Red Hat build of Eclipse Vert.x 4.2

Release Notes for Eclipse Vert.x 4.2

For use with Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.5
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Abstract

This Release Note contains important information related to Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.5
# Table of Contents

**PREFACE** .................................................................................................................. 4  

**PROVIDING FEEDBACK ON RED HAT DOCUMENTATION** ........................................ 5  

**MAKING OPEN SOURCE MORE INCLUSIVE** ................................................................. 6  

**CHAPTER 1. REQUIRED INFRASTRUCTURE COMPONENT VERSIONS** ............................. 7  

**CHAPTER 2. SUPPORTED ECLIPSE VERT.X RUNTIME COMPONENT CONFIGURATIONS AND INTEGRATIONS** ................................................................. 8  

**CHAPTER 3. FEATURES** .................................................................................................. 9  

3.1. NEW AND CHANGED FEATURES  
3.1.1. New features introduced in the 4.2 release  
3.1.1.1. HTTP header validation in RequestOptions  
3.1.1.2. Use simple as the default locale for collation  
3.1.1.3. StaticHandler file system configuration changes  
3.1.1.4. Random server port sharing within a verticle  
3.1.1.5. HTTP Server cookie changes  
3.1.1.6. Context management with GraphQLContext object  
3.1.2. New features introduced in earlier 4.x releases  
3.1.2.1. OpenJDK11 OpenShift images support multiple architectures  
3.1.2.2. Support Eclipse Vert.x Runtime on FIPS enabled Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) system  
3.1.2.3. HTTP client redirect handler propagates headers  
3.1.2.4. Upgrade to Infinispan 12  
3.1.2.5. JSON configuration takes precedence over connection string options in MongoDB Client  
3.1.2.6. Removed the deprecated JWT options methods  
3.1.2.7. Deprecated the custom formatter method that accepts a function  
3.1.2.8. New exception to handle HTTP failures  
3.1.2.9. Support for RxJava 3  
3.1.2.10. Context server interceptor binds all types of data and is more secure  
3.1.2.11. Matching of ending slash (/) in route paths that end with wildcard character is no longer required  
3.1.2.12. Removed the autoRegistrationOfImporters attribute from service discovery options  
3.1.2.13. Authenticate method in authentication provider class updated to support token as input credentials  
3.1.2.14. Get method for PEM keys returns Buffer instead of a String  
3.1.2.15. Kubernetes service importer is no longer registered automatically  
3.1.2.16. Use future methods for asynchronous operations  
3.1.2.17. No dependency on the Jackson Databind library  
3.1.2.18. Handling deprecations and removals  
3.1.2.19. Support for distributed tracing  
3.1.2.20. New publishing location for EventBus JavaScript Client  
3.1.2.21. Deploy Eclipse Vert.x applications using OpenShift Maven plugin  
3.1.2.22. Eclipse Vert.x metering labels for OpenShift  
3.1.2.23. Support for OpenJDK 8 and OpenJDK 11 RHEL 8 Universal Base Images (UBI8)  
3.2. DEPRECATED FEATURES  
3.2.1. Features deprecated in the 4.2 release  
3.2.2. Features deprecated in earlier 4.x releases  

**CHAPTER 4. RELEASE COMPONENTS** ........................................................................... 25  

4.1. SUPPORTED ARTIFACTS INTRODUCED IN THIS RELEASE  
4.2. TECHNOLOGY PREVIEW ARTIFACTS INTRODUCED IN THIS RELEASE  
4.2.1. Technology Preview artifacts introduced in the 4.2 release
4.2.2. Technology Preview artifacts introduced in earlier 4.x releases
4.3. ARTIFACTS REMOVED IN THIS RELEASE
4.4. ARTIFACTS DEPRECATED IN THIS RELEASE

CHAPTER 5. FIXED ISSUES
5.1. GOOGLE GUAVA CLASSES INCLUDED IN GRAPHQL BUILDS
5.2. VERTX-OPENTRACING AVAILABLE IN ECLIPSE VERT.X BUILDS

CHAPTER 6. KNOWN ISSUES
6.1. KNOWN ISSUES IN THE 4.2 RELEASE
   6.1.1. Tokens issued by RH-SSO result in OAuth2 validation failures after migrating to Eclipse Vert.x 4.2
   6.1.2. JDBCClient error when searching table data by ROWID
   6.1.3. JDBCPool error when parsing ROWID
   6.1.4. Unexpected results in stored procedure calls when using a PostgreSQL JDBC driver 9.0 or later
6.2. KNOWN ISSUES IN EARLIER 4.X RELEASES
   6.2.1. KubernetesServiceImporter() cannot be directly registered in Eclipse Vert.x Reactive Extensions (Rx)
   6.2.2. Red Hat AMQ Streams images are not available for IBM Z and IBM Power Systems
   6.2.3. Connection between a RHEL 8-based database application and a RHEL 7-based MySQL 5.7 database
        fails due to TLS protocol version mismatch
   6.2.4. False Connection reset by peer error messages when calling application endpoint

CHAPTER 7. ADVISORIES RELATED TO THIS RELEASE
PREFACE

Date of release: 2022-03-28
PROVIDING FEEDBACK ON RED HAT DOCUMENTATION

We appreciate your feedback on our documentation. To provide feedback, you can highlight the text in a document and add comments.

This section explains how to submit feedback.

Prerequisites

- You are logged in to the Red Hat Customer Portal.
- In the Red Hat Customer Portal, view the document in Multi-page HTML format.

Procedure

To provide your feedback, perform the following steps:

1. Click the Feedback button in the top-right corner of the document to see existing feedback.

   NOTE
   
   The feedback feature is enabled only in the Multi-page HTML format.

2. Highlight the section of the document where you want to provide feedback.

3. Click the Add Feedback pop-up that appears near the highlighted text.
   A text box appears in the feedback section on the right side of the page.

4. Enter your feedback in the text box and click Submit.
   A documentation issue is created.

5. To view the issue, click the issue tracker link in the feedback view.
MAKING OPEN SOURCE MORE INCLUSIVE

Red Hat is committed to replacing problematic language in our code, documentation, and web properties. We are beginning with these four terms: master, slave, blacklist, and whitelist. Because of the enormity of this endeavor, these changes will be implemented gradually over several upcoming releases. For more details, see our CTO Chris Wright’s message.
CHAPTER 1. REQUIRED INFRASTRUCTURE COMPONENT VERSIONS

When you work with Red Hat build of Eclipse Vert.x, you can use the following components. However, Red Hat does not provide support for components listed below except Red Hat OpenShift cluster.

Required components

The following components are required to build and develop applications using Eclipse Vert.x.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component name</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Maven</td>
<td>3.6.0 or later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JDK[a]</td>
<td>8 or 11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[a] A full JDK installation is required, as JRE does not provide tools for compiling Java applications from source.

Optional components

Red Hat recommends using the following components depending on your development and production environments.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component name</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>git</td>
<td>2.0 or later</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenShift Maven Plugin</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>oc command line tool</td>
<td>3.11 or later[a]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access to a Red Hat OpenShift cluster[b]</td>
<td>3.11 or later</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[a] The version of the OC CLI tool should correspond to the version of OCP that you are using.

[b] OpenShiftCluster is supported by Red Hat
CHAPTER 2. SUPPORTED ECLIPSE VERT.X RUNTIME COMPONENT CONFIGURATIONS AND INTEGRATIONS

The following resource defines the supported configurations and integrations of Red Hat products with Eclipse Vert.x:

- For a list of technologies that are supported for integration with Eclipse Vert.x in production environments see the Supported Eclipse Vert.x configurations and integrations.

- For a list of Eclipse Vert.x runtime artifacts and their versions see the component details page.
CHAPTER 3. FEATURES

3.1. NEW AND CHANGED FEATURES

This section describes the new functionalities introduced in this release. It also contains information about changes in the existing functionalities.

3.1.1. New features introduced in the 4.2 release

Eclipse Vert.x 4.2 provides the following new features.

3.1.1.1. HTTP header validation in RequestOptions

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.4 onward, the `RequestOptions` method validates HTTP headers, and the request fails if a header name is invalid.

In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, the `HTTPClientRequest` validated HTTP headers, because the `RequestOptions` method used a Multimap implementation that did not validate header names.

3.1.1.2. Use simple as the default locale for collation

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.4 onward, the `simple` locale is used as the default locale for MongoDB collation.

Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.3 introduced support for the collation options to support language-specific rules for comparing strings. In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.3, the platform default was used as the default locale. However, because the platform default is not a constant value, it could lead to failures on systems that use a locale that is not supported by MongoDB. For example, `Locale.FR` would work successfully, but `Locale.FR_FR` would not be supported.

3.1.1.3. StaticHandler file system configuration changes

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.4 onward, the `StaticHandler` configuration properties for the webroot directory and file system access are defined in the `StaticHandler` factory constructor call.

For example, the following constructor call defines a webroot directory, `static/resources`, and relative file system access:

```java
StaticHandler.create(FileSystemAccess.RELATIVE, "static/resources");
```

For example, the following constructor call defines a webroot directory, `/home/paulo/Public`, and root file system access:

```java
StaticHandler.create(FileSystemAccess.ROOT, "/home/paulo/Public");
```

In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, the `allowRootFileSystemAccess` and `webroot` properties were defined by using setters. However, these property values were not final, which could lead to invalid static configuration. In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.4, the preceding constructor call now supersedes the following setter declarations:

```java
StaticHandler.create()
    .setAllowRootFileSystemAccess(true)
    .setWebRoot("/home/paulo/Public");
```
3.1.1.4. Random server port sharing within a verticle

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.0 onward, two distinct HTTP servers that are bound with a negative port number, such as -1, share the same random port within the instances of a specific verticle deployment. This means that multiple HTTP servers bound with port -1 will share the same random port. Similarly, multiple HTTP servers bound with port -2 will share the same random port, and so on. This port sharing behavior that is based on negative port numbers is independent of the verticle, because it allows different HTTP servers to have a different random port.

In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, random server port sharing was based on two HTTP servers bound with port 0. However, this prevented the same verticle from binding two HTTP servers with different random ports within the instances of the same verticle.

3.1.1.5. HTTP Server cookie changes

Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.0 includes a new method, `Set<Cookie> cookies()`, that enables getting all cookies.

In earlier releases of Vert.x, the `HttpServerRequest` and `HttpServerResponse` interfaces used the following method that is now deprecated in Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.0:

```java
Map<String, Cookie> cookieMap()
```

The [RFC 6265 - HTTP State Management Mechanism](https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6265) specification states that each cookie is uniquely identified based on the tuple `<name, domain, path>`. However, the `Map<String, Cookie> cookieMap()` method used in earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x wrongly assumed that cookies could be identified based on their name only. This meant that when multiple cookies shared the same name, the map held the last cookie to be parsed, and any previously parsed value was silently overwritten.

3.1.1.6. Context management with GraphQLContext object

Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.0 supports version 17 of GraphQL Java, which is the Java server implementation of the GraphQL query language. With GraphQL Java 17, the `GraphQLContext` object is now the standard for sharing contextual data between components of a GraphQL Java application.

Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.0 introduces the following new mechanism to configure GraphQL execution:

```java
GraphQLHandler handler = GraphQLHandler.create(graphQL).beforeExecute(builderWithContext ->
   {
      DataLoader<String, Link> linkDataLoader = DataLoaderFactory.newDataLoader(linksBatchLoader);
      DataLoaderRegistry dataLoaderRegistry = new DataLoaderRegistry().register("link",
                                  linkDataLoader);
      builderWithContext.builder().dataLoaderRegistry(dataLoaderRegistry);
   });
```

In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, the following hooks were used in Vert.x Web GraphQL handlers to configure a data loader. The following hooks are now deprecated in Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.0.

```java
GraphQLHandler handler = GraphQLHandler.create(graphQL).dataLoaderRegistry(rc -> {
   DataLoader<String, Link> linkDataLoader = DataLoader.newDataLoader(linksBatchLoader);
```
3.1.2. New features introduced in earlier 4.x releases

The following new features were introduced in earlier 4.x releases.

3.1.2.1. OpenJDK11 OpenShift images support multiple architectures

OpenJ9 images for IBM Z and IBM Power Systems have been deprecated. The following OpenJDK11 image has been updated to support multiple architectures:

- ubi8/openjdk-11

You can use the OpenJDK11 image with the following architectures:

- x86 (x86_64)
- s390x (IBM Z)
- ppc64le (IBM Power Systems)

3.1.2.2. Support Eclipse Vert.x Runtime on FIPS enabled Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) system

Red Hat build of Eclipse Vert.x runs on a FIPS enabled RHEL system and uses FIPS certified libraries provided by RHEL.

3.1.2.3. HTTP client redirect handler propagates headers

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0 onward, if there are headers in an HTTP redirect, then the HTTP client redirect handler propagates the headers to the next request. This change enables the redirect handler to have more control over the entire redirected request.

In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, where there were redirected requests with headers, the HTTP client would handle the headers after the redirect.

The following example shows you how redirects are handled in Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0:

```java
RequestOptions options = new RequestOptions();
options.setMethod(HttpMethod.GET);
options.setHost(uri.getHost());
options.setPort(port);
options.setSsl(ssl);
options.setURI(requestURI);

// From 4.1.0 propagate headers
options.setHeaders(resp.request().headers());
options.removeHeader(CONTENT_LENGTH);
```

3.1.2.4. Upgrade to Infinispan 12

In Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0, the Infinispan cluster manager has been updated and is based on Infinispan 12.
Infinispan 11 had a bug, which did not allow storing of byte arrays in a multimap cache. As a workaround, the Eclipse Vert.x cluster manager had to use an internal Infinispan class, WrappedBytes, to store eventbus subscription data. This issue has been fixed in Infinispan 12.

### 3.1.2.5. JSON configuration takes precedence over connection string options in MongoDB Client

In Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0, the JSON configuration options are applied even if a connection_string option is available.

The following configuration options are now applied:

```json
{
  mongo:
    db_name: "mydb"
    connection_string: "mongodb://localhost:27017"
    maxPoolSize: 10
    minPoolSize: 3
}
```

In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, the JSON configuration options were ignored when connection string was available. For example, consider the previous example. In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, db_name, maxPoolSize, and minPoolSize options would have been ignored.

### 3.1.2.6. Removed the deprecated JWT options methods

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.0 onward, the JWT and OAuth2 handlers are used to handle scopes.

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0 onward, JWTOptions.setScopes(List<String>), JWTOptions.addScope(String) and JWTOptions.withScopeDelimiter(String) methods have been removed. These methods did not comply with the specification.

The following example shows you how to handle scopes in Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0.

```java
// before 4.1.0
JWTAuthOptions authConfig = new JWTAuthOptions()
  .setJWTOptions(new JWTOptions()
    .addScope("a")
    .addScope("b")
    .withScopeDelimiter(" "));

JWTAuth authProvider = JWTAuth.create(vertx, authConfig);
router.route("/protected/*").handler(JWTAuthHandler.create(authProvider));

// in 4.1.0
JWTAuth authProvider = JWTAuth.create(vertx, new JWTAuthOptions());

router.route("/protected/*").handler(  
    JWTAuthHandler.create(authProvider)
    .addScope("a")
    .addScope("b")
    .withScopeDelimiter(" "));
```
3.1.2.7. Deprecated the custom formatter method that accepts a function

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0, `LoggerHandler.customFormatter(Function)` method has been deprecated. The function takes as input an `HttpServerRequest` and returns a formatted log string. Because the output is a string, it is not possible to access the context.

Use the new method `LoggerHandler.customFormatter(LoggerFormatter formatter)` instead. The method takes as input a custom formatter that gives access to the context.

3.1.2.8. New exception to handle HTTP failures

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0, a new exception class `io.vertx.ext.web.handler.HttpException` is available that can be used to handle HTTP failures. You can use the exception to specify custom status codes other than 500. For example, new `HttpException(401, “Forbidden”)` indicates that the requests that are forbidden should return status code 401.

3.1.2.9. Support for RxJava 3

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.1.0, RxJava 3 is supported.

- A new rxified API is available in the `io.vertx.rxjava3` package.
- Integration with Eclipse Vert.x JUnit5 is provided by the `vertx-junit5-rx-java3` binding.

3.1.2.10. Context server interceptor binds all types of data and is more secure

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3, the `ContextServerInterceptor.bind()` method binds all types of data to the context. The method is more secure now as it does not expose the storage details.

In releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3, the method used to bind only ‘String’ data type to context. It also exposed the storage details.

To use the updated `ContextServerInterceptor.bind()` method, you must update your application.

The following example shows the code in releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3.

```java
// Example code from previous releases

class X extends ContextServerInterceptor {
    @Override
    public void bind(Metadata metadata, ConcurrentMap<String, String> context) {
    
    
}
```

The following example shows the replacing code for Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release.

```java
// Replacing code for Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release

class X extends ContextServerInterceptor {
    @Override
    public void bind(Metadata metadata) {
    
    
}
```

3.1.2.11. Matching of ending slash (/) in route paths that end with wildcard character is no longer required

In releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3, if routes were defined with a path ending in slash and a wildcard character:

```java
// Example code from previous releases

class X extends ContextServerInterceptor {
    @Override
    public void bind(Metadata metadata, ConcurrentMap<String, String> context) {
```

The following example shows the replacing code for Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release.

```java
// Replacing code for Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release

class X extends ContextServerInterceptor {
    @Override
    public void bind(Metadata metadata) {
```

The following example shows the replacing code for Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release.
In releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3, if routes were defined with a path ending in slash and a wildcard `/*`, the routes would be called only if the matching request also included the ending slash `/`. This rule caused problems when the wildcard was empty.

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 onward, this rule is no longer applied. You can create routes whose paths end in a slash (`/`). However, it is not mandatory to specify the slash in the request URLs.

Also, you can create and use request URLs to call routes that end with wildcards in their path instead of slash (`/`). For example, routes with wildcard can be defined as `/foo/*`. Here the route has to match an open wildcard at the end of the path. The request URL can be `/foo`.

The table shows the behavior in Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 and previous releases when you send a request URL `/foo/*`. You can see that the ending slash is optional in Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 and request matches the route.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Route</th>
<th>Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3</th>
<th>Releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>/foo</td>
<td>Match</td>
<td>No Match</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/foofighters</td>
<td>No Match</td>
<td>No Match</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/foo/</td>
<td>Match</td>
<td>Match</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>/foo/bar</td>
<td>Match</td>
<td>Match</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3.1.2.12. Removed the `autoRegistrationOfImporters` attribute from service discovery options

The `autoRegistrationOfImporters` attribute has been removed from service discovery options.

3.1.2.13. Authenticate method in authentication provider class updated to support `token` as input credentials

In releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3, the AuthenticationProvider.authenticate() method would incorrectly take `jwt: someValue` as input credentials.

From Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3, the AuthenticationProvider.authenticate() method has been updated and takes `token: someValue` as input credentials. This change ensures that both JSON and typed APIs are consistent and can be used interchangeably.

The following code shows the implementation for the authenticate method in releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3.

```java
new JsonObject().put("jwt", "token...");
```

The following code shows the implementation for the authenticate method in Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release.

```java
new JsonObject().put("token", "token...");
```

3.1.2.14. Get method for PEM keys returns `Buffer` instead of a `String`
The `PubSecKeyOptions.getBuffer()` method returns the PEM or secret key buffer. In releases prior to Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.2, the key buffer was stored and returned as a `String`. However, it is recommended to save secrets as a `Buffer`. From Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.2 onward, the method stores and returns the key buffer as a `Buffer`. This change improves the security and handling of secrets.

The `PubSecKeyOptions.setBuffer()` method continues to accept a `String` argument. In the set method, an overload for `Buffer` has been added to safely handle non ASCII secret materials. This change does not require any change to the existing code.

### 3.1.2.15. Kubernetes service importer is no longer registered automatically

From Eclipse Vert.x 4, the `KubernetesServiceImporter` discovery bridge is no longer registered automatically. Even if you have added the bridge in the classpath of your Maven project, it will not be automatically registered.

You must manually register the bridge after creating the `ServiceDiscovery` instance.

### 3.1.2.16. Use future methods for asynchronous operations

Eclipse Vert.x 4 uses futures for asynchronous operations. Every callback method has a corresponding future method.

Futures can be used to compose asynchronous operations. When you use futures, the error handling is better. Therefore, it is recommended to use a combination of callback and futures in your applications.

### 3.1.2.17. No dependency on the Jackson Databind library

In Eclipse Vert.x 4, Jackson Databind is an optional Maven dependency. If you want to use this dependency, you must explicitly add it in the classpath. For example, if you are object mapping JSON, then you must explicitly add the dependency.

### 3.1.2.18. Handling deprecations and removals

In Eclipse Vert.x 4, new enhanced features have been provided. The old features and functions have been deprecated or removed in Eclipse Vert.x 4. Before you migrate your applications to Eclipse Vert.x 4, check for deprecations and removals.

The Java compiler generates warnings when deprecated APIs are used. You can use the compiler to check for deprecated methods while migrating applications to Eclipse Vert.x 4.

### 3.1.2.19. Support for distributed tracing

Eclipse Vert.x 4 supports distributed tracing. You can use tracing to monitor microservices and identify performance issues.

Eclipse Vert.x 4 integrates with OpenTracing system.

The following Eclipse Vert.x components can log traces:

- HTTP server and HTTP client
- Eclipse Vert.x SQL client
- Eclipse Vert.x Kafka client
IMPORTANT

Tracing is available as Technology Preview. Technology Preview features are not supported with Red Hat production service level agreements (SLAs), might not be functionally complete, and Red Hat does not recommend to use them for production. These features provide early access to upcoming product features, enabling customers to test functionality and provide feedback during the development process.

See Technology Preview Features Support Scope on the Red Hat Customer Portal for information about the support scope for Technology Preview features.

3.1.2.20. New publishing location for EventBus JavaScript Client

In Eclipse Vert.x 4, the EventBus JavaScript client, `vertx-web-client.js` is not published as a Red Hat artifact in the Maven repository.

The client is published in the npm repository. You can access the client from the following location: `@vertx/eventbus-bridge-client.js`

3.1.2.21. Deploy Eclipse Vert.x applications using OpenShift Maven plugin

Use the OpenShift Maven plugin to deploy your Eclipse Vert.x applications on OpenShift. The Fabric8 Maven plugin is no longer supported. For more information, see the section migrating from Fabric8 Maven Plugin to Eclipse JKube.

3.1.2.22. Eclipse Vert.x metering labels for OpenShift

You can add metering labels to your Eclipse Vert.x pods and check Red Hat subscription details with the OpenShift Metering Operator.

NOTE

- Do not add metering labels to any pods that an operator or a template deploys and manages.
- You can apply labels to pods using the Metering Operator on OpenShift Container Platform version 4.8 and earlier. From version 4.9 onward, the Metering Operator is no longer available without a direct replacement.

Eclipse Vert.x should use the following metering labels:

- `com.company: Red_Hat`
- `rht.prod_name: Red_Hat_Runtimes`
- `rht.prod_ver: 2022-Q1`
- `rht.comp: Vert.x`
- `rht.comp_ver: 4.2.5`
- `rht.subcomp: <leave_blank>`
- `rht.subcomp_t: application`
3.1.2.23. Support for OpenJDK 8 and OpenJDK 11 RHEL 8 Universal Base Images (UBI8)

Eclipse Vert.x introduces support for building and deploying Eclipse Vert.x applications to OpenShift with OCI-compliant Universal Base Images for Red Hat OpenJDK 8 and Red Hat OpenJDK 11 on RHEL 8.

The RHEL 8 OpenJDK Universal Base Images replace the RHEL 8 OpenJDK builder images. The RHEL 8 OpenJDK base images are no longer supported for use with Eclipse Vert.x.

3.2. DEPRECATED FEATURES

This section lists the functionalities deprecated or removed in this release.

3.2.1. Features deprecated in the 4.2 release

No features are marked as deprecated in this release.

3.2.2. Features deprecated in earlier 4.x releases

The following functionalities were deprecated or removed in earlier 4.x releases.

- **HttpServerOptions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>getMaxWebsocketFrameSize()</td>
<td>getMaxWebsocketFrameSize()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setMaxWebsocketFrameSize()</td>
<td>setMaxWebsocketFrameSize()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getMaxWebsocketMessageSize()</td>
<td>getMaxWebsocketMessageSize()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setMaxWebsocketMessageSize()</td>
<td>setMaxWebsocketMessageSize()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getPerFrameWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
<td>getPerFrameWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setPerFrameWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
<td>setPerFrameWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getPerMessageWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
<td>getPerMessageWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setPerMessageWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
<td>setPerMessageWebsocketCompressionSupported()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getWebsocketAllowServerNoContext()</td>
<td>getWebsocketAllowServerNoContext()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## Removed methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>setWebsocketAllowServerNoContext()</td>
<td>setWebSocketAllowServerNoContext()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getWebsocketCompressionLevel()</td>
<td>getWebSocketCompressionLevel()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setWebsocketCompressionLevel()</td>
<td>setWebSocketCompressionLevel()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getWebsocketPreferredClientNoContext()</td>
<td>getWebSocketPreferredClientNoContext()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setWebsocketPreferredClientNoContext()</td>
<td>setWebSocketPreferredClientNoContext()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>getWebsocketSubProtocols()</td>
<td>getWebSocketSubProtocols()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>setWebsocketSubProtocols()</td>
<td>setWebSocketSubProtocols()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Eclipse Vert.x Web

### Removed elements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed elements</th>
<th>Replacing elements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>io.vertx.ext.web.Locale</td>
<td>io.vertx.ext.web.LanguageHeader</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoutingContext.acceptableLocales()</td>
<td>RoutingContext.acceptableLanguages()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>StaticHandler.create(String, ClassLoader)</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SessionHandler.setAuthProvider(AuthProvider)</td>
<td>SessionHandler.addAuthProvider()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HandlebarsTemplateEngine.getHandlebars()</td>
<td>TemplateEngine.unwrap()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HandlebarsTemplateEngine.getResolvers()</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HandlebarsTemplateEngine.setResolvers()</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JadeTemplateEngine.getJadeConfiguration()</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThymeleafTemplateEngine.getThymeleafTemplateEngine()</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ThymeleafTemplateEngine.setMode()</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## Messaging

### Removed methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MessageProducer&lt;T&gt;.send(T)</td>
<td>MessageProducer&lt;T&gt;.write(T)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Removed methods vs Replacing methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MessageProducer.send(T,Handler)</td>
<td>EventBus.request(String, Object, Handler)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EventBus.send(..., Handler&lt;AsyncResult&lt;Message&lt;T&gt;&gt;&gt;)</td>
<td>replyAndRequest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future&lt;T&gt;.setHandler()</td>
<td>Future&lt;T&gt;.onComplete(), Future&lt;T&gt;.onSuccess(), Future&lt;T&gt;.onFailure()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HttpClientRequest.connectionHandler()</td>
<td>HttpClient.connectionHandler()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### JSON

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed Fields/Methods</th>
<th>New methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Json.mapper() field</td>
<td>DatabindCodec.mapper()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Json.prettyMapper() field</td>
<td>DatabindCodec.prettyMapper()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Json.decodeValue(Buffer, TypeReference&lt;T&gt;)</td>
<td>JacksonCodec.decodeValue(Buffer, TypeReference)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Json.decodeValue(String, TypeReference&lt;T&gt;)</td>
<td>JacksonCodec.decodeValue(String, TypeReference)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### JUnit5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated methods</th>
<th>New methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VertxTestContext.succeeding()</td>
<td>VertxTestContext.succeedingThenComplete()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VertxTestContext.failing()</td>
<td>VertxTestContext.failingThenComplete()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Reactive Extensions (Rx)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated methods</th>
<th>New methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WriteStreamSubscriber.onComplete()</td>
<td>WriteStreamSubscriber.onWriteStreamEnd()WriteStreamSubscriber.onWriteStreamError()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Circuit breaker**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CircuitBreaker.executeCommand()</td>
<td>CircuitBreaker.execute()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CircuitBreaker.executeCommandWithFallback()</td>
<td>CircuitBreaker.executeWithFallback()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **MQTT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MqttWill.willMessage()</td>
<td>MqttWill.getWillMessage()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MqttWill.willTopic()</td>
<td>MqttWill.getWillTopic()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MqttWill.willQos()</td>
<td>MqttWill.getWillQos()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MqttAuth.username()</td>
<td>MqttAuth.getUsername()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MqttAuth.password()</td>
<td>MqttAuth.getPassword()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MqttClientOptions.setKeepAliveTimeSeconds()</td>
<td>MqttClientOptions.setKeepAliveInterval()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **AMQP client**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AmqpClient.createReceiver(String address, Handler&lt;AmqpMessage&gt;messageHandler, ...)</td>
<td>AmqpClient createReceiver(String address, Handler&lt;AsyncResult&lt;AmqpReceiver&gt;&gt;completionHandler)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AmqpConnection createReceiver(..., Handler&lt;AsyncResult&lt;AmqpReceiver&gt;&gt;completionHandler)</td>
<td>AmqpConnection createReceiver(String address, Handler&lt;AsyncResult&lt;AmqpReceiver&gt;&gt;completionHandler)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AmqpConnection createReceiver(Handler&lt;AmqpMessage&gt; messageHandler,</td>
<td>AmqpConnection createReceiver(String address, Handler&lt;AsyncResult&lt;AmqpReceiver&gt;&gt; completionHandler)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handler&lt;AsyncResult&lt;AmqpReceiver&gt;&gt; completionHandler)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Authentication and authorization**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed elements</th>
<th>Replacing elements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Options.isUseBasicAuthorizationHeader()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Options.setUseBasicAuthorizationHeader()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Options.getClientSecretParameterName()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Options.setClientSecretParameterName()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.createKeycloak()</td>
<td>KeycloakAuth.create(vertx, JsonObject) ()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.create(Vertx, OAuth2FlowType, OAuth2ClientOptions) ()</td>
<td>OAuth2Auth.create(vertx, new OAuth2ClientOptions().setFlow(YOUR_DESIRED_FLOW))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.create(Vertx, OAuth2FlowType)</td>
<td>OAuth2Auth.create(vertx, new OAuth2ClientOptions().setFlow(YOUR_DESIRED_FLOW))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>User.isAuthorised()</td>
<td>User.isAuthorized()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AccessToken.refreshToken()</td>
<td>AccessToken.opaqueRefreshToken()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>io.vertx.ext.auth.jwt.JWTOptions data object</td>
<td>io.vertx.ext.jwt.JWTOptions data object</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SecretOptions class</td>
<td>PubSecKeyOptions class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.decodeToken()</td>
<td>AuthProvider.authenticate()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Deprecated methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.introspectToken()</td>
<td>AuthProvider.authenticate()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.getFlowType()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2Auth.loadJWK()</td>
<td>OAuth2Auth.jwkSet()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oauth2ClientOptions.isUseAuthorizationHeader()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Deprecated class

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated class</th>
<th>Replacing class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AbstractUser</td>
<td>Create user objects using the <code>User.create(JsonObject)</code> method.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AuthOptions</td>
<td>No replacing class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JDBCAuthOptions</td>
<td>JDBCAuthenticationOptions for authentication and JDBCAuthorizationOptions for authorization</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JDBCHashStrategy</td>
<td>No replacing class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OAuth2RBAC</td>
<td>AuthorizationProvider</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oauth2Response</td>
<td>Recommended to use WebClient class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KeycloakHelper</td>
<td>No replacing class</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Service discovery**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ServiceDiscovery.create(..., Handler&lt;ServiceDiscovery&gt; completionHandler)</td>
<td>ServiceDiscovery.create(Vertx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ServiceDiscovery.create(..., Handler&lt;ServiceDiscovery&gt; completionHandler)</td>
<td>ServiceDiscovery.create(Vertx, ServiceDiscoveryOptions)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Eclipse Vert.x configuration**
### Removed methods and Replacing methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ConfigRetriever.getConfigAsFuture()</td>
<td>retriever.getConfig()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **MongoDB client**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed methods</th>
<th>Replacing methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.update()</td>
<td>MongoClient.updateCollection()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.updateWithOptions()</td>
<td>MongoClient.updateCollectionWithOptions()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.replace()</td>
<td>MongoClient.replaceDocuments()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.replaceWithOptions()</td>
<td>MongoClient.replaceDocumentsWithOptions()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.remove()</td>
<td>MongoClient.removeDocuments()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.removeWithOptions()</td>
<td>MongoClient.removeDocumentsWithOptions()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.removeOne()</td>
<td>MongoClient.removeDocument()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.removeOneWithOptions()</td>
<td>MongoClient.removeDocumentsWithOptions()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Clients with no shared data sources**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Deprecated Methods</th>
<th>New Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MongoClient.createNonShared()</td>
<td>MongoClient.create()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JDBCClient.createNonShared()</td>
<td>wJDBCClient.create()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CassandraClient.createNonShared()</td>
<td>CassandraClient.create()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MailClient.createNonShared()</td>
<td>MailClient.create()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Hook methods**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed Methods</th>
<th>New Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Context.addCloseHook()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Context.removeCloseHook()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Clone methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed Methods</th>
<th>New Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>KeyCertOptions.clone()</td>
<td>KeyCertOptions.copy()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TrustOptions.clone()</td>
<td>TrustOptions.copy()</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSLEngineOptions.clone()</td>
<td>SSLEngineOptions.copy()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### VertxOptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed Methods</th>
<th>New Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>VertxOptions.equals()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VertxOptions.hashCode()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VertxOptions.fileResolverCachingEnabled()</td>
<td>FileSystemOptions.isFileCachingEnabled()</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Pooled buffer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Removed Methods</th>
<th>New Methods</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TCPSSLOptions.isUsePooledBuffers()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCPSSLOptions.setUsePooledBuffers()</td>
<td>No replacing method</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHAPTER 4. RELEASE COMPONENTS

4.1. SUPPORTED ARTIFACTS INTRODUCED IN THIS RELEASE

The following artifacts have been moved from Technology Preview to fully supported in this release:

- vertx-mssql-client
- vertx-opentracing
- vertx-web-sstore-infinispan

4.2. TECHNOLOGY PREVIEW ARTIFACTS INTRODUCED IN THIS RELEASE

This section describes the Technology Preview artifacts introduced in this release.

4.2.1. Technology Preview artifacts introduced in the 4.2 release

The following artifacts are provided as Technology Preview in the 4.2 release.

- vertx-auth-otp
  The Eclipse Vert.x OTP Auth provider is an implementation of the AuthenticationProvider interface that uses one-time passwords to perform authentication. The Eclipse Vert.x OTP Auth provider supports the Google Authenticator. You can use any convenient library to create the quick response (QR) with a key. You can also transfer the key in base32 format.

- vertx-oracle-client
  The Eclipse Vert.x reactive Oracle client is a client for the Oracle server. It is an API that helps in database scalability and has low overhead. Because the API is reactive and non-blocking, you can handle multiple database connections with a single thread.

  NOTE
  The Eclipse Vert.x reactive Oracle client requires that you use the Oracle JDBC driver. Red Hat does not provide support for the Oracle JDBC driver.

4.2.2. Technology Preview artifacts introduced in earlier 4.x releases

The following artifacts that were available as Technology Preview from previous 4.x releases continue to be Technology Preview in this release.

- vertx-http-proxy
  The Eclipse Vert.x HTTP proxy is a reverse proxy. Using this module you can easily create proxies. The proxy server can also dynamically resolve the DNS queries from origin server.

- vertx-web-proxy
  The Eclipse Vert.x web proxy enables you to mount an Eclipse Vert.x HTTP proxy in an Eclipse Vert.x web router.

- vertx-opentelemetry
  Open Telemetry tracing is supported. You can use Open Telemetry for HTTP and event bus tracing.
4.3. ARTIFACTS REMOVED IN THIS RELEASE

No artifacts are removed in this release.

4.4. ARTIFACTS DEPRECATED IN THIS RELEASE

No artifacts are marked as deprecated in this release.
CHAPTER 5. FIXED ISSUES

This Eclipse Vert.x release incorporates all bugfixes from community release of version 4.2.5. Issues resolved in the community release are listed in the Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.5.

5.1. GOOGLE GUAVA CLASSES INCLUDED IN GRAPHQL BUILDS

In the Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.0 and 4.0.2 releases, the `vertx-web-graphql` dependency was not usable. This was because an incomplete build of GraphQL Java with version 16.1.0.redhat-00001 was used. In the incomplete GraphQL build, the Guava classes were missing.

This issue is resolved in the Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release. The release includes the GraphQL Java 16.1.0.redhat-00002 version, which is a complete build with Guava classes. These Guava classes are shaded into the jar.

5.2. VERTX-OPENTRACING AVAILABLE IN ECLIPSE VERT.X BUILDS

The `vertx-opentracing` dependency was introduced as a Technical Preview feature in Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.0. However, the dependency was not available in Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.0 and 4.0.2 releases.

This issue is resolved in Eclipse Vert.x 4.0.3 release. The release includes the `vertx-opentracing` dependency.
CHAPTER 6. KNOWN ISSUES

6.1. KNOWN ISSUES IN THE 4.2 RELEASE

This section describes the known issues in Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.

6.1.1. Tokens issued by RH-SSO result in OAuth2 validation failures after migrating to Eclipse Vert.x 4.2

Description
If you are using Red Hat Single Sign-On (RH-SSO) as an identity provider, tokens that were valid in earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x will fail validation checks when you migrate to Eclipse Vert.x 4.2.

Cause
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, OAuth2 authentication provides stricter security validation than earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x.

Workaround
By default, RH-SSO issues tokens with the account audience rather than the client ID. If you are using RH-SSO as an identity provider, after you migrate to Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, you must explicitly add the account audience and the client ID to the JWTOptions configuration to ensure that tokens are successfully validated.

6.1.2. JDBCClient error when searching table data by ROWID

Description
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, the vertx-jdbc-client with the Oracle JDBC driver throws a java.sql.SQLException when attempting to retrieve table data by using the ROWID.

Cause
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, the ROWID is now available as an array of bytes. In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, the ROWID was available as a string type.

Workaround
Cast the row ID to an array of bytes and create a new ROWID object from this array.
For example:

```java
ROWID rowid = new ROWID(updateResultAsyncResult.result().getKeys().getString(0).getBytes());
```

6.1.3. JDBCPool error when parsing ROWID

Description
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, the JDBC pool throws a java.lang.UnsupportedOperationException when attempting to parse the ROWID.

Cause
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, the ROWID cannot be parsed directly as an array of bytes. In earlier releases of Eclipse Vert.x, the ROWID could be parsed as a string type.

Workaround
Use the getValue() method to retrieve the row ID as an object, and cast this object to an array of bytes.
For example:
6.1.4. Unexpected results in stored procedure calls when using a PostgreSQL JDBC driver 9.0 or later

Description
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, the vertx-jdbc-client with a PostgreSQL JDBC driver 9.0 or later produces unexpected results in stored procedure calls.

Cause
In Eclipse Vert.x 4.2, the vertx-jdbc-client does not currently support the explicit SQL type information that modern PostgreSQL database drivers and servers require when executing callable statements.

Workaround
Use a PostgreSQL JDBC driver version earlier than 9.0.

6.2. KNOWN ISSUES IN EARLIER 4.X RELEASES

This section describes known issues from earlier Eclipse Vert.x 4.x releases.

6.2.1. KubernetesServiceImporter() cannot be directly registered in Eclipse Vert.x Reactive Extensions (Rx)

Description
You cannot directly register KubernetesServiceImporter() with the Reactive Extensions (Rx) for Eclipse Vert.x.

Cause
Service importers do not have a generated RxJava 2 implementation.

Workaround
You must create an instance of KubernetesServiceImporter and encapsulate it with {@link io.vertx.reactivex.servicediscovery.spi.ServiceImporter} as shown in the following example:

```
{@link examples.RxServiceDiscoveryExamples#register(io.vertx.reactivex.servicediscovery.ServiceDiscovery)}
```

The following example shows how to register KubernetesServiceImporter() in Eclipse Vert.x Reactive Extensions (Rx).

```
ServiceDiscovery discovery = ServiceDiscovery.create(vertx);
discovery.getDelegate().registerServiceImporter(new KubernetesServiceImporter(), new JsonObject());
```

6.2.2. Red Hat AMQ Streams images are not available for IBM Z and IBM Power Systems

The Red Hat AMQ Streams Operator and Kafka images are not available for IBM Z and IBM Power Systems. Since the images are not available, the vertx-kafka-client module is not certified to work with AMQ Streams on IBM Z and IBM Power Systems.
6.2.3. Connection between a RHEL 8-based database application and a RHEL 7-based MySQL 5.7 database fails due to TLS protocol version mismatch

Description

Attempting to open a TLS-secured connection using OpenSSL between an application container built on a RHEL 8-based OpenJDK builder image and a database container built on a RHEL 7-based MySQL 5.7 container image results in a connection failure due to a `javax.net.ssl.SSLHandshakeException` at runtime: For more detail, view the issue in JIRA.

```
Caused by: javax.net.ssl.SSLHandshakeException: No appropriate protocol (protocol is disabled or cipher suites are inappropriate)
```

Cause

The issue occurs due to a difference in the latest supported TLS protocol version between RHEL 7 and RHEL 8. The TLS implementation on RHEL 7 supports TLS protocol versions 1.0 (deprecated), 1.1, and 1.2. The TLS implementation on RHEL 8 also supports TLS protocol version 1.3, which is also the default TLS version used in RHEL 8-based builder images. This discrepancy may cause a TLS protocol version mismatch between application components while negotiating a TLS handshake, which in turn causes the connection between the application and database containers to fail.

Workaround

To prevent the issue described above, manually specify a TLS protocol version that is supported on both operating system versions in your database connection string. For example:

```
jdbc:mysql://testdb-mysql:3306/testdb?enabledTLSProtocols=TLSv1.2
```

6.2.4. False Connection reset by peer error messages when calling application endpoint

Making an HTTP request on an endpoint of an Eclipse Vert.x application using either the `curl` tool or a Java HTTP client, produces the following error in the logs after each request:

```
io.vertx.core.net.impl.ConnectionBase
SEVERE: java.io.IOException: Connection reset by peer
```

This behavior is caused by the interaction of the Netty application framework and the HAProxy load-balancer used by OpenShift. The error occurs due to existing HTTP connections being re-used by HAProxy without closing. Even though the error message is logged, no error condition occurs. HTTP requests are handled correctly and the application responds as expected.
CHAPTER 7. ADVISORIES RELATED TO THIS RELEASE

The following advisories have been issued to document enhancements, bugfixes, and CVE fixes included in this release.

- RHSA-2022:0737