



Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes 2.10

Health metrics

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Abstract

Read more to learn about metrics and monitoring across your clusters and components.

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CHAPTER 1. HEALTH METRICS

You can use metrics to monitor the health of your components.

See the following documentation:

- [Using the metrics service](#)

1.1. USING THE METRICS SERVICE

You can use metrics to monitor component health across Red Hat Advanced Cluster Management for Kubernetes. Many custom metrics are documented in the [Metrics chronicle overview](#).

1.1.1. Accessing the hub cluster metrics service

To view the collected metrics, you must expose the metrics service on the hub cluster. If your metrics are already exposed in the Grafana dashboard, this procedure is optional.

From the OpenShift Container Platform console, find the metrics service. Click **Observe > Metrics**.

If you do not see the metrics in the Grafana dashboard, Grafana Explorer, or in the OpenShift Container Platform console, Prometheus might not be configured to scrape metrics. Continue with *Scraping with Prometheus* to expose your metrics.

1.1.2. Scraping with Prometheus

You can use Prometheus to expose metrics that are not exposed from the product console. See the procedures for both the hub and managed cluster metrics.

1.1.2.1. Scraping the hub cluster

See the following procedure to expose metrics for the hub cluster. These files are within the **openshift-monitoring** namespace:

1. Create a **ServiceMonitor** for collecting services and exposing metrics. See the following YAML example:

```
apiVersion: monitoring.coreos.com/v1
kind: ServiceMonitor
metadata:
  name: hub-subscription-metrics
  namespace: openshift-monitoring
spec:
  endpoints:
    - port: metrics
  namespaceSelector:
    matchNames:
      - open-cluster-management
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: hub-subscription-metrics
```

2. Run the following command to apply the file:

```
oc apply -f
```

3. Create a **Role** for setting the permissions for monitoring. See the following YAML file:

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: Role
metadata:
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring
  namespace: open-cluster-management
rules:
- apiGroups:
  - ""
  resources:
  - services
  - endpoints
  - pods
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch
- apiGroups:
  - extensions
  resources:
  - ingresses
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch
- apiGroups:
  - networking.k8s.io
  resources:
  - ingresses
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch
```

4. Run the following command to apply the file:

```
oc apply -f
```

5. Create a **RoleBinding** for binding the role to the Prometheus monitoring **ServiceAccount**, as it is in the following example:

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring-binding
  namespace: open-cluster-management
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: Role
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring
subjects:
```



```
- kind: ServiceAccount
  name: prometheus-k8s
  namespace: monitoring
```

6. Run the following command to apply the file:

```
oc apply -f
```

7. To verify, run the following query in the dashboard to find metrics that are reported by the Subscription Operator Metrics Service:

```
{service="hub-subscription-metrics"}
```

1.1.2.2. Scraping the managed cluster

See the following procedure to expose metrics for managed clusters. These files are within the **openshift-monitoring** namespace:

1. Create a **ServiceMonitor** for collecting services exposing metrics. See the following YAML file example:

```
apiVersion: monitoring.coreos.com/v1
kind: ServiceMonitor
metadata:
  name: mc-subscription-metrics
  namespace: openshift-monitoring
spec:
  endpoints:
    - port: metrics
  namespaceSelector:
    matchNames:
      - open-cluster-management-agent-addon
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: mc-subscription-metrics
```

2. Run the following command to apply your file:

```
oc apply -f
```

3. Create a **Role** for setting the permissions for monitoring. See the following YAML file example:

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: Role
metadata:
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring
  namespace: open-cluster-management-agent-addon
rules:
  - apiGroups:
      - ""
    resources:
      - services
      - endpoints
      - pods
```

```
verbs:
- get
- list
- watch
- apiGroups:
- extensions
resources:
- ingresses
verbs:
- get
- list
- watch
- apiGroups:
- networking.k8s.io
resources:
- ingresses
verbs:
- get
- list
- watch
```

4. Run the following command to apply the file:

```
oc apply -f
```

5. Create a **RoleBinding** for binding the **Role** to the Prometheus monitoring **ServiceAccount**:

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring-binding
  namespace: open-cluster-management-agent-addon
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: Role
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring
subjects:
- kind: ServiceAccount
  name: prometheus-k8s
  namespace: monitoring
```

6. Run the following command to apply the file:

```
oc apply -f
```

7. Verify in the **Prometheus** dashboard by running the following query to find metrics that are reported by the Subscription Operator Metrics Service:

```
{service="mc-subscription-metrics"}
```

1.1.3. Scraping the standalone cluster

1. Create a **ServiceMonitor** for collecting services exposing metrics:

```

apiVersion: monitoring.coreos.com/v1
kind: ServiceMonitor
metadata:
  name: standalone-subscription-metrics
  namespace: openshift-monitoring
spec:
  endpoints:
    - port: metrics
  namespaceSelector:
    matchNames:
      - open-cluster-management
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: standalone-subscription-metrics

```

2. Create a **Role** for setting the permissions for monitoring:

```
oc apply -f
```

```

apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: Role
metadata:
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring
  namespace: open-cluster-management
rules:
- apiGroups:
  - ""
  resources:
  - services
  - endpoints
  - pods
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch
- apiGroups:
  - extensions
  resources:
  - ingresses
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch
- apiGroups:
  - networking.k8s.io
  resources:
  - ingresses
  verbs:
  - get
  - list
  - watch

```

3. Create a **RoleBinding** for binding the **Role** to the Prometheus monitoring **ServiceAccount**. See the following YAML file example:

```
■
```

```
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring-binding
  namespace: open-cluster-management
roleRef:
  apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
  kind: Role
  name: prometheus-k8s-monitoring
subjects:
- kind: ServiceAccount
  name: prometheus-k8s
  namespace: monitoring
```

4. Run the following command to apply the file:

```
oc apply -f
```

5. Verify in the **Prometheus** dashboard by running the following query to find metrics that are reported by the Subscription Operator Metrics Service:

```
{service="standalone-subscription-metrics"}
```