Red Hat Customer Portal 1

Customer Portal Integration Guide

Guidance for integrating your application with the Red Hat Customer Portal
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Abstract

This document provides information about using APIs exposed by the Red Hat Customer Portal in order to query and update customer cases.
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1. INTRODUCTION

It is now possible to integrate with the Customer Portal at http://access.redhat.com using APIs [1]. This document outlines common use cases including examples in common clients and frameworks. The official API documentation can be found on the Customer Portal at https://access.redhat.com/management/api/case_management and includes both API endpoints and payload information.

2. CLIENTS

The Customer Portal API is, by nature, client-agnostic. It is expressed as a set of resource URLs which send and receive XML data. Some common clients and platforms include, but are not limited to, the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Client</th>
<th>Platform/Environment</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>cURL [a]</td>
<td>Command Line (Linux, UNIX, Mac OS X, Microsoft Windows)</td>
<td>Easy and transparent way to test commands and do simple integration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apache HTTP Client [b]</td>
<td>Java</td>
<td>Most common Java library with which to talk HTTP; offers little semantic value beyond simple HTTP; no intrinsic binding of XML</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RESTeasy Client [c]</td>
<td>Java</td>
<td>Full Java model integration; no need to think about HTTP or XML; uses Apache HTTP Client underneath</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[a] http://curl.haxx.se/

3. COMMON USAGE

For clarity, this document includes cURL examples for all use cases and includes examples using other frameworks as a courtesy from Red Hat. cURL most clearly illustrates the nature of interacting with RESTful resources. For more information, see the man page for cURL by using the command man curl.

4. AUTHENTICATION

You must authenticate each request for the Customer Portal. To authenticate a request, generate an authentication token based on your Customer Portal username and password, then declare that token in the Authorization header of each subsequent request.
5. EXAMPLES

The following examples demonstrate how to pass the authentication token through a bearer header using cURL.

**Example 1. List Cases**

Return 10 cases from the logged-in user's account

```
$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token' --data '{
    "offset": 1,
    "maxResults": 10
}'
https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/filter
```

**Example 2. Filter by last update date**

```
$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token' --data '{
    "startDate": "2021-01-01",
    "endDate": "2021-12-31"
}'
https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/filter
```

**Example 3. List Case Comments**

This example lists case comments for case 0000000.

Replace 0000000 with the number of a case to which you have access.

```
$ curl -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token'
https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/0000000/comments
```

**Example 4. Create a Case**

The POST operation is used in this example, which creates a case under the RHEL 6 product using the default group, severity level, and type.

```
$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json' -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token' --data '{
    "product": "Red Hat Enterprise Linux",
    "version": "7.0",
    "summary": "Example Case",
    "description": "Example Case created with cURL"
}'
https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases
```
Example 5. Update a Case

The PUT method is used here to update data on an existing case. Most fields can be updated in this way.

Case 000000’s product is changed to Red Hat Enterprise Linux.

$ curl -X PUT -H 'Content-Type: application/json -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token' --data
   '{
   "product": "Red Hat Enterprise Linux",
   "version": "7.0"
   }'
   https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/000000

Example 6. Escalate a Case for Management Attention

This will escalate a case for management attention:

$ curl -X PUT -H 'Content-Type: application/json -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token' --data
   '{
   "requestManagementEscalation": true
   }'
   https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/000000

Example 7. Add a New Case Comment

This example uses the POST method to add a new comment to case 0000000.

$ curl -X POST -H 'Content-Type: application/json -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token' --data
   '{
   "commentBody": "Test comment! This can contain lots of information, etc."
   }'
   https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/0000000/comments

Example 8. Add a File Attachment to a Case

File attachments are unique because they carry no XML payload. This example uses a form-encoded POST to transmit a file named test.txt to case 0000000. API supports file upload till 1GB.

$ curl -X POST -F 'file=@test.txt' -H 'Authorization: Bearer $token'
   https://api.access.redhat.com/support/v1/cases/0000000/attachments
## A. REVISION HISTORY

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<th>Date</th>
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<td>2022-03-23</td>
<td>Navinya Shende</td>
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<td>2.0-1.400</td>
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<td>Rüdiger Landmann</td>
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<td>Zac Dover</td>
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<td>Misty Stanley-Jones</td>
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