Introduction to the OpenStack Dashboard

An overview of the Red Hat OpenStack Platform Dashboard graphical user interface
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Abstract

This guide provides an outline of the options available in the Red Hat OpenStack Platform Dashboard user interface.
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Red Hat is committed to replacing problematic language in our code, documentation, and web properties. We are beginning with these four terms: master, slave, blacklist, and whitelist. Because of the enormity of this endeavor, these changes will be implemented gradually over several upcoming releases. For more details, see our CTO Chris Wright’s message.
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CHAPTER 1. THE RED HAT OPENSTACK PLATFORM DASHBOARD SERVICE (HORIZON)

The Red Hat OpenStack Platform (RHOSP) Dashboard (horizon) is a web-based graphical user interface that you can use to manage RHOSP services.

To access the browser dashboard, you must install the Dashboard service, and you must know the dashboard host name, or IP, and login password. The dashboard URL is:

```
http://HOSTNAME/dashboard/
```

1.1. THE ADMIN TAB

In the Admin tab you can view usage and manage instances, volumes, flavors, images, projects, users, services, and quotas.

**NOTE**

The Admin tab displays in the main window when you log in as an admin user.

The following options are available in the Admin tab:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 1.1. System Panel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Parameter name</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overview</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resource Usage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hypervisors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Host Aggregates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volumes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flavors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Parameter name** | **Description**
---|---
Images | View, create, edit properties for, and delete custom images.
Networks | View, create, edit properties for, and delete networks.
Routers | View, create, edit properties for, and delete routers.
Floating IPs | View allocated floating IP addresses for all projects.
Defaults | View and edit the default quotas (maximum limits) for resources in the environment.
Metadata Definitions | Import, view, and edit metadata definition namespaces, and associate the metadata definitions with specific resource types.

**System Information**
Contains the following tabs:
- **Services** - View a list of the services.
- **Compute Services** - View a list of all Compute services.
- **Network Agents** - View the network agents.
- **Block Storage Services** - View a list of all Block Storage services.
- **Orchestration Services** - View a list of all Orchestration services.

### 1.1.1. Viewing allocated floating IP addresses

You can use the **Floating IPs** panel to view a list of allocated floating IP addresses. You can access the same information from the command line with the `nova list --all-projects` command.

### 1.2. THE PROJECT TAB

In the **Project** tab you can view and manage project resources. Set a project as active in **Identity > Projects** to view and manage resources in that project.

The following options are available in the **Project** tab:

**Table 1.2. The Compute tab**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overview</td>
<td>View reports for the project.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instances</td>
<td>View, launch, create a snapshot from, stop, pause, or reboot instances, or connect to them through the console.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Volumes

Use the following tabs to complete these tasks:

- **Volumes** - View, create, edit, and delete volumes.
- **Volume Snapshots** - View, create, edit, and delete volume snapshots.

### Images

View images, instance snapshots, and volume snapshots that project users create, and any images that are publicly available. Create, edit, and delete images, and launch instances from images and snapshots.

### Access & Security

Use the following tabs to complete these tasks:

- **Security Groups** - View, create, edit, and delete security groups and security group rules.
- **Key Pairs** - View, create, edit, import, and delete key pairs.
- **Floating IPs** - Allocate an IP address to or release it from a project.
- **API Access** - View API endpoints, download the OpenStack RC file, download EC2 credentials, and view credentials for the current project user.

### Table 1.3. The Network tab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Network Topology</td>
<td>View the interactive topology of the network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Networks</td>
<td>Create and manage public and private networks and subnets.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routers</td>
<td>Create and manage routers.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trunks</td>
<td>Create and manage trunks. Requires the trunk extension enabled in OpenStack Networking (neutron).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 1.4. The Object Store tab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Containers</td>
<td>Create and manage storage containers. A container is a storage compartment for data, and provides a way for you to organize your data. It is similar to the concept of a Linux file directory, but it cannot be nested.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 1.5. The Orchestration tab

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter name</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stacks</td>
<td>Orchestrate multiple composite cloud applications with templates, through both an OpenStack-native REST API and a CloudFormation-compatible Query API.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 1.3. THE IDENTITY TAB

In the **Identity** tab you can view and manage projects and users.

The following options are available in the **Identity** tab:

- **Projects** - View, create, edit, and delete projects, view project usage, add or remove users as project members, modify quotas, and set an active project.

- **Users** - View, create, edit, disable, and delete users, and change user passwords. The **Users** tab is available when you log in as an admin user.

For more information about managing your cloud with the Red Hat OpenStack Platform dashboard, see the following guides:

- **Instances and Images Guide**

- **Networking guide**

- **Users and Identity Management guide**
CHAPTER 2. CUSTOMIZING THE DASHBOARD

The Red Hat OpenStack Platform (RHOSP) dashboard (horizon) uses a default theme (RCUE), which is stored inside the horizon container. You can add your own theme to the container image and customize certain parameters to change the look and feel of the following dashboard elements:

- Logo
- Site colors
- Stylesheets
- HTML title
- Site branding link
- Help URL

**NOTE**

To ensure continued support for modified RHOSP container images, the resulting images must comply with the [Red Hat Container Support Policy](#).

2.1. OBTAINING THE HORIZON CONTAINER IMAGE

To obtain a copy of the horizon container image, pull the image either into the undercloud or a separate client system that is running podman.

**Procedure**

- Pull the horizon container image:

  ```
  $ sudo podman pull registry.redhat.io/rhosp-rhel8/openstack-horizon:16.1
  ```

  You can use this image as a basis for a modified image.

2.2. OBTAINING THE RCUE THEME

The horizon container image uses the Red Hat branded RCUE theme by default. You can use this theme as a basis for your own theme and extract a copy from the container image.

**Procedure**

1. Create a directory for your theme:

   ```
   $ mkdir ~/horizon-themes
   $ cd ~/horizon-themes
   ```

2. Start a container that executes a null loop. For example, run the following command:

   ```
   $ sudo podman run --rm -d --name horizon-temp registry.redhat.io/rhosp-rhel8/openstack-horizon /usr/bin/sleep infinity
   ```
3. Copy the RCUE theme from the container to your local directory:

   $ sudo podman cp -a horizon-temp:/usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/themes/rcue .

4. Kill the container:

   $ sudo podman kill horizon-temp

   **Result:** You now have a local copy of the RCUE theme.

### 2.3. CREATING YOUR OWN THEME BASED ON RCUE

To use RCUE as a basis, copy the entire RCUE theme directory rcue to a new location. This procedure uses *mytheme* as an example name.

**Procedure**

- Copy the theme:

  $ cp -r rcue mytheme

To change the colors, graphics, fonts, and other elements of a theme, edit the files in *mytheme*. When you edit this theme, check for all instances of rcue including paths, files, and directories to ensure that you change them to the new *mytheme* name.

### 2.4. CREATING A FILE TO ENABLE YOUR THEME AND CUSTOMIZE THE DASHBOARD

To enable your theme in the dashboard container, you must create a file to override the `AVAILABLE_THEMES` parameter.

**Procedure**

1. Create a new file called `_12_mytheme_theme.py` in the `horizon-themes` directory and add the following content:

   ```python
   AVAILABLE_THEMES = [('mytheme', 'My Custom Theme', 'themes/mytheme')]
   ```

   The `12` in the file name ensures this file is loaded after the RCUE file, which uses `11`, and overrides the `AVAILABLE_THEMES` parameter.

2. Optional: You can also set custom parameters in the `_12_mytheme_theme.py` file. Use the following examples as a guide:

   **SITE_BRANDING**

   Set the HTML title that appears at the top of the browser window.

   ```python
   SITE_BRANDING = "Example, Inc. Cloud"
   ```
Changes the hyperlink of the theme logo, which normally redirects to `horizon:user_home` by default.

```
SITE_BRANDING_LINK = "http://example.com"
```

### 2.5. GENERATING A MODIFIED HORIZON IMAGE

When your custom theme is ready, you can create a new container image to enable and use your theme.

**Procedure**

1. Use a dockerfile to generate a new container image with the original horizon image as a basis. Use the following example dockerfile as a guide:

   ```
   FROM registry.redhat.io/rhosp-rhel8/openstack-horizon:16.1
   MAINTAINER Acme
   LABEL name="rhosp-rhel8/openstack-horizon-mytheme" vendor="Acme" version="0"
   release="1"
   COPY mytheme /usr/share/openstack-dashboard/openstack_dashboard/themes/mytheme
   COPY _12_mytheme_theme.py /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.d/_12_mytheme_theme.py
   RUN sudo chown horizon:horizon /etc/openstack-dashboard/local_settings.d/_12_mytheme_theme.py
   ```

2. Save this file in your `horizon-themes` directory as `dockerfile`.

3. Use the dockerfile to generate the new image:

   ```
   sudo podman build . -t "192.168.24.1:8787/rhosp-rhel8/openstack-horizon-mytheme:0-1"
   ```

   The `-t` option names and tags the resulting image. It uses the following syntax:

   `[LOCATION]/[NAME]:[TAG]`

   **LOCATION**

   This is usually the location of the container registry that the overcloud uses to pull images. To push this image to the undercloud container registry, set this to the undercloud IP and port.

   **NAME**

   For consistency, this is usually the same name as the original container image followed by the name of your theme. In this example case, it is `rhosp16-rhel8/openstack-horizon-mytheme`.

   **TAG**

   The tag for the image. You can follow the Red Hat convention by using the version and release labels as a basis for this tag. If you generate a new version of this image, increment the release, for example, 0-2.

4. Push the resulting image to the undercloud container registry:

   ```
   ```
IMPORTANT

If you update or upgrade RHOSP you must reapply the theme to the new horizon image and push a new version of the modified image to the undercloud.

2.6. USING THE MODIFIED CONTAINER IMAGE IN THE OVERCLOUD

To use the container image that you modified with your overcloud deployment, edit the environment file that contains the list of container image locations. This environment file is usually named `overcloud-images.yaml`.

Procedure

1. Edit the `DockerHorizonConfigImage` and `DockerHorizonImage` parameters to point to your modified container image:

   ```yaml
   parameter_defaults:
   ...
   ...
   ```

2. Save this new version of the `overcloud-images.yaml` file.

2.7. EDITING PUPPET PARAMETERS

Director provides a set of dashboard parameters that you can modify with environment files.

Procedure

- Use the `ExtraConfig` parameter to set Puppet hieradata. For example, the default help URL points to `https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en/red-hat-openstack-platform`. To modify this URL, use the following environment file content and replace the URL:

   ```yaml
   parameter_defaults:
   ExtraConfig:
     horizon::help_url: "http://openstack.example.com"
   ```

2.8. DEPLOYING AN OVERCLOUD WITH A CUSTOMIZED DASHBOARD

Procedure

- To deploy the overcloud with your dashboard customizations, include the following environment files in the `openstack overcloud deploy` command:
  - The environment file with your modified container image locations.
  - The environment file with additional dashboard modifications.
  - Any other environment files that are relevant to your overcloud configuration.

  ```bash
  $ openstack overcloud deploy --templates \
  ```
-e /home/stack/templates/overcloud-images.yaml \
-e /home/stack/templates/help_url.yaml \
[OTHER OPTIONS]