledge Store REST API requires the following HTTP headers for API requests:

- **Accept**: Data format accepted by your requesting client:
  - **application/json** (JSON)
- **Content-Type**: Data format of your **POST** or **PUT** API request data:
  - **application/json** (JSON)

### HTTP methods

The Knowledge Store REST API supports the following HTTP methods for API requests:

- **GET**: Retrieves specified information from a specified resource endpoint
- **POST**: Creates or updates a resource
- **PUT**: Updates a resource
- **DELETE**: Deletes a resource

## Base URL

The base URL for Knowledge Store REST API requests is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/**.



### NOTE

The REST API base URL for the Knowledge Store and for the Decision Manager controller built in to Business Central are the same because both are considered part of Business Central REST services.

## Endpoints

Knowledge Store REST API endpoints, such as **/spaces/{spaceName}** for a specified space, are the URLs that you append to the Knowledge Store REST API base URL to access the corresponding resource or type of resource in Red Hat Decision Manager.

### Example request URL for **/spaces/{spaceName}** endpoint

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces/MySpace**

## Request data

HTTP **POST** requests in the Knowledge Store REST API may require a JSON request body with data to accompany the request.

### Example POST request URL and JSON request body data

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces/MySpace/projects**

```
{
  "name": "Employee_Rostering",
  "groupId": "employee rostering",
  "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to shifts based on their skill."
}
```

## 7.1. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE KNOWLEDGE STORE REST API USING A REST CLIENT OR CURL UTILITY

The Knowledge Store REST API enables you to interact with your projects and spaces in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. You can send Knowledge Store REST API requests using any REST client or curl utility.

### Prerequisites

- Business Central is installed and running.
- You have **rest-all** user role access to Business Central.

### Procedure

1. Identify the relevant [API endpoint](#) to which you want to send a request, such as **[GET] /spaces** to retrieve spaces in Business Central.

- In a REST client or curl utility, enter the following components for a **GET** request to **/spaces**. Adjust any request details according to your use case.

For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **rest-all** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept: application/json**
- **HTTP method:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the Knowledge Store REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces**.

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **rest-all** role.
- **-H:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept: application/json**
- **-X:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the Knowledge Store REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces**.

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -X GET
"http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces"
```

- Execute the request and review the KIE Server response.

Example server response (JSON):

```
[
  {
    "name": "MySpace",
    "description": null,
    "projects": [
      {
        "name": "Employee_Rostering",
        "spaceName": "MySpace",
        "groupId": "employee rostering",
        "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
        "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns
employees to shifts based on their skill.",
        "publicURLs": [
          {
            "protocol": "git",
            "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
          },
          {
            "protocol": "ssh",
            "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

```

    ]
  },
  {
    "name": "Mortgage_Process",
    "spaceName": "MySpace",
    "groupld": "mortgage-process",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "description": "Getting started loan approval process in BPMN2, decision table, business
rules, and forms.",
    "publicURLs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
      },
      {
        "protocol": "ssh",
        "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
      }
    ]
  }
],
"owner": "admin",
"defaultGroupld": "com.myspace"
},
{
  "name": "MySpace2",
  "description": null,
  "projects": [
    {
      "name": "IT_Orders",
      "spaceName": "MySpace",
      "groupld": "itorders",
      "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
      "description": "Case Management IT Orders project",
      "publicURLs": [
        {
          "protocol": "git",
          "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-IT_Orders-1"
        },
        {
          "protocol": "ssh",
          "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-IT_Orders-1"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
},
"owner": "admin",
"defaultGroupld": "com.myspace"
}
]

```

- In your REST client or curl utility, send another API request with the following components for a **POST** request to `/spaces/{spaceName}/projects` to create a project within a space. Adjust any request details according to your use case.

For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **rest-all** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
  - **Accept-Language:** `en-US`
  - **Content-Type:** `application/json`
- **HTTP method:** Set to **POST**.
- **URL:** Enter the Knowledge Store REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **`http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces/MySpace/projects`**.
- **Request body:** Add a JSON request body with the identification data for the new project:

```
{
  "name": "Employee_Rostering",
  "groupId": "employee rostering",
  "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees
to shifts based on their skill."
}
```

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **rest-all** role.
- **-H:** Set the following headers:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
  - **Accept-Language:** `en-US` (If not defined, the default locale from the JVM is reflected)
  - **Content-Type:** `application/json`
- **-X:** Set to **POST**.
- **URL:** Enter the Knowledge Store REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **`http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/spaces/MySpace/projects`**.
- **-d:** Add a JSON request body or file ( **@file.json**) with the identification data for the new project:

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Accept-Language: en-US" -
H "Content-Type: application/json" -X POST "http://localhost:8080/decision-
central/rest/spaces/MySpace/projects" -d "{ \"name\": \"Employee_Rostering\", \"groupId\":
\"employee rostering\", \"version\": \"1.0.0-SNAPSHOT\", \"description\": \"Employee rostering
problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to shifts based on their skill.\"}"
```

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Accept-Language: en-US" -
H "Content-Type: application/json" -X POST "http://localhost:8080/decision-
central/rest/spaces/MySpace/projects" -d @my-project.json
```



- Execute the request and review the KIE Server response.

Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "jobId": "1541017411591-6",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "MySpace",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "projectGroupId": "employee rostering",
  "projectVersion": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees
to shifts based on their skill."
}
```

If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your request accordingly.

## 7.2. SUPPORTED KNOWLEDGE STORE REST API ENDPOINTS

The Knowledge Store REST API provides endpoints for managing spaces and projects in Red Hat Decision Manager and for retrieving information about previous Knowledge Store REST API requests, or *jobs*.

### 7.2.1. Spaces

The Knowledge Store REST API supports the following endpoints for managing spaces in Business Central. The Knowledge Store REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **rest-all** user role.

#### [GET] /spaces

Returns all spaces in Business Central.

#### Example server response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "name": "MySpace",
    "description": null,
    "projects": [
      {
        "name": "Employee_Rostering",
        "spaceName": "MySpace",
        "groupId": "employee rostering",
        "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
        "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to
shifts based on their skill.",
        "publicURIs": [
          {
            "protocol": "git",
            "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
          },
          {
            "protocol": "ssh",
            "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
          }
        ]
      }
    ]
  }
]
```

```

    }
  ]
},
{
  "name": "Mortgage_Process",
  "spaceName": "MySpace",
  "groupld": "mortgage-process",
  "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Getting started loan approval process in BPMN2, decision table, business
rules, and forms.",
  "publicURIs": [
    {
      "protocol": "git",
      "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
    },
    {
      "protocol": "ssh",
      "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
    }
  ]
}
],
"owner": "admin",
"defaultGroupld": "com.myspace"
},
{
  "name": "MySpace2",
  "description": null,
  "projects": [
    {
      "name": "IT_Orders",
      "spaceName": "MySpace",
      "groupld": "itorders",
      "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
      "description": "Case Management IT Orders project",
      "publicURIs": [
        {
          "protocol": "git",
          "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-IT_Orders-1"
        },
        {
          "protocol": "ssh",
          "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-IT_Orders-1"
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
],
"owner": "admin",
"defaultGroupld": "com.myspace"
}
]

```

**[GET] /spaces/{spaceName}**

Returns information about a specified space.

Table 7.1. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space to be retrieved	String	Required

## Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "name": "MySpace",
  "description": null,
  "projects": [
    {
      "name": "Mortgage_Process",
      "spaceName": "MySpace",
      "groupld": "mortgage-process",
      "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
      "description": "Getting started loan approval process in BPMN2, decision table, business rules,
and forms.",
      "publicURIs": [
        {
          "protocol": "git",
          "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
        },
        {
          "protocol": "ssh",
          "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
        }
      ]
    },
    {
      "name": "Employee_Rostering",
      "spaceName": "MySpace",
      "groupld": "employeeerostering",
      "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
      "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to
shifts based on their skill.",
      "publicURIs": [
        {
          "protocol": "git",
          "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
        },
        {
          "protocol": "ssh",
          "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
        }
      ]
    },
    {
      "name": "Evaluation_Process",
      "spaceName": "MySpace",
      "groupld": "evaluation",
      "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",

```

```

    "description": "Getting started Business Process for evaluating employees",
    "publicURIs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Evaluation_Process"
      },
      {
        "protocol": "ssh",
        "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Evaluation_Process"
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "name": "IT_Orders",
    "spaceName": "MySpace",
    "groupld": "itorders",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "description": "Case Management IT Orders project",
    "publicURIs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-IT_Orders"
      },
      {
        "protocol": "ssh",
        "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-IT_Orders"
      }
    ]
  }
],
"owner": "admin",
"defaultGroupld": "com.myspace"
}

```

### [POST]/spaces

Creates a space in Business Central.

Table 7.2. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
body	The <b>name</b> , <b>description</b> , <b>owner</b> , <b>defaultGroupld</b> , and any other components of the new space	Request body	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```

{
  "name": "NewSpace",
  "description": "My new space.",
  "owner": "admin",
  "defaultGroupld": "com.newspace"
}

```

**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "jobId": "1541016978154-3",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "NewSpace",
  "owner": "admin",
  "defaultGroupId": "com.newspace",
  "description": "My new space."
}
```

**[PUT] /spaces**

Updates **description**, **owner**, and **defaultGroupId** of a space in Business Central.

**Example request body (JSON)**

```
{
  "name": "MySpace",
  "description": "This is updated description",
  "owner": "admin",
  "defaultGroupId": "com.updatedGroupId"
}
```

**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "jobId": "1592214574454-1",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "MySpace",
  "owner": "admin",
  "defaultGroupId": "com.updatedGroupId",
  "description": "This is updated description"
}
```

**[DELETE] /spaces/{spaceName}**

Deletes a specified space from Business Central.

**Table 7.3. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space to be deleted	String	Required

**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "jobId": "1541127032997-8",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "MySpace",
  "owner": "admin",
}
```

```

    "description": "My deleted space.",
    "repositories": null
  }

```

## 7.2.2. Projects

The Knowledge Store REST API supports the following endpoints for managing, building, and deploying projects in Business Central. The Knowledge Store REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **rest-all** user role.

### [GET] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects

Returns projects in a specified space.

Table 7.4. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space for which you are retrieving projects	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

[
  {
    "name": "Mortgage_Process",
    "spaceName": "MySpace",
    "groupld": "mortgage-process",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "description": "Getting started loan approval process in BPMN2, decision table, business rules,
and forms.",
    "publicURIs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
      },
      {
        "protocol": "ssh",
        "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Mortgage_Process"
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "name": "Employee_Rostering",
    "spaceName": "MySpace",
    "groupld": "employeeerostering",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to
shifts based on their skill.",
    "publicURIs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
      }
    ]
  }
]

```

```

    },
    {
      "protocol": "ssh",
      "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
    }
  ],
  },
  {
    "name": "Evaluation_Process",
    "spaceName": "MySpace",
    "groupId": "evaluation",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "description": "Getting started Business Process for evaluating employees",
    "publicURIs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Evaluation_Process"
      },
      {
        "protocol": "ssh",
        "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Evaluation_Process"
      }
    ]
  },
  {
    "name": "IT_Orders",
    "spaceName": "MySpace",
    "groupId": "itorders",
    "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
    "description": "Case Management IT Orders project",
    "publicURIs": [
      {
        "protocol": "git",
        "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-IT_Orders"
      },
      {
        "protocol": "ssh",
        "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-IT_Orders"
      }
    ]
  }
]

```

### [GET] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}

Returns information about a specified project in a specified space.

Table 7.5. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project to be retrieved	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "name": "Employee_Rostering",
  "spaceName": "MySpace",
  "groupld": "employee rostering",
  "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to shifts based on their skill.",
  "publicURIs": [
    {
      "protocol": "git",
      "uri": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
    },
    {
      "protocol": "ssh",
      "uri": "ssh://localhost:8001/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
    }
  ]
}
```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects

Creates a project in a specified space.

Table 7.6. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space in which the new project will be created	String	Required
<b>body</b>	The <b>name</b> , <b>groupld</b> , <b>version</b> , <b>description</b> , and any other components of the new project	Request body	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
{
  "name": "Employee_Rostering",
  "groupld": "employee rostering",
  "version": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to shifts based on their skill."
}
```

### Example server response (JSON)



```
{
  "jobId": "1541017411591-6",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "MySpace",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "projectGroupId": "employee rostering",
  "projectVersion": "1.0.0-SNAPSHOT",
  "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to
  shifts based on their skill."
}
```

### [DELETE] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}

Deletes a specified project from a specified space.

Table 7.7. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project to be deleted	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1541128617727-10",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "spaceName": "MySpace"
}
```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/git/clone

Clones a project into a specified space from a specified Git address.

Table 7.8. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space to which you are cloning a project	String	Required
<b>body</b>	The <b>name</b> , <b>description</b> , and Git repository <b>userName</b> , <b>password</b> , and <b>gitURL</b> for the project to be cloned	Request body	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
{
```

```

"name": "Employee_Rostering",
"description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to
shifts based on their skill.",
"userName": "baAdmin",
"password": "password@1",
"gitURL": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
}

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "jobId": "1541129488547-13",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "cloneProjectRequest": {
    "name": "Employee_Rostering",
    "description": "Employee rostering problem optimisation using Planner. Assigns employees to
shifts based on their skill.",
    "userName": "baAdmin",
    "password": "password@1",
    "gitURL": "git://localhost:9418/MySpace/example-Employee_Rostering"
  },
  "spaceName": "MySpace2"
}

```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/maven/compile

Compiles a specified project in a specified space (equivalent to **mvn compile**).

Table 7.9. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project to be compiled	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "jobId": "1541128617727-10",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "spaceName": "MySpace"
}

```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/maven/test

Tests a specified project in a specified space (equivalent to **mvn test**).

Table 7.10. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project to be tested	String	Required

#### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1541132591595-19",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "spaceName": "MySpace"
}
```

#### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/maven/install

Installs a specified project in a specified space (equivalent to **mvn install**).

Table 7.11. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project to be installed	String	Required

#### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1541132668987-20",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "spaceName": "MySpace"
}
```

#### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/maven/deploy

Deploys a specified project in a specified space (equivalent to **mvn deploy**).

Table 7.12. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project to be deployed	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1541132816435-21",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "projectName": "Employee_Rostering",
  "spaceName": "MySpace"
}
```

### 7.2.3. Jobs (API requests)

All **POST** and **DELETE** requests in the Knowledge Store REST API return a job ID associated with each request, in addition to the returned request details. You can use a job ID to view the request status or delete a sent request.

Knowledge Store REST API requests, or *jobs*, can have the following statuses:

Table 7.13. Job statuses (API request statuses)

Status	Description
<b>ACCEPTED</b>	The request was accepted and is being processed.
<b>BAD_REQUEST</b>	The request contained incorrect content and was not accepted.
<b>RESOURCE_NOT_EXIST</b>	The requested resource (path) does not exist.
<b>DUPLICATE_RESOURCE</b>	The resource already exists.
<b>SERVER_ERROR</b>	An error occurred in KIE Server.
<b>SUCCESS</b>	The request finished successfully.
<b>FAIL</b>	The request failed.
<b>APPROVED</b>	The request was approved.
<b>DENIED</b>	The request was denied.

Status	Description
<b>GONE</b>	<p>The job ID for the request could not be found due to one of the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The request was explicitly removed.</li> <li>• The request finished and has been deleted from a status cache. A request is removed from a status cache after the cache has reached its maximum capacity.</li> <li>• The request never existed.</li> </ul>

The Knowledge Store REST API supports the following endpoints for retrieving or deleting sent API requests. The Knowledge Store REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **rest-all** user role.

### [GET] /jobs/{jobId}

Returns the status of a specified job (a previously sent API request).

**Table 7.14. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>jobId</b>	ID of the job to be retrieved (example: <b>1541010216919-1</b> )	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "SUCCESS",
  "jobId": "1541010216919-1",
  "result": null,
  "lastModified": 1541010218352,
  "detailedResult": [
    "level:INFO, path:null, text:Build of module 'Mortgage_Process' (requested by system)
    completed.\n Build: SUCCESSFUL"
  ]
}
```

### [DELETE] /jobs/{jobId}

Deletes a specified job (a previously sent API request). If the job is not being processed yet, this request removes the job from the job queue. This request does not cancel or stop an ongoing job.

**Table 7.15. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>jobId</b>	ID of the job to be deleted (example: <b>1541010216919-1</b> )	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "GONE",
  "jobId": "1541010216919-1",
  "result": null,
  "lastModified": 1541132054916,
  "detailedResult": [
    "level:INFO, path:null, text:Build of module 'Mortgage_Process' (requested by system)
    completed.\n Build: SUCCESSFUL"
  ]
}
```

## 7.2.4. Branches

The Knowledge Store REST API supports the following endpoints for managing branches in Business Central. The Knowledge Store REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **rest-all** user role.

### [GET] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches

Returns all branches in a specified project and space.

Table 7.16. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space for which you are retrieving projects	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project for which you are retrieving branches	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "name":"master"
  }
]
```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches

Adds a specified branch in a specified project and space.

Table 7.17. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project in which the new branch needs to be created	String	Required
<b>body</b>	The <b>newBranchName</b> and <b>baseBranchName</b> of a project	Request body	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
{
  "newBranchName": "branch01",
  "baseBranchName": "master"
}
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1576175811141-3",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "Space123",
  "projectName": "ProjABC",
  "newBranchName": "b1",
  "baseBranchName": "master",
  "userIdentifier": "bc"
}
```

**[DELETE] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches/{branchName}**

Deletes a specified branch in a specified project and space.

**Table 7.18. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project where the branch is located	String	Required
<b>branchName</b>	Name of the branch to be deleted	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1576175811421-5",
  "status": "APPROVED",
}
```

```

"spaceName": "Space123",
"projectName": "ProjABC",
"branchName": "b1",
"userIdentifier": "bc"
}

```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches/{branchName}/maven/compile

Compiles a specified branch in a specified project and space. If **branchName** is not specified, then request applies to the master branch.

Table 7.19. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project where the branch is located	String	Required
<b>branchName</b>	Name of the branch to be compiled	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "jobId": "1576175811233-4",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "Space123",
  "projectName": "ProjABC",
  "branchName": "b1",
}

```

### [POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches/{branchName}/maven/install

Installs a specified branch in a specified project and space. If **branchName** is not specified, then request applies to the master branch.

Table 7.20. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project where the branch is located	String	Required
<b>branchName</b>	Name of the branch to be installed	String	Required



**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "jobId": "1576175811233-4",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "Space123",
  "projectName": "ProjABC",
  "branchName": "b1",
}
```

**[POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches/{branchName}/maven/test**

Tests a specified branch in a specified project and space. If **branchName** is not specified, then request applies to the master branch.

**Table 7.21. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project where the branch is located	String	Required
<b>branchName</b>	Name of the branch to be tested	String	Required

**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "jobId": "1576175811233-4",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "Space123",
  "projectName": "ProjABC",
  "branchName": "b1",
}
```

**[POST] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects/{projectName}/branches/{branchName}/maven/deploy**

Deploys a specified branch in a specified project and space. If **branchName** is not specified, then request applies to the master branch.

**Table 7.22. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>spaceName</b>	Name of the space where the project is located	String	Required
<b>projectName</b>	Name of the project where the branch is located	String	Required

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>branchName</b>	Name of the branch to be deployed	String	Required

#### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "jobId": "1576175811233-4",
  "status": "APPROVED",
  "spaceName": "Space123",
  "projectName": "ProjABC",
  "branchName": "b1",
}
```

## CHAPTER 8. SECURITY MANAGEMENT REST API FOR BUSINESS CENTRAL GROUPS, ROLES, AND USERS

Red Hat Decision Manager provides a Security Management REST API that you can use to manage the groups, roles, and users in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. This API support enables you to facilitate and automate management of Business Central groups, roles, users, and granted permissions.

With the Security Management REST API, you can perform the following actions:

- Retrieve information about all groups, roles, users, and their granted permissions
- Create, update, or delete groups and users
- Update granted permissions for groups, roles, and users
- Retrieve information about groups and roles assigned to the users

Security Management REST API requests require the following components:

### Authentication

The Security Management REST API requires HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the user role **admin**. To view configured user roles for your Red Hat Decision Manager distribution, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/standalone/configuration/application-roles.properties` and `~/application-users.properties`.

To add a user with the **admin** role, navigate to `~/$SERVER_HOME/bin` and run the following command:

```
$ ./add-user.sh -a --user <USERNAME> --password <PASSWORD> --role admin
```

For more information about user roles and Red Hat Decision Manager installation options, see [Planning a Red Hat Decision Manager installation](#).

### HTTP headers

The Security Management REST API requires the following HTTP headers for API requests:

- **Accept:** Data format accepted by your requesting client:
  - **application/json** (JSON)
- **Content-Type:** Data format of your **POST** or **PUT** API request data:
  - **application/json** (JSON)

### HTTP methods

The Security Management REST API supports the following HTTP methods for API requests:

- **GET:** Retrieves specified information from a specified resource endpoint
- **POST:** Creates or updates a resource
- **PUT:** Updates a resource
- **DELETE:** Deletes a resource

## Base URL

The base URL for Security Management REST API requests is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/**.



### NOTE

The REST API base URL for the Security Management, Knowledge Store, and Decision Manager controller built into Business Central are the same because all are considered part of Business Central REST services.

## Endpoints

Security Management REST API endpoints, such as **/users/{userName}** for a specified user, are the URLs that you append to the Security Management REST API base URL to access the corresponding resource or type of resource in Red Hat Decision Manager.

### Example request URL for **/users/{userName}** endpoint

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser**

## Request data

HTTP **POST** requests in the Security Management REST API may require a JSON request body with data to accompany the request.

### Example POST request URL and JSON request body data

**http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser/groups**

```
[
  "newGroup"
]
```

## 8.1. SENDING REQUESTS WITH THE SECURITY MANAGEMENT REST API USING A REST CLIENT OR CURL UTILITY

The Security Management REST API enables you to manage the groups, roles, and users in Red Hat Decision Manager without using the Business Central user interface. You can send Security Management REST API requests using any REST client or curl utility.

### Prerequisites

- Business Central is installed and running.
- You have **admin** user role access to Business Central.

### Procedure

1. Identify the relevant [API endpoint](#) to which you want to send a request, such as **[GET] /groups** to retrieve groups in Business Central.
2. In a REST client or curl utility, enter the following components for a **GET** request to **/groups**. Adjust any request details according to your use case.  
For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **admin** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
- **HTTP method:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the Security Management REST API base URL and endpoint, such as `http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/groups`.

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **admin** role.
- **-H:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
- **-X:** Set to **GET**.
- **URL:** Enter the Security Management REST API base URL and endpoint, such as `http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/groups`.

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -X GET
"http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/groups"
```

3. Execute the request and review the KIE Server response.  
Example server response (JSON):

```
[
  {
    "group1"
  },
  {
    "group2"
  }
]
```

4. In your REST client or curl utility, send another API request with the following components for a **POST** request to `/users/{userName}/groups` to update the groups assigned to a user. Adjust any request details according to your use case.

For REST client:

- **Authentication:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **admin** role.
- **HTTP Headers:** Set the following header:
  - **Accept:** `application/json`
  - **Content-Type:** `application/json`
- **HTTP method:** Set to **POST**.

- **URL:** Enter the Security Management REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser/groups**.
- **Request body:** Add a JSON request body with the identification data for the new group:

```
[
  "newGroup"
]
```

For curl utility:

- **-u:** Enter the user name and password of the Business Central user with the **admin** role.
- **-H:** Set the following headers:
  - **Accept: application/json**
  - **Content-Type: application/json**
- **-X:** Set to **POST**.
- **URL:** Enter the Security Management REST API base URL and endpoint, such as **http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser/groups**.
- **-d:** Add a JSON request body or file ( **@file.json**) with the identification data for the new group:

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -X POST "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser/groups" -d "["newGroup"]"
```

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -X POST "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser/groups" -d @user-groups.json
```

5. Execute the request and review the KIE Server response.  
Example server response (JSON):

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Groups [newGroup] are assigned successfully to user wbadmin"
}
```

If you encounter request errors, review the returned error code messages and adjust your request accordingly.

## 8.2. SUPPORTED SECURITY MANAGEMENT REST API ENDPOINTS

The Security Management REST API provides endpoints for managing groups, roles, users, and permissions in Business Central. It includes the security and permission management tasks that an administrator can also perform using the **Security Management** page in Business Central.

### 8.2.1. Groups

The Security Management REST API supports the following endpoints for managing groups in Business Central. The Security Management REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **admin** user role.

### [GET]/groups

Returns all groups in Business Central.

#### Example server response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "group1"
  },
  {
    "group2"
  }
]
```

### [POST]/groups

Creates a group in Business Central. A group must have at least one user assigned.

**Table 8.1. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>body</b>	Name of the group and users assigned to the new group	Request body	Required

#### Example request body (JSON)

```
{
  "name": "groupName",
  "users": [
    "userNames"
  ]
}
```

#### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Group newGroup is created successfully."
}
```

### [DELETE]/groups/{groupName}

Deletes a specified group from Business Central.

**Table 8.2. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>groupName</b>	Name of the group to be deleted	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Group newGroup is deleted successfully."
}
```

## 8.2.2. Roles

The Security Management REST API supports the following endpoints for managing roles in Business Central. The Security Management REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **admin** user role.

### [GET] /roles

Returns all roles in Business Central.

### Example server response (JSON)

```
[
  {
    "name": "process-admin"
  },
  {
    "name": "manager"
  },
  {
    "name": "admin"
  }
]
```

## 8.2.3. Users

The Security Management REST API supports the following endpoints for managing users in Business Central. The Security Management REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **admin** user role.

### [GET] /users

Returns all users in Business Central.

### Example server response (JSON)

```
[
```



```

    "newUser",
    "user1",
    "user2",
  ]

```

### [GET] /users/{userName}/groups

Returns all groups assigned to a specified user.

Table 8.3. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user for whom you are retrieving assigned groups	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

[
  {
    "group1"
  },
  {
    "group2"
  }
]

```

### [GET] /users/{userName}/roles

Returns all roles assigned to a specified user.

Table 8.4. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user for whom you are retrieving assigned roles	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

[
  {
    "name": "process-admin"
  },
  {
    "name": "manager"
  },
  {
    "name": "admin"
  }
]

```

**[POST]/users**

Creates a specified user with specified roles and groups.

**Example request body (JSON)**

```
{
  "name": "newUser",
  "roles": [
    "admin",
    "developer"
  ],
  "groups": [
    "group1",
    "group2"
  ]
}
```

**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "User newUser is created successfully."
}
```

**[Post]/users/{userName}/changePassword**

Changes the password of a specified user.

**Table 8.5. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user for whom you are changing the password	String	Required

**Example request command**

```
curl -u 'baAdmin:password@1' -H "Accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -X POST "http://localhost:8080/decision-central/rest/users/newUser/changePassword" -d newPassword
```

**Example server response (JSON)**

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Password for newUser has been updated successfully."
}
```

**[DELETE]/users/{userName}**

Deletes a specified user from Business Central.

**Table 8.6. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user to be deleted	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "User newUser is deleted successfully."
}
```

### [POST] /users/{userName}/groups

Overrides the existing groups assigned to a specified user with new groups.

Table 8.7. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user for whom you are updating groups	String	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
[
  "newGroup"
]
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Groups [newGroup] are assigned successfully to user wbadmin"
}
```

### [POST] /users/{userName}/roles

Overrides the existing roles assigned to a specified user with new roles.

Table 8.8. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user for whom you are updating roles	String	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
[
  "admin"
]
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Roles [admin] are assigned successfully to user wbadmin"
}
```

## 8.2.4. Permissions

The Security Management REST API supports the following endpoints for managing permissions granted to the groups, roles, and users in Business Central. The Security Management REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**. All requests require HTTP Basic authentication or token-based authentication for the **admin** user role.

### [GET] /groups/{groupName}/permissions

Returns all permissions granted to a specified group.

Table 8.9. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>groupName</b>	Name of the group for whom you are retrieving permissions	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "homePage": "HomePerspective",
  "priority": -10,
  "project": {
    "read": {
      "access": false,
      "exceptions": []
    }
  },
  "spaces": {
    "read": {
      "access": true,
      "exceptions": [
        "MySpace"
      ]
    }
  },
  "editor": {
    "read": {
      "access": false,
      "exceptions": [
```

```

    "GuidedDecisionTreeEditorPresenter"
  ]
},
"create": null,
"update": null,
"delete": null,
"build": null
},
"pages": {
  "read": {
    "access": true,
    "exceptions": []
  },
  "build": null
},
"workbench": {
  "editDataObject": false,
  "plannerAvailable": false,
  "editGlobalPreferences": false,
  "editProfilePreferences": false,
  "accessDataTransfer": false,
  "jarDownload": true,
  "editGuidedDecisionTableColumns": true
}
}

```

### [GET] /roles/{roleName}/permissions

Returns all permissions granted to a specified role.

Table 8.10. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>roleName</b>	Name of the role for whom you are retrieving permissions	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "homePage": "HomePerspective",
  "priority": -10,
  "project": {
    "read": {
      "access": false,
      "exceptions": []
    },
  },
  "spaces": {
    "read": {
      "access": true,
      "exceptions": [
        "MySpace"
      ]
    }
  }
}

```

```

    ]
  },
},
"editor": {
  "read": {
    "access": false,
    "exceptions": [
      "GuidedDecisionTreeEditorPresenter"
    ]
  },
},
"create": null,
"update": null,
"delete": null,
"build": null
},
"pages": {
  "read": {
    "access": true,
    "exceptions": []
  },
},
"build": null
},
"workbench": {
  "editDataObject": false,
  "plannerAvailable": false,
  "editGlobalPreferences": false,
  "editProfilePreferences": false,
  "accessDataTransfer": false,
  "jarDownload": true,
  "editGuidedDecisionTableColumns": true
}
}
}

```

### [GET] /users/{userName}/permissions

Returns all permissions granted to a specified user.

**Table 8.11. Request parameters**

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>userName</b>	Name of the user for whom you are retrieving permissions	String	Required

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "homePage": null,
  "priority": null,
  "project": {
    "read": {
      "access": false,
      "exceptions": []
    }
  },
}

```

```

    },
    "spaces": {
      "read": {
        "access": true,
        "exceptions": [
          "MySpace"
        ]
      },
    },
    "editor": {
      "read": {
        "access": false,
        "exceptions": [
          "GuidedDecisionTreeEditorPresenter"
        ]
      },
    },
    "create": null,
    "update": null,
    "delete": null,
    "build": null
  },
  "pages": {
    "read": {
      "access": true,
      "exceptions": []
    },
    "build": null
  },
  "workbench": {
    "editDataObject": false,
    "plannerAvailable": false,
    "editGlobalPreferences": false,
    "editProfilePreferences": false,
    "accessDataTransfer": false,
    "jarDownload": true,
    "editGuidedDecisionTableColumns": true
  }
}

```

### [Post] /groups/{groupName}/permissions

Updates the permissions of a specified group.

Table 8.12. Request parameters

Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>groupName</b>	Name of the group for whom you are updating permissions	String	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
{
```

```

"homepage": "HomePerspective",
"priority": 10,
"pages": {
  "create": true,
  "read": false,
  "delete": false,
  "update": false,
  "exceptions": [
    {
      "name": "HomePerspective",
      "permissions": {
        "read": true
      }
    }
  ]
},
"project": {
  "create": true,
  "read": true,
  "delete": false,
  "update": false,
  "Build": false
},
"spaces": {
  "create": true,
  "read": true,
  "delete": false,
  "update": false
},
"editor": {
  "read": true
},
"workbench": {
  "editDataObject": true,
  "plannerAvailable": true,
  "editGlobalPreferences": true,
  "editProfilePreferences": true,
  "accessDataTransfer": true,
  "jarDownload": true,
  "editGuidedDecisionTableColumns": true
}
}

```

### Example server response (JSON)

```

{
  "status": "OK",
  "message": "Group newGroup permissions are updated successfully."
}

```

### [Post] /roles/{roleName}/permissions

Updates the permissions of a specified role.

Table 8.13. Request parameters



Name	Description	Type	Requirement
<b>roleName</b>	Name of the role for whom you are updating permissions	String	Required

### Example request body (JSON)

```
{
  "homepage": "HomePerspective",
  "priority": 10,
  "pages": {
    "create": true,
    "read": false,
    "delete": false,
    "update": false,
    "exceptions": [{
      "name": "HomePerspective",
      "permissions": {
        "read": true
      }
    }]
  },
  "project": {
    "create": true,
    "read": true,
    "delete": false,
    "update": false,
    "Build": false
  },
  "spaces": {
    "create": true,
    "read": true,
    "delete": false,
    "update": false
  },
  "editor": {
    "read": true
  },
  "workbench": {
    "editDataObject": true,
    "plannerAvailable": true,
    "editGlobalPreferences": true,
    "editProfilePreferences": true,
    "accessDataTransfer": true,
    "jarDownload": true,
    "editGuidedDecisionTableColumns": true
  }
}
```

### Example server response (JSON)

```
{
  "status": "OK",
```

```

    "message": "Role newRole permissions are updated successfully."
  }

```

### 8.2.4.1. Supported permissions in Business Central

The following are available permissions in Red Hat Decision Manager. Administrators use these permissions to allow specific actions to a group, role, or user in Business Central.

#### Priority

Priority is an integer that defines the precedence of users who are assigned multiple roles or groups. The default value of priority for a new group is **-100**. In Business Central, you can set an integer value as a priority, which is resolved using the following rules:

**Table 8.14. Priority value table**

Integer value	Priority
Less than -5	VERY LOW
Between -5 and 0	LOW
Equal to 0	NORMAL
Between 0 and 5	HIGH
Greater than 5	VERY HIGH

#### Home Page

Home Page indicates the default landing page for users.

#### Workbench

Workbench consists of the following defined permissions:

```

{
  "editDataObject": true,
  "plannerAvailable": true,
  "editGlobalPreferences": true,
  "editProfilePreferences": true,
  "accessDataTransfer": true,
  "jarDownload": true,
  "editGuidedDecisionTableColumns": true
}

```

#### Pages, Editor, Spaces, and Projects

The following are possible values for the permissions based on the resource type:

- **PAGES:** read,create,update,delete
- **EDITOR:** read

- **SPACES:** read,create,update,delete
- **PROJECT:** read,create,update,delete,build

You can use following code to add exceptions to **Pages**, **Editor**, **Spaces**, and **Projects** permissions:

```
{
  "pages": {
    "read": false,
    "exceptions": [
      {
        "resourceName": "ProcessInstances",
        "permissions": {
          "read": false
        }
      },
      {
        "resourceName": "ProcessDefinitions",
        "permissions": {
          "read": false
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

The **name** attribute is an identifier of a resource that you add as an exception. Use the following REST API endpoints to get the list of possible identifiers. The REST API base URL is **http://SERVER:PORT/decision-central/rest/**.

- **[GET] /perspectives:** Returns perspective names of all pages in Business Central
- **[GET] /editors:** Returns all editors in Business Central
- **[GET] /spaces:** Returns all spaces in Business Central
- **[GET] /spaces/{spaceName}/projects:** Returns projects in a specified space

#### Example server response for pages (JSON)

```
"pages": {
  "create": true,
  "read": false,
  "exceptions": [
    {
      "name": "HomePerspective",
      "permissions": {
        "read": true
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

## CHAPTER 9. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

- [Managing and monitoring KIE Server](#)
- [Packaging and deploying a Red Hat Decision Manager project](#)

## APPENDIX A. VERSIONING INFORMATION

Documentation last updated on Thursday, February 25, 2021.