Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8

Deploying and using the employee rostering starter application for Red Hat Business Optimizer on Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform
Abstract
This document describes how to deploy and use the Employee Rostering starter application included as a reference implementation in Red Hat Decision Manager 7.8.
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As a business rules developer, you can test and interact with the Red Hat Business Optimizer functionality by quickly deploying the optaweb-employee-rostering starter project included in the Red Hat Decision Manager distribution to OpenShift.

Prerequisites

- You have access to a deployed OpenShift environment. For details, see the documentation for the OpenShift product that you use.
CHAPTER 1. OVERVIEW OF THE EMPLOYEE ROSTERING STARTER APPLICATION

The employee rostering starter application assigns employees to shifts on various positions in an organization. For example, you can use the application to distribute shifts in a hospital between nurses, guard duty shifts across a number of locations, or shifts on an assembly line between workers.

Optimal employee rostering must take a number of variables into account. For example, different skills can be required for shifts in different positions. Also, some employees might be unavailable for some time slots or might prefer a particular time slot. Moreover, an employee can have a contract that limits the number of hours that the employee can work in a single time period.

The Red Hat Business Optimizer rules for this starter application use both hard and soft constraints. During an optimization, the planning engine may not violate hard constraints, for example, if an employee is unavailable (out sick), or that an employee cannot work two spots in a single shift. The planning engine tries to adhere to soft constraints, such as an employee’s preference to not work a specific shift, but can violate them if the optimal solution requires it.
CHAPTER 2. INSTALLING AND STARTING THE EMPLOYEE ROSTERING STARTER APPLICATION ON OPENSHIFT

You can deploy the Employee Rostering starter application to Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform using an OpenShift template or using the `provision.sh` shell script that is provided in the reference implementation distribution.

If you use an OpenShift template, Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform loads an image with the application from the Red Hat repository and deploys it. This method of deployment is a technological preview.

If you use the script, it builds and packages the application source code locally and uploads it to the OpenShift environment for deployment. You can use this method when Java developer tools (Java Development Kit and Maven) and a bash shell command line are available.

2.1. DEPLOYING THE APPLICATION USING THE PROVIDED SCRIPT

You can deploy the Employee Rostering starter application to Red Hat OpenShift Container Platform using the provided script. The script builds and packages the application source code locally and uploads it to the OpenShift environment for deployment.

Prerequisites

- You are logged in to the target OpenShift environment using the `oc` command line tool. For more information about this tool, see CLI Reference.
- Maven and a Java Development Kit are installed on your local system.
- A bash shell environment is available on your local system.

Procedure


2. Expand the downloaded archive.

3. Copy the contents of the `jboss-rhba-7.8.0.GA-maven-repository/maven-repository` subdirectory into the `~/.m2/repository` directory.


5. Expand the downloaded archive.

6. Unzip the `rhdm-7.8.0-optaweb-employee-rostering.zip` file that is extracted from the reference implementation archive.


8. To build the Employee Rostering application, run the following command:

   ```bash
   mvn clean install -DskipTests -DskipITs
   ```
9. Log in to an OpenShift account or a Red Hat Code Ready Container instance. In the following example, `<account-url>` is the URL for an OpenShift account or Red Hat Code Ready Container instance and `<login-token>` is the login token for that account:

   ```
   oc login <account-url> --token <login-token>
   ```

10. Create a new project to host Employee Rostering:

   ```
   oc new-project optaweb-employee-rostering
   ```

11. Run the provision script to build and deploy the application:

   ```
   ./provision.sh
   ```

   Compilation and packaging might take up to 10 minutes to complete. These processes continually show progress on the command line output.

   When the operation completes, the following message is displayed, where `<URL>` is the URL for the deployment:

   ```
   You can access the application at <URL> once the deployment is done.
   ```

12. Enter the URL that you used earlier in the procedure, for either an OpenShift account or Red Hat Code Ready Container instance, to access the deployed application. The first startup can take up to a minute because additional building is completed on the OpenShift platform.

   **NOTE**

   If the application does not open a minute after clicking the link, perform a hard refresh of your browser page.
CHAPTER 3. USING THE EMPLOYEE ROSTERING STARTER APPLICATION

You can use the Web interface to use the Employee Rostering starter application. The interface is developed in ReactJS. You can also access the REST API to create a custom user interface as necessary.

3.1. THE DRAFT AND PUBLISHED PERIODS

At any particular moment, you can use the application to create the roster for a time period called a draft period; by default, the length of a draft period is three weeks.

When the roster is final for the first week of the draft period, you can publish the roster. At this time, the roster for the first week of the current draft period becomes a published period. In a published period, the roster is fixed and you can no longer change it automatically (however, emergency manual changes are still possible). This roster can then be distributed to employees so they can plan their time around it. The draft period is shifted a week later.

For example, assume that a draft period of September 1 to September 21 is set. You can automatically create the employee roster for this period. Then, when you publish the roster, the period up to September 7 becomes published. The new draft period is September 8 to September 28.

For instructions about publishing the roster, see Section 3.12, “Publishing the shift roster”.

3.2. THE ROTATION PATTERN

The employee rostering application supports a rotation pattern for shifts and employees.

The rotation pattern is a "model" period of any time starting from two days. The pattern is not tied to a particular date.

You can create shift templates for every day of the rotation. Every shift template sets the time of a shift. Optionally, the template can include the name of the default employee for the shift.

When you publish the roster, the application adds a new week to the draft period. At this time, the shifts and, if applicable, default employee names are copied from the rotation pattern to the new part of the draft period.

When the end of the rotation pattern is reached, it is automatically restarted from the beginning.

If weekend shift patterns in your organization are different from weekday shift patterns, use a rotation pattern of one week or a whole number of weeks (for example, 14, 21, or 28 days; the default length is 28 days). Then the pattern is always repeated on the same weekdays and you can set the shifts for different weekdays.

NOTE

In the current version, you have to set every single shift manually. To save time when setting up initial data, use a shorter rotation pattern, for example, 7 days.

For instructions about editing the rotation pattern, see Section 3.13, "Viewing and editing the rotation pattern".
3.3. SELECTING OR CREATING A TENANT

The application supports multiple tenants. Each tenant is a completely independent set of data, including inputs and roster outputs. Changing data for one tenant does not affect other tenants. You can switch between tenants to use several independent data sets, for example, to prepare employee rosters for different locations.

Several sample tenants are present after installation, representing several typical enterprise types such as a factory or hospital. You can select any of these tenants and modify them to suit your needs. You can also create a new tenant to enter data from a blank slate.

3.3.1. Selecting a tenant

You can select a tenant at any time. After you select a tenant, all the displayed information refers to this tenant and any changes you make affect only this tenant.

Procedure

To select a tenant in the Employee Rostering application web interface, in the top right part of the browser window click the Tenant list and select a tenant.

3.3.2. Creating a tenant

You can create a new tenant to enter data from a blank slate. When creating a tenant, you can set several parameters that determine how the application prepares the output for this tenant.

IMPORTANT

You cannot change tenant parameters after you create the tenant.

Procedure

1. To create a new tenant in the Employee Rostering application web interface, in the top right corner of the browser window click the settings (gear) icon then click Add.

2. Set the following values:
   - **Name**: The name of the new tenant. This name is displayed in the list of tenants.
   - **Schedule Start Date**: The start date of the initial draft period. After you publish the roster, this date becomes the start date of the published period. The weekday of this date always remains the weekday that starts the draft period, any particular published period, and the first use of the rotation pattern. So it is usually most convenient to set the start date to the start of a week (Sunday or Monday).
   - **Draft Length (days)**: The length of the draft period. The draft period stays the same length for the lifetime of the tenant.
   - **Publish Notice (days)**: The length of the publish notice period. Aspire to publish the final roster for any day at least this time in advance, so employees have enough notice to plan their personal life around their shift times. In the current version, this setting is not enforced in any way.
   - **Publish Length (days)**: The length of the period that becomes published (fixed) every time you publish the roster. In the current version, this setting is fixed at 7 days.
Rotation Length (days): The length of the rotation pattern.

Timezone: The timezone of the environment to which the roster applies. This timezone is used to determine the "current" date for user interface display.

3. Click Save.

The tenant is created with blank data.

3.4. ENTERING SKILLS

You can set all skills that can be necessary in any position within the roster. For example, a 24-hour diner can require cooking, serving, bussing, and hosting skills, in addition to skills such as general human resources and restaurant operations.

Procedure

1. To enter or change skills in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the Skills tab.

You can see the numbers of currently visible skills in the top right part of the browser window, for example, 1-15 of 34. You can use the < and > buttons to display other skills in the list.

You can enter any part of a skill name in the Search box to search for skills.

2. Complete the following steps to add a new skill:
   a. Click Add.
   b. Enter the name of the new skill in the text field under Name.
   c. Click the Save icon.

3. To edit the name of a skill, click the Edit Skill icon (pencil shape) next to the skill.

4. To delete a skill, click the Delete Skill icon (trashcan shape) next to the skill.

   NOTE

   Within each tenant, skill names must be unique. You cannot delete a skill if the skill is associated with an employee or spot.

3.5. ENTERING SPOTS

You must enter the list of spots, which represent various positions at the business. For a diner, spots include the bar, the bussing stations, the front counter, the various kitchen stations, the serving areas, and the office.

For each spot, you can select one or more required skills from the list that you entered in the Skills tab. The application rosters only employees that have all of the required skills for a spot into that spot. If the spot has no required skill, the application can roster any employee into the spot.

Procedure

1. To enter or change spots in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the Spots tab. You can enter any part of a spot name in the Search box to search for spots.
2. Complete the following steps to add a new spot:
   a. Click Add Spot.
   b. Enter the name of the new spot in the text field under Name.
   c. Optionally, select one or more skills from the drop-down list under Required skill set.
   d. Click the Save icon.

3. To edit the name and required skills for a spot, click the Edit Spot icon (pencil shape) next to the spot.

4. To delete a spot, click the Delete Spot icon (trashcan shape) next to the spot.

   **NOTE**
   Within each tenant, spot names must be unique. You cannot delete a spot when any shifts are created for it.

### 3.6. ENTERING THE LIST OF CONTRACTS

You must enter the list of all of the types of contracts that the business uses for employees.

A contract determines the maximum time that the employee can work in a day, calendar week, calendar month, or calendar year.

When creating a contract, you can set any of the limitations or none at all. For example, a part-time employee might not be allowed to work more than 20 hours in a week, while a full-time employee might be limited to 10 hours in a day and 1800 hours in a year. Another contract might include no limitations on worked hours.

You must enter all work time limits for contracts in minutes.

**Procedure**

1. To enter or change the list of contracts in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the Contracts tab.
   You can see the numbers of currently visible contracts in the top right part of the browser window, for example, **1-15 of 34**. You can use the < and > buttons to display other contracts in the list.

   You can enter any part of a contract name in the Search box to search for contracts.

2. Complete the following steps to add a new contract:
   a. Click Add.
   b. Enter the name of the contract in the text field under Name.
   c. Enter the required time limits under Maximum minutes:
      - If the employee must not work more than a set time per day, enable the check box at Per Day and enter the amount of minutes in the field next to this check box.
If the employee must not work more than a set time per calendar week, enable the check box at **Per Week** and enter the amount of minutes in the field next to this check box.

If the employee must not work more than a set time per calendar month, enable the check box at **Per Month** and enter the amount of minutes in the field next to this check box.

If the employee must not work more than a set time per calendar year, enable the check box at **Per Year** and enter the amount of minutes in the field next to this check box.

3. To edit the name and time limits for a contract, click the **Edit Contract** icon (pencil shape) next to the name of the contract.

4. To delete a contract, click the **Delete Contract** icon (trashcan shape) next to the name of the contract.

**NOTE**

Within each tenant, contract names must be unique. You cannot delete a contract if it is assigned to any employee.

### 3.7. ENTERING THE LIST OF EMPLOYEES

You must enter the list of all employees of the business, the skills they possess, and the contracts that apply to them. The application rosters these employees to spots according to their skills and according to the work time limits in the contracts.

**Procedure**

1. To enter or change the list of employees in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the **Employees** tab.
   
   You can see the numbers of currently visible employees in the top right part of the browser window, for example, **1-15 of 34**. You can use the < and > buttons to display other employees in the list.

   You can enter any part of an employee name in the **Search** box to search for employees.

2. Complete the following steps to add a new employee:
   
   a. Click **Add**.

   b. Enter the name of the employee in the text field under **Name**.

   c. Optionally, select one or more skills from the drop-down list under **Skill set**.

   d. Select a contract from the drop-down list under **Contract**.

   e. Click the Save icon.

3. To edit the name and skills for an employee, click the **Edit Employee** icon (pencil shape) next to the name of the employee.
4. To delete an employee, click the **Delete Employee** icon (trashcan shape) next to the name of the employee.

**NOTE**

Within each tenant, employee names must be unique. You cannot delete employees if they are rostered to any shifts.

### 3.8. Setting Employee Availability

You can set the availability of employees for particular time spans.

If an employee is *unavailable* for a particular time span, the employee can never be assigned to any shift during this time span (for example, if the employee has called in sick or is on vacation). *Undesired* and *desired* are employee preferences for particular time spans; the application accommodates them when possible.

**Procedure**

1. To view and edit employee availability in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the **Availability Roster** tab. In the top left part of the window, you can see the dates for which the roster is displayed. To view other weeks, you can use the `<` and `>` buttons next to the **Week of** field. Alternatively, you can click the date field and change the date to view the week that includes this date.

2. To create an availability entry for an employee, click empty space on the schedule and then select an employee. Initially, an **Unavailable** entry for the entire day is created.

3. To change an availability entry, click the entry. You can change the following settings:
   - **From** and **To** date and time: The time span to which the availability entry applies.
   - Status: you can select **Unavailable**, **Desired**, or **Undesired** status from a drop-down list. To save the entry, click **Apply**.

4. To delete an availability entry, click the entry, then click **Delete availability**. You can also change or delete an availability entry by moving the mouse pointer over the entry and then clicking one of the icons displayed over the entry:
   - Click the **Detect icon** to set the status of the entry to **Unavailable**.
   - Click the **Undesired icon** to set the status of the entry to **Undesired**.
   - Click the **Desired icon** to set the status of the entry to **Desired**.
   - Click the **Delete icon** to delete the entry.

**IMPORTANT**

If an employee is already assigned to a shift and then you create or change an availability entry during this shift, the assignment is not changed automatically. You must create the employee shift roster again to apply new or changed availability entries.
3.9. VIEWING AND EDITING SHIFTS IN THE SHIFT ROSTER

The Shift Roster is a table of all spots and all possible time spans.

If an employee must be present in a spot during a time span, a shift must exist for this spot and this time span. If a spot requires several employees at the same time, you can create several shifts for the same spot and time span.

Each shift is represented by a rectangle at the intersection of a spot (row) and time span (column).

When new time is added to the draft period, the application copies the shifts (and default employees, if present) from the rotation pattern into this new part of the draft period. You can also manually add and edit shifts in the draft period.

Procedure

1. To view and edit the shift roster in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the Shift tab.
   In the top left part of the window, you can see the dates for which the roster is displayed. To view other weeks, you can use the < and > buttons next to the Week of field. Alternatively, you can click the date field and change the date to view the week that includes this date.

2. To add a shift, click an open area of the schedule. The application adds a shift, determining the slot and time span automatically from the location of the click.

3. To edit a shift, click the shift. You can set the following values for a shift:
   - **From** and **To** date and time: The exact time and duration of the shift.
   - **Employee**: The employee assigned to the shift.
   - **Pinned**: Whether the employee is pinned to the shift. If an employee is pinned, automatic employee rostering cannot change the assignment of the employee to the shift. A pinned employee is not automatically replicated to any other shift.
   To save the changes, click **Apply**.

4. To delete a shift, click the shift, and then click **Delete shift**

3.10. CREATING AND VIEWING THE EMPLOYEE SHIFT ROSTER

You can use the application to create and view the optimal shift roster for all employees.

Procedure

1. To view and edit the shift roster in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the Shift tab.

2. To create the optimal shift roster, click **Schedule**. The application takes 30 seconds to find the optimal solution.

Result

When the operation is finished, the Shift Roster view contains the optimal shift roster. The new roster is created for the draft period; the operation does not modify the published periods.
In the top left part of the window, you can see the dates for which the roster is displayed. To view other weeks, you can use the < and > buttons next to the **Week of** field. Alternatively, you can click the date field and change the date to view the week that includes this date.

In the draft period, the borders of boxes that represent shifts are dotted lines. In the published periods, the borders are unbroken lines.

The color of the boxes that represent shifts shows the constraint status of every shift:

- **Strong green:** Soft constraint matched; for example, the shift is in a "desired" timeslot for the employee.
- **Pale green:** No constraint broken.
- **Grey:** Soft constraint broken; for example, the shift is in an "undesired" timeslot for the employee.
- **Yellow:** Medium constraint broken; for example, no employee is assigned to the shift.
- **Red:** Hard constraint broken; for example, an employee has two shifts at the same time.

### 3.11. VIEWING EMPLOYEE SHIFTS

You can view the assigned shifts for particular employees in an employee-centric table. The information is the same as the Shift Roster, but the viewing format might be more convenient for informing employees about their assigned shifts.

**Procedure**

To view a table of employees and shifts in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the **Availability Roster** tab.

In the top left part of the window, you can see the dates for which the roster is displayed. To view other weeks, you can use the < and > buttons next to the **Week of** field. Alternatively, you can click the date field and change the date to view the week that includes this date.

You can see the numbers of currently visible employees in the top right part of the browser window, for example, **1-10 of 34**. You can use the < and > buttons next to the numbers to display other employees in the list.

In the draft period, the borders of boxes representing shifts are dotted lines. In the published periods, the borders are unbroken lines.

### 3.12. PUBLISHING THE SHIFT ROSTER

When you publish the shift roster, the first week of the draft period becomes published. Automatic employee rostering no longer changes any shift assignments in the published period, though emergency manual changing is still possible. The draft period is shifted one week later. For details about draft and published periods, see Section 3.1, “The draft and published periods”.

**Procedure**

1. To view and edit the shift roster in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the **Shift** tab.
2. Review the shift roster for the first week of the draft period to ensure that it is acceptable.
3. Click **Publish**.

### 3.13. VIEWING AND EDITING THE ROTATION PATTERN

The rotation pattern contains shift templates that are automatically replicated for every period. For details about the rotation pattern, see Section 3.2, “The rotation pattern”.

You can view the rotation pattern, add, move, and delete shifts.

**Procedure**

1. To view and edit the rotation pattern in the Employee Rostering application web interface, click the **Rotation** tab.
2. To view additional days of the rotation pattern, use the horizontal scroll bar at the bottom of the browser window.
3. To add a shift template, click an empty area of the table. The application adds a shift, determining the slot and time span automatically from the location of the click.
4. To edit a shift template, click the shift template. You can set the following values:
   - **From** and **To** day and time: The exact time and duration of the shift. The day is counted from the start of the rotation period.
   - **Rotation employee**: The employee assigned to the shift by default. Select **Unassigned** if you do not want to assign any employee to this shift by default; in this case, the rostering process determines the employee in the shift without a preferred value. To save the changes, click **Apply**.
5. To delete a shift template, hold the **Shift** key on the keyboard and click a te shift template. Alternatively, click the shift template and then click **Delete shift template**.
APPENDIX A. VERSIONING INFORMATION

Documentation last updated on Friday, June 25, 2021.