Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes 4.3

Backup and restore

Backing up and restoring Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes
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Abstract

Describes how to back up the system and restore from a backup.
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You can perform data backups for Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes and use these for data restoration in case of an infrastructure disaster or corrupt data.

You can configure automatic backups for the Central database by integrating with Amazon S3 or Google Cloud Storage. You can perform on-demand backups of the Central database by using the roxctl CLI. You can also back up your Central deployment using RHACS Operator or Helm Chart installation methods.

Depending on your requirements, you can create two types of backups:

1. A backup of the Central database: It includes RHACS configurations, resources, events, and certificates. In an unforeseen incident, such as database failure or data corruption, you can use the backup to recover and restore the Central database to its earlier functional state. Doing this ensures the availability and integrity of essential data, allowing you to continue normal operations without significant disruptions or loss of critical information.

2. A backup of all custom deployment configurations: If you installed RHACS by using Helm charts or the RHACS Operator, you can back up settings, parameters, and customizations specific to your installation. When the RHACS installation gets accidentally deleted, or you need to migrate it to another cluster or namespace, having a backup of the deployment configurations enables a seamless recovery process. In addition, by restoring the custom settings from the backup, you can efficiently reinstate your Central installation’s unique requirements and configurations, ensuring consistent and exact deployment of the system.

Because backup files include secrets and certificates, you must securely store the backup files.

### 1.1. BACKING UP CENTRAL DATABASE BY USING THE ROXCTL CLI

Backing up the Central database is critical to ensure data integrity and system reliability. Regular backups of the database, containing necessary configurations, resources, events, and certificates, protect against database failures, corruption, and accidental data loss.

You can use the roxctl CLI to take the backups by using the `backup` command. You require an API token or your administrator password to run this command.

#### 1.1.1. On-demand backups by using an API token

You can back up the entire database of RHACS by using an API token.

**Prerequisites**

- You have an API token with the Admin role.
- You have installed the roxctl CLI.

**Procedure**

1. Set the `ROX_API_TOKEN` and the `ROX_ENDPOINT` environment variables by running the following commands:

   ```bash
   $ export ROX_API_TOKEN=<api_token>
   ```
| $ export ROX_ENDPOINT=<address>:<port_number>

2. Initiate a backup for Central by running the following command:

   $ roxctl central backup

   You can use the `--output` option to specify the backup file location.

   By default, the `roxctl` CLI saves the backup file in the directory where you run the command.

Additional resources
- System roles

1.1.2. On-demand backups by using the administrator password

You can back up the entire database of RHACS by using your administrator password.

Prerequisites
- You have the administrator password.
- You have installed the `roxctl` CLI.

Procedure
1. Set the `ROX_ENDPOINT` environment variable by running the following command:

   $ export ROX_ENDPOINT=<address>:<port_number>

2. Initiate a backup for Central by running the following command:

   $ roxctl -p <admin_password> central backup

   For `<admin_password>`, specify the administrator password.

   By default, the `roxctl` CLI saves the backup file in the directory in which you run the command.
   You can use the `--output` option to specify the backup file location.

1.2. BACKING UP CENTRAL DEPLOYMENT

You can back up the deployment of a Central instance. This can be useful if you want to migrate central to another namespace or cluster by using the same configuration values.

**NOTE**

Red Hat does not support backing up deployment configurations by using the `roxctl` CLI.
You can use the `oc` or `kubectl` CLI to back up manifests related to your Central instance and restore the configuration.
1.2.1. Backing up deployment using the RHACS Operator

When you use the RHACS Operator to install RHACS, OpenShift Container Platform stores all the custom configuration for your Central deployment within the Central custom resource. You can backup the Central custom resource, the `central-tls` secret, and the administrator password. The `central-tls` secret includes the certificates for authenticating with Secured clusters and signing API tokens.

**Procedure**

1. Run the following command to save the Central custom resource in a YAML file:

   ```
   $ oc get central -n _<central-namespace>_ _<central-name>_ -o yaml > central-cr.yaml
   ```

2. Run the following command to save `central-tls` in a JSON file:

   ```
   $ oc get secret -n _<central-namespace>_ central-tls -o json | jq 'del(.metadata.ownerReferences)' > central-tls.json
   ```

3. Run the following command to the administrator password in a JSON file:

   ```
   $ oc get secret -n _<central-namespace>_ central-htpasswd -o json | jq 'del(.metadata.ownerReferences)' > central-htpasswd.json
   ```

1.2.2. Backing up deployment using Helm

When you use the Helm chart to install RHACS, you store all the custom configuration for your Central deployment within the custom values that you apply to the Helm chart.

You can back up the custom values and save it in a YAML file.

**Procedure**

- Run the following command to back up custom Helm chart values in a YAML file:

  ```
  $ helm get values --all -n _<central-namespace>_ _<central-helm-release>_ -o yaml > central-values-backup.yaml
  ```
CHAPTER 2. RESTORING FROM A BACKUP

You can restore Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes from an existing backup by using the `roxctl` command-line interface (CLI).

Depending upon your requirements and the data you have backed up, you can restore from the following types of backups:

1. **Restore Central database from the Central database backup** Use this to recover from a database failure or data corruption event. It allows you to restore and recover the Central database to its earlier functional state.

2. **Restore Central from the Central deployment backup** Use this if you are migrating Central to another cluster or namespace. This option restores the configurations of your Central installation.

2.1. RESTORING CENTRAL DATABASE BY USING THE ROXCTL CLI

You can use the `roxctl` CLI to restore Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes by using the `restore` command. You require an API token or your administrator password to run this command.

### 2.1.1. Restoring by using an API token

You can restore the entire database of RHACS by using an API token.

**Prerequisites**

- You have a RHACS backup file.
- You have an API token with the administrator role.
- You have installed the `roxctl` CLI.

**Procedure**

1. Set the `ROX_API_TOKEN` and the `ROX_ENDPOINT` environment variables by running the following commands:

   ```bash
   $ export ROX_API_TOKEN=<api_token>
   $ export ROX_ENDPOINT=<address>:<port_number>
   ```

2. Restore the Central database by running the following command:

   ```bash
   $ roxctl central db restore <backup_file>
   ```

   For `<backup_file>`, specify the name of the backup file that you want to restore.

### 2.1.2. Restoring by using the administrator password

You can restore the entire database of RHACS by using your administrator password.
Prerequisites

- You have a RHACS backup file.
- You have the administrator password.
- You have installed the roxctl CLI.

Procedure

1. Set the **ROX_ENDPOINT** environment variable by running the following command:

   ```
   $ export ROX_ENDPOINT=<address>:<port_number>
   ```

2. Restore the Central database by running the following command:

   ```
   $ roxctl -p <admin_password> central db restore <backup_file>
   ```

   1. For `<admin_password>`, specify the administrator password.
   2. For `<backup_file>`, specify the name of the backup file that you want to restore.

2.1.3. Resuming the restore operation

If your connection is interrupted during a restore operation or you need to go offline, you can resume the restore operation.

- If you do not have access to the machine running the resume operation, you can use the `roxctl central db restore status` command to check the status of an ongoing restore operation.

- If the connection is interrupted, the roxctl CLI automatically attempts to restore a task as soon as the connection is available again. The automatic connection retries depend on the duration specified by the **timeout** option.

- Use the `--timeout` option to specify the time in seconds, minutes or hours after which the roxctl CLI stops trying to resume a restore operation. If the option is not specified, the default timeout is 10 minutes.

- If a restore operation gets stuck or you want to cancel it, use the `roxctl central db restore cancel` command to cancel a running restore operation.

- If a restore operation is stuck, you have canceled it, or the time has expired, you can resume the previous restore by running the original command again.
IMPORTANT

- During interruptions, RHACS caches an ongoing restore operation for 24 hours. You can resume this operation by executing the original restore command again.
- The `--timeout` option only controls the client-side connection retries and has no effect on the server-side restore cache of 24 hours.
- You cannot resume restores across Central pod restarts.
- If a restore operation is interrupted, you must restart it within 24 hours and before restarting Central, otherwise RHACS cancels the restore operation.

2.2. RESTORING CENTRAL DEPLOYMENT USING THE ROXCTL CLI

You can restore your Central deployment to its original configuration by using the backups you made.

You must first restore certificates by using the `roxctl` CLI, and then restore the Central deployment by running the Central installation scripts.

2.2.1. Restore certificates using the roxctl CLI

Use the `roxctl` CLI to generate Kubernetes manifests to install the RHACS Central component to your cluster. Doing this allows you to ensure that authentication certificates for Secured clusters and the API tokens remain valid for the restored version. If you backed up another instance of RHACS Central, you can use the certificate files from that backup.

NOTE

With the `roxctl` CLI, you can not restore the entire Central deployment. Instead, first you use the `roxctl` CLI to generate new manifests using the certificates in your central data backup. Afterwards, you use those manifests to install Central.

Prerequisites

- You must have the Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes backup file.
- You must have installed the `roxctl` CLI.

Procedure

1. Run the interactive install command:

   ```
   $ roxctl central generate interactive
   ```

2. For the following prompt, enter the path of the Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes backup file:

   ```
   Enter path to the backup bundle from which to restore keys and certificates (optional): _<backup-file-path>_
   ```

3. For other following prompts, press **Enter** to accept the default value or enter custom values as required.
On completion, the interactive install command creates a folder named `central-bundle`, which has the necessary YAML manifests and scripts to deploy Central.

2.2.2. Running the Central installation scripts

After you run the interactive installer, you can run the `setup.sh` script to install Central.

**Procedure**

1. Run the `setup.sh` script to configure image registry access:

   ```bash
   $ ./central-bundle/central/scripts/setup.sh
   ```

2. Create the necessary resources:

   ```bash
   $ oc create -R -f central-bundle/central
   ```

3. Check the deployment progress:

   ```bash
   $ oc get pod -n stackrox -w
   ```

4. After Central is running, find the RHACS portal IP address and open it in your browser. Depending on the exposure method you selected when answering the prompts, use one of the following methods to get the IP address.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure method</th>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Example</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Route</td>
<td><code>oc -n stackrox get route central</code></td>
<td>The address under the HOST/PORT column in the output</td>
<td><a href="https://central-stackrox.example.route">https://central-stackrox.example.route</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Node Port</td>
<td><code>oc get node -owide</code> &amp; <code>oc -n stackrox get svc central-loadbalancer</code></td>
<td>IP or hostname of any node, on the port shown for the service</td>
<td><a href="https://198.51.100.0:31489">https://198.51.100.0:31489</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load Balancer</td>
<td><code>oc -n stackrox get svc central-loadbalancer</code></td>
<td>EXTERNAL-IP or hostname shown for the service, on port 443</td>
<td><a href="https://192.0.2.0">https://192.0.2.0</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NOTE

If you have selected autogenerated password during the interactive install, you can run the following command to see it for logging into Central:

$ cat central-bundle/password

2.3. RESTORE CENTRAL DEPLOYMENT USING THE RHACS OPERATOR

You can restore your Central deployment to its original configuration by using the RHACS Operator. To successfully restore, you need the backup of your Central custom resource, `central-tls`, and the administrator password.

Prerequisites

- You must have the `central-tls` backup file.
- You must have the Central custom resource backup file.
- You must have the administrator password backup file.

Procedure

1. Use the `central-tls` backup file to create resources:

   $ oc apply -f central-tls.json

2. Use the `central-htpasswd` backup file to create secrets:

   $ oc apply -f central-htpasswd.json

3. Use the `central-cr.yaml` file to create the Central deployment:

   $ oc apply -f central-cr.yaml

2.4. RESTORE CENTRAL DEPLOYMENT USING HELM

You can restore your Central deployment to its original configuration by using Helm. To successfully restore, you need the backup of your Central custom resource, the `central-tls` secret, and the administrator password.

Prerequisites

- You must have the Helm values backup file.
- You must have a Red Hat Advanced Cluster Security for Kubernetes backup file.
- You must have installed the `roxctl` CLI.

Procedure

$ cat central-bundle/password
$ oc apply -f central-tls.json
$ oc apply -f central-htpasswd.json
$ oc apply -f central-cr.yaml
CHAPTER 2. RESTORING FROM A BACKUP

1. Generate \texttt{values-private.yaml} from the RHACS database backup file:

   $ \texttt{roxctl central generate k8s pvc --backup-bundle _<path-to-backup-file>_ --output-format "helm-values"}

2. Run the \texttt{helm install} command and specify your backup files:

   $ \texttt{helm install -n stackrox --create-namespace stackrox-central-services rhacs/central-services -f central-values-backup.yaml -f central-bundle/values-private.yaml}

2.5. RESTORING CENTRAL TO ANOTHER CLUSTER OR NAMESPACE

You can use the backups of the RHACS Central database and the deployment to restore Central to another cluster or namespace.

The following list provides a high-level overview of installation steps:

1. Depending upon your installation method, you must first restore Central deployment by following the instructions in the following topics:

   \begin{itemize}
   \item \textbf{IMPORTANT}
   \begin{itemize}
   \item Make sure to use the backed-up Central certificates so that secured clusters and API tokens issued by the old Central instance remain valid.
   \item If you are deploying to another namespace, you must change the namespace in backed-up resources or commands.
   \end{itemize}
   \end{itemize}

   \begin{itemize}
   \item \textbf{Restoring Central deployment using the \texttt{roxctl} CLI}
   \item \textbf{Restore Central deployment using the RHACS Operator}
   \item \textbf{Restore Central deployment using Helm}
   \end{itemize}

2. Restore Central database by following the instruction in the \textbf{Restoring Central database by using the \texttt{roxctl CLI} topic.}

3. If you have an external DNS entry pointing to your old RHACS Central instance, you must reconfigure it to point to the new RHACS Central instance that you create.